	EY COMP_TYPE	DESCRIPTION	STREET_NO STREET_NAPE
BR890386	BREC	02/16/1989 05/03/1989 10 YR. RECERT. VARIETY HOTEL 5 STY.	1700 ALTON RD 1
BA909957	AUTOPROJ	06/29/1989 4TON COOL ONLY	1700 ALTON RD 1
BM890871	MECH	06/29/1989 06/29/1989 4TON COOL ONLY	1700 ALTON RD 1
BA914266	AUTOPROJ	11/02/1989 PM - TRASH & DEBRIS AT REAR OF BLDG	1700 ALTON RD 1
BA913742	AUTOPROJ	11/21/1989 11/29/1989 ANNUAL FIRE INSPECTION	1700 ALTON RD 1
BS890491	SBUIL	12/29/1989 12/29/1989	1700 ALTON RD 1
BA905355	AUTOPROJ	05/03/1990 01/17/1990 OPERATING A MECHANICAL BUS	1700 ALTON RD 1
BM901089	MECH	09/04/1990 09/04/1990 INST 5T SYS	1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS10264	BMISC	12/12/1990 12/12/1990 15 XEROX COPIES-BUILDING CARD	1700 ALTON RD 1
BC910448	BCOMPL	08/27/1991 08/27/1991 ELEVATOR WORKS HALF THE TIME	1700 ALTON RD 1
BP920219	BPLUM	12/11/1991 12/11/1991 FIRE SPRINKLERS	1700 ALTON RD 1
BC920462	BCOMPL	08/05/1992 ILLEGAL UNIT FOR INSPECTION	1700 ALTON RD 1
BC930248	BCOMPL	02/25/1993 PLUMBING WK W/O PERMIT OR GREASE TRAP	1700 ALTON RD 1
BC930265	BCOMPL	03/08/1993 03/08/1993 PLUMBING WK INTERIOR W/O PERMIT	1700 ALTON RD 1
BM930572	ВМЕСН	03/25/1993 03/25/1993 INST SUPPLY FAN AND TYPE B FLUE PIPE	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE931071	BELEC	06/22/1993 06/22/1993 MOTORS,OUTLETS (KITCHEN HOOD)	1700 ALTON RD 1
BM931002	BMECH	07/08/1993 07/08/1993 INST FIRE SUPP SYS	1700 ALTON RD 1
BR940115	BREC	10/08/1993 BUILDING RECERTIFICATION	1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS40214	BMISC	11/09/1993 11/09/1993 BUILDING CARD PHOTOCOPIES (12)	1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS40696	BMISC	02/25/1994 02/25/1994 BUILDING CARD PHOTOCOPIES (14)	1700 ALTON RD 1
BS941613	BSBUILD	03/18/1994 03/18/1994 INT.PRTNS/SRVC.COUNTER/DSPLY.CASES(COMM)	1700 ALTON RD 1
BP941271	BPLUM	04/15/1994 04/15/1994 PLUMBING FOR COFFEE SHOP	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE941036	BELEC	05/04/1994 05/04/1994 OUTLETS SERVICE 200 AMP W/H,FIXTURES	1700 ALTON RD 1
BP941489	BPLUM	05/31/1994 05/31/1994 RELOCATE 7 FIRE SPRINKLERS	1700 ALTON RD 1
BP960031	BPLUM	10/11/1995 10/11/1995 NAT GAS PIPING	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9601669	BSBUILD	04/12/1996 04/12/1996 PARTIAL DEMOLITION PERMIT FOR INTERIOR	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9602906	BSBUILD	08/01/1996 08/01/1996 INSTALL REVERSE CHANNEL LETTERS	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9603197	BSBUILD	08/27/1996 08/27/1996 CNCRT RPRS TO EXST INTERIOR BEAMS & CLMS	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9603265	BUILD	09/04/1996 INTERIOR FINISH FOR RESTAURANT	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9802995	BSBUILD	07/07/1998 07/07/1998 INTERIOR PARTITIONS CASE #J98F0047	1700 ALTON RD 1
B9900122	BSBUILD	10/09/1998 11/02/1998 ISNTALL STRFRT/ENTRANCE DOORS/FIXED GLAS	1700 ALTON RD 1
39900304	BSBUILD	10/27/1998 11/02/1998 INSTALL STORM SHUTTERS.	1700 ALTON RD 1
39901284	BSBUILD	01/19/1999 01/20/1999 REPAIR/REPLACE SHEET ROCK	1700 ALTON RD 1
3MS99851	BMISC	03/12/1999 03/12/1999 ELECTRICAL RECONNECTION (TURN-ON)	1700 ALTON RD 1
3M990476	BMECH	03/15/1999 03/15/1999 INSTALL 5T SPLIT/10 KW/DUCT WORK	1700 ALTON RD 1
39902100	BSBUILD	03/17/1999 03/17/1999 EXTERIOR PAINTING	1700 ALTON RD 1
3CO99122	BCOCC	03/29/1999 05/27/1999 CO: RESTAURANT TO RETAIL(CHANGE OF USE)	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE991364	BELEC	04/07/1999 04/08/1999 EMERGENCY LIGHTS AND A/C ELECT CONNCTN	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE991643		05/12/1999 05/12/1999 ELECTRICAL LIGHT FIXTURES	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE991671		05/17/1999 05/17/1999 RPLC 1 STROBE/ADD 2 DEVI FOR FIRE ALARM	1700 ALTON RD 1
0001153	BUILD	12/28/1999 12/28/1999 "BILTMORE DOMICILE"RVRS CHANNEL LTRS ELEC SIGN	1700 ALTON RD 1
0001154	BUILD	12/28/1999 CROSS REF B0001153	1700 ALTON RD 1

NUMBER_KEY	COMP_TYPE	APPLIED APPROVED DESCRIPTION	STREET_NO	STREET_NAPE
BE000538	BELEC	12/28/1999 12/28/1999 ELECTRICSIGN		1700 ALTON RD 1
BV01000467	BVIO	07/13/2001 07/13/2001 WORK PERFORMED WITHOUT PERMITS. PLANS AND SPECIFICATION REQUIRED. DOUBLE FEE & 1		1700 ALTON RD 1
B0103993	BUILD	07/24/2001 08/03/2001 INT REMODELING & INT PAINTING	45/20	1700 ALTON RD 1
B0104048	BSBUILD	07/26/2001 07/26/2001 Int. concrete rpr		1700 ALTON RD 1
BV03000457	BVIO	06/11/2002 06/11/2002 MISCELLANEOUS ELEVATORY VIOLATIONS	. 8	1700 ALTON RD 1
BCO02261	BCOCC	07/25/2002 08/14/2013 C/O for Eye Optical Office	1	1700 ALTON RD 1
B0205247	BUILD	09/24/2002 Individual chnl ltr signs " eye care optical boutique" 16sf "eye desire dr david m roth" 20sf	1	1700 ALTON RD 1
BM030250	BMECH	11/25/2002 11/25/2002 install 5ton split sys-BM990476	The same of the sa	1700 ALTON RD 1
B0404866	BUILD	08/06/2004 08/09/2004 REVERSE CHANEL "TEA FOR TWO" W/ NEON ACCENT STRIPS (ELEC)		1700 ALTON RD 1
BE042700	BELEC	08/09/2004 08/09/2004 REVERSE CHANEL "TEA FOR TWO" W/ NEON ACCENT STRIPS (ELEC)		1700 ALTON RD 1
3M050833	BMECH	05/18/2005 05/18/2005 REPLACES BM030250 INST 5T ST HT	B.	1700 ALTON RD 1
3MS0504218	BMISC	06/29/2005 06/29/2005 3 microfilm		1700 ALTON RD 1
BV05001440	BVIO	08/03/2005 08/03/2005 SPALLING CONCRETE THROUGH OUT THE ELEVATOR SHAFT.		1700 ALTON RD 1
30506396	BSBUILD	09/06/2005 09/06/2005 CONCRETE REPAIRS @ ELEVATOR SHAFT.		1700 ALTON RD 1
3R060047	BREC	10/21/2005 11/15/2006 RECERTIFICATION OF BUILDING 40 YEAR OLD - MIAMI DADE COUNTY CODE Ordinance Section 8-		1700 ALTON RD 1
30603641	BSBUILD	04/27/2006 05/01/2006 RE ROOF BUILT UP ROOFING		1700 ALTON RD 1
3MS0700714	BMISC	12/01/2006 12/05/2006 revision to b0603641 change of tile hanson to monier spanish		1700 ALTON RD 1
80703165	BSBUILD	03/15/2007 04/26/2007 RPLC AWNINGS		1700 ALTON RD 1
V08000357	BVIO	02/28/2008 02/29/2008 N.O.V. ISSUED FOR THE USE OF A "POD" CONTAINER AS A MEANS OF PERMANENT STORAGE. IN A		1700 ALTON RD 1
0802583	BSBUILD	04/01/2008 change of occupancy as per the FBC CH 3. From Residential R2 (apartment unit) occupancy to bus		1700 ALTON RD 1
P081545	BPLUM	08/25/2008 08/25/2008 REPAIR 41' OF EXISTING GAS LINE IN COMMON AREA 1" IN WATER HEATER PERSON IN ALLEY.		1700 ALTON RD 1
V08001001	BVIO	09/03/2008 09/03/2008 NOTICE OF VIOLATION / STOP WORK ORDER ISSUED,		1700 ALTON RD 1
0900643	BUILD	11/13/2008 12/10/2008 Illuminated channel letter " MARIO THE BAKER "/ 28.50 Sq Ft		1700 ALTON RD 1
E090590	BELEC	12/10/2008 12/10/2008 B0900643/ Electrical hook up of illuminated channel letters (MARIO THE BAKER)		1700 ALTON RD 1
0901789	BUILD	02/17/2009 02/24/2009 FABRICATION OF ILUMININATED CHANNEL LETTERS SIGN "VESPA"		1700 ALTON RD 1
E091169	BELEC	02/24/2009 02/24/2009 B0901789/ELE SIGN "VESPA" 32.5SF		1700 ALTON RD 1
0902330	BSBUILD	03/26/2009 CHANGE OF USE FROM RETAIL BAKERY TO 30 SEAT RESTAURANT.		1700 ALTON RD 1
0903118	BSBUILD	05/20/2009 05/22/2009 EXTERIOR PAINTING		1700 ALTON RD 1
V09000827	BVIO	06/02/2009 06/02/2009 STOP WORK ORDER ISSUED,		1700 ALTON RD 1
E101407	BELEC	03/24/2010 05/12/2010 Installation of one set of individual channel letters.		1700 ALTON RD 1
E102284	BELEC	07/02/2010 07/02/2010 Repairs to existing Outlets		1700 ALTON RD 1
P101423	BPLUM	07/06/2010 07/06/2010 WATER CLOSET INST., MOP/SINK P. TROP INST., SINK DRAIN RELOCATE		1700 ALTON RD 1
E102366	BELEC	07/15/2010 07/23/2010 installation of one set of internally illuminated channel letters.		1700 ALTON RD 1
P111252	BPLUM	05/09/2011 05/09/2011 Backflow prevention install same location same model (replacement only).		1700 ALTON RD 1
P111684	BPLUM	07/21/2011 08/11/2011 Rnw BP101423/Wtr closet inst., mop/sink p. trop inst., sink drain relocate		1700 ALTON RD 1
1201165	BSBUILD	12/15/2011 12/15/2011 REMOVE AND REPLACE FABRICS AWNINGS (FABRIC ONLY).		1700 ALTON RD 1
V12000250 E		01/05/2012 01/05/2012 NOTICE OF VIOLATION ISSUED.		1700 ALTON RD 1
		01/27/2012 02/01/2012 Change (1) letter sign LED lighted.		1700 ALTON RD 1
		03/29/2012 03/29/2012 STOP WORK ORDER ISSUED.		1700 ALTON RD 1
		04/17/2012 TO CORRECT BV12000450-UNIT- 1209 , INTERIOR RENOVATION, BUILD SHAFT WALL, NEW DOOR		1700 ALTON RD 1
		04/17/2012 05/25/2012 TO CORRECT BV12000450-UNIT- 1209, INTERIOR RENOVATION, BUILD SHAFT WALL, NEW DOOR		1700 ALTON RD 1
		05/14/2012 09/06/2012 1209 17th STREET, HAIR SALON WITH 5 STATIONS		1700 ALTON RD 1

NUMBER_KEY	COMP_TYPE	APPLIED	APPROVED	DESCRIPTION	STREET NO	STREET NAPR
BV12000699	BVIO	06/22/2012	06/27/2012	N.O.V. ISSUED BECAUSE CONTRACTOR JOHNSON CONSTRUCTION & REMODELING HAS WITHDRA		1700 ALTON RD 1
BP121664	BSUBPLUM			B1203097//replacement of one toilet, lavatory and two shampoo bowls		1700 ALTON RD 1
BE122624	BSUBELEC			B1203097/install spot lights and install light fixtures (2 chandeliers)	40	1700 ALTON RD 1
BE131532	BELEC			Rnw BE121044/ Change (1) letter sign LED lighted.		1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1402216	BMISC	06/11/2014	7778888	1 CD		1700 ALTON RD 1
BV15000517	BVIO	02/21/2015	02/23/2015	NOTICE OF VIOLATION ISSUED.		1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1501226	BMISC	02/24/2015		1 CD		1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1501849	BMISC	04/27/2015		12 MF		1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1501881	BMISC	04/29/2015	į	CD	. 1	1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1501941	BMISC	05/05/2015		CD	The state of the s	1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1502444	BMISC	07/06/2015	ļ	1 CD		1700 ALTON RD 1
BMS1502956	BMISC	09/11/2015		CD		1700 ALTON RD 1



MARLBOROUGH HOTEL PHOTOGRAPH circa 1924 (23)

THE MARLBOROUGH HOTEL aka THE MAYFLOWER HOTEL aka THE VARIETY HOTEL MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA 33139

HISTORIC SITE DESIGNATION REPORT

PREPARED BY:

ARTHUR MARCUS ARCHITECT 1800 NORTH ANDREWS AVENUE #7F FORT LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA 33311

www.arthurmarcus.com

tele: 305-467-6141

PREPARED FOR

AC 1700 ALTON OWNER LLC c/o Adam Verner

JANUARY 25, 2016



HOTEL MAYFLOWER POSTCARD circa 1940 (20)

1700 ALTON ROAD

MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA 33139

HISTORIC SITE DESIGNATION REPORT

PREPARED BY:

ARTHUR MARCUS ARCHITECT 1800 NORTH ANDREWS AVENUE #7F FORT LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA 33311

www.arthurmarcus.com

tele: 305-467-6141

FOR THE

CITY of MIAMI BEACH HISTORIC PRESERVATION BOARD
CITY of MIAMI BEACH PLANNING BOARD
CITY of MIAMI BEACH COMMISSION

PREPARED FOR:

AC 1700 ALTON OWNER LLC c/o Adam Verner 320 Fifth Avenue, Suite 800

New York, New York 10001

JANUARY 25, 2016



HOTEL VARIETY POSTCARD circa 1950's (23)

TABLE of CONTENTS

1.	DESIGNATION REQUEST + PROCESS	4
2.	RELATION TO ORDINANCE CRITERIA	5
4.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES	15
5.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN CURRENT CONDITION	16
6.	PRESENT OWNERS	16
7.	PRESENT USE	16
8.	PRESENT ZONING	17
9.	HISTORICAL BACKGROUND	17
10.	ARCHITECTURAL BACKGROUND	19
11.	PLANNING CONTEXT	21
12.	BIBLIOGRAPHY	22
13.	EXHIBITS	23

I. DESIGNATION REQUEST

The applicant AC 1700 ALTON OWNER LLC requests the designation as an individual historic site of the property containing a five story hotel building located at 1700 Alton Road (the "Property") and amendment of the Land Development Regulations and Zoning Map of the City of Miami Beach (the "City") to reflect historic designation. See Exhibit A - Location Map.

II. DESIGNATION PROCESS

The process of historic designation is delineated in sections 118-591 through 118-593 in sub-part B of the Land development Regulations of the City Code (Chapter 118, Article X, Division 4) An outline of the process is delineated below:

<u>Step One</u>: A request for designation is made either by the City

Commission, The Historic Preservation Board, other agencies and organizations as listed in the Land Development Regulations of the City Code, or the property owners involved. Proposals for designation shall include a completed application for the Planning

Department.

Step Two: The Planning department prepares a preliminary

evaluation report with recommendations for

consideration by the Board.

Step Three: The Historic Preservation Board considers the

preliminary evaluation to determine if proceeding with a

designation report is warranted.

The designation report is an historical and architectural analysis of the proposed district or site. The report:

- describes the historic, architectural and/or archeological significance of the property or subject area proposed for Historical Site or District designation.
- 2) recommends Evaluation Guidelines to be used by the Board to evaluate the appropriateness and compatibility of the proposed Developments affecting the designated Site or District, and

3) will serve as an attachment to the Land Development Regulations of the City Code.

Step Four:

The Designation Report is presented to the Historic Preservation Board at a public hearing. If the Historic Preservation Board determines that the proposed site or district satisfies the requirements for designation as set forth in the Land development regulations of the City Code, The Historic Preservation Board transmits a recommendation in favor designation to the Planning Board and City Commission.

Step Five:

The Planning Board will hold a public hearing the proposed designation, and shall consider the proposed historic designation as an amendment to the Land Development Regulations of the City Code and, subsequently, transmit its recommendation to the City Commission.

Step Five:

The Planning Board will hold a public hearing on the proposed designation, and shall consider the proposed historic designation as an amendment to the Land development regulations of the City Code and, subsequently, transmit its recommendation to the City Commission.

Step Six:

The City Commission may adopt an amendment to the Land Development Regulations of the City Code which thereby designates the historic Preservation site or Historic District after (1) public hearing for a parcel of land less than 10 contiguous acres or after (2) public hearings for a parcel of land which is more than (10) contiguous acres.

III RELATION TO ORDINANCE CRITERIA

- 1. In accordance with section 118-592 in the Land Development Regulations of the City Code, eligibility for designation is determined on the basis of compliance with the listed criteria set forth below.
 - (a) The Historic Preservation Board shall have the authority to recommend that properties be designated as historic buildings, historic structures, historic improvements, historic landscape features, historic interiors

(architecturally significant public portions only), historic sites or historic districts if they are significant in the historical, architectural, cultural, aesthetic or archeological heritage of the city, the county, state or nation. Such properties shall possess an integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling or association and meet at least one (1)of the following criteria:

- Association with events that have made a significant contribution to the history of the city, the county, state or nation;
- (2) Association with the lives of persons significant in the city's past history;
- (3) Embody the distinctive characteristics of an historical period, architectural or design style or method of construction;
- (4) Possess high artistic values;
- (5) Represent the work of a master, serve as an outstanding or representative work of a master designer, architect or builder who contributed to our historical, aesthetic or architectural heritage
- (6) Have yielded, or are likely to yield information important in pre-history or history;
- (7) Be listed in the National Register of Historic Places
- (8) Consist of a geographically definable area that possesses a significant concentration of site, buildings or structures united by historically significant past enter or aesthetically by plan or physical development, whose components may lack individual distinction.
- (b) A building, structure (including the public portions of the interior improvement or landscape feature may be designated historic even if it has been altered if the alteration is reversible and the most significant architectural elements are intact and repairable.

- 2. The property is eligible for designation as an historic site as it complies with the criteria as specified in Section 118-592 in the Land Development Regulations of the City Code outlined above.
 - (a) The Property is eligible for historic designation and in conformance with the designation criteria for the following reasons:
 - (1) Association with events that have made a significant contribution to the history of the city, county, state or nation.

The property was designed by noted local Architect Martin Luther Hampton in 1922 in Miami Beach. Designed in the Mediterranean architectural style, this was the second tallest high-rise hotel building constructed in the City in 1922.

The Building card lists two names for the building in 1922 - the Mayflower Hotel and the Variety Hotel. However in the Polk's Business Directory for 1924 and 1925 the building is listed as the Marlborough Hotel. In the 1926 and 1927 editions of the Polk's Directory it is listed as the Mayflower Hotel.

When constructed this neighborhood was a bit out of the mainstream of the city. However it was located in proximity to the Flamingo Hotel built by Carl Fisher in 1920 as well as close to the Miami Beach terminus of the Collins Bridge, the original vehicular connection to Miami. It was also located near to the future western end of Lincoln Road, although most development at that time on the Road was concentrated towards the eastern end.

By the 1930's this section of Alton Road was developing into one of the major commercial thoroughfares in the City. The corner of Alton and Lincoln Roads - one block to the south of 1700 Alton - was an important corner housing the 3-story Altonia Hotel at the SE corner and the Mlami Beach First National Bank at the NE corner.

One of the city's earliest grocery stores - the Walker-Skagseth grocery store was located on the SE corner of 17th & Alton in a building from the 1920's and which still currently exists and has been renovated as a bank. And the 1950's saw the relocation of the Epicure grocery store from its previous location on Washington Avenue to 1/2 block south on Alton Road.

(2) <u>Association with the lives of persons significant in the city's past history:</u>

The building was designed by Martin Luther Hampton Architect, of whom more is written in section (5)

(3) Embody the distinctive characteristics of an historical period, architectural or design style or method of construction:

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS This hotel building is a good example of the Spanish Meiterrranean style of architecture popular in the 1920's.

The relatively austere original facade treatment contains a limited number of Mediterranean style details, including an articulated corner door surround extending up to and including the corner second floor window. This more detailed door and window surround contrasts nicely with the typical simplicity of the rest of the building as seen in the historic photographs..

In addition there were recessed arches over the first floor windows and doors at both the five story and one story buildings, Above the fifth floor are hipped clay-tile roofs above the building parapets.

The building corner rises into an abbreviated angled corner tower with a higher roof, culminated with a flagpole.

The desire to transform Miami Beach into a Mediterranean city corresponded with the ascendancy of the Mediterranean revival style in Florida. ...It's appearance in Florida was contemporary with the Spanish Colonial style - also popular in the early twentieth century

Spanish Mediterranean architecture was the "style of choice" for the first major boom period in Miami Beach. Its connotation of Mediterranean resort architecture, combining expressions of Italian, Moorish, North African and Southern Spanish themes, was found to be an appropriate and commercially appealing image for the new Floridian seaside resort.

During the mid 1910's through the early1930s the style was applied to hotels, apartment buildings, commercial structures, and even modest residences. Its architectural vocabulary was characterized by stucco walls, low pitched terra cotta and historic Cuban tile roofs, arches, scrolled or tile capped parapet walls and articulated door surrounds, sometimes utilizing Spanish Baroque decorative motifs and Classical elements. Featured detailing was occasionally executed in keystone.

Spanish Mediterranean architecture flourished in Florida in a compressed time period, starting in 1917 when Pittsburgh architect Richard Kiehnel (1870-1944) began designing...Kiehnel was working on El Jardin in Miami (Coconut Grove) the architect Addison Mizner (1872-1933) was designing the Everglades Club in Palm Beach.. A decade and a half later most architects had turned their eyes to what we now call Art Deco..

METHOD of CONSTRUCTION

At the time of its construction in 1922 - 1700 Alton Road (5 stories) was the second tallest structure in the City. it was one of a select group of early high-rise hotels and apartment houses in Miami Beach. In 1922 the only other taller high-rise building in the City was the recently constructed 11-story Flamingo Hotel which had opened on January 1, 1921.

Other notable high-rises built in Miami Beach in the 1920's and designed in the Mediterranean style were constructed AFTER 1700 Alton Road - as follows:

Pancoast Hotel - 1923 - 7 stories Martin L. Hampton Architect

William Penn Hotel - 1924 - 4 stories Harvey & Clarke Architects

Helene Hotel - 1924 - 8 stories Martin L. Hampton Architect

Nautilus Hotel - 1924 - 6 stories Schulze & Weaver Architects

Van Dyke aka Fisher Office Building - 1924 - 7 stories August Geiger Architect

Roney Plaza Hotel - 1925 - 9 stories Schulze & Weaver Architects

Fleetwood Hotel - 1925 - 15 stories Frank V. Newell Architect

Floridian Hotel - 1925 - 10 stories Samuel D. Butterworth Architect

Boulevard Hotel - 1926 - 8 stories William F. Brown Architect

Old Miami Beach City Hall - 1927 Martin L. Hampton Architect

Blackstone Hotel - 1929
B. Kingston Hall Architect

(4) Possess high artistic values: As originally designed this building is a good example of the Spanish / Mediterranean architecture of the 1920's.

In some of these historic photographs the awnings resemble then contemporary views of the Flamingo Hotel, which located two blocks to the south. The Flamingo would have been quite visible from 1700 Alton Road at that time.

It is likely that the original building awnings did not survive the 1926 hurricane and thus were never restored to the building.

(5) Represent the work of a master, serve as an outstanding or representative work of a master designer, architect or builder who contributed to our historical, aesthetic or architectural heritage

'MARTIN HAMPTON ARCHITECT (1891 - 1950) was a noted architect working in south Florida during the 1920's. He was from South Carolina and had been educated at Columbia University in New York City.

After school he had traveled extensively in Spain (together with the Architect V. H. Nellenbogen) and became a master of the true Spanish /Mediterranean style.

He came to Miami in 1914 and adapted the style to the Florida landscape, designing buildings in Palm Beach and Mlami as well as in Miami Beach. After serving overseas in World War I he returned to south Florida.

A rendering of the Roman Pools on Twenty-Third Street in Miami Beach, signed "M. Luther Hampton 1917" also indicates that , as one of his first projects, he remodeled the earlier bathhouse there for Carl Fisher.' (1)

"Hampton had worked with Addison Mizner in Palm Beach during the fist few years of Palm Beach's emergence and then spread the Spanish / Mediterranean architectural style in almost missionary fashion." (7)

'In 1921 Hampton and H. George Fink went to work on George Merrick's Coral Gables development as its first two architects, but Hampton continued to design in Miami Beach, Miami and Palm Beach as well.

In 1922, Hampton remodeled Fink's 1919 Bay Shore Golf Clubhouse in Miami Beach, enlarging it and adding two domes to the roof. This clubhouse was demolished in 1954.' (1) Many of his buildings are listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

MARTIN LUTHER HAMPTON ARCHITECT REPRESENTATIVE PROJECTS INCLUDE:

- * 1700 Alton Road 1922
- * Pancoast Hotel, Miami Beach (demolished)
- * Community Theater on Lincoln Road (1923) (demolished)
- * Good Hotel on the ocean, Miami Beach
- * Sheridan Theater (1937) (demolished)
- * Hampton Court Apts at 2800 Collins Ave (1924)
- * Hampton Hotel at 940 Lincoln Road (1926)
- * Residence at 1820 West 25th Street
- * La Corona 2814 Collins Avenue 1924
- * Helene Apartments 15th Street between Michigan and Lenox Avenues Miami Beach 1921-1973
- * Ocean Spray Hotel 4130 Collins Avenue 1937
- * Congress Building 111 N. E. 2nd Avenue 1923
- * Beach Mansions 2939 Indian Creek Drive
- * Old Miami Beach City Hall on Washington Ave. 1927

(6) <u>Have yielded, or are likely to yield information</u> <u>important in pre-history or history;</u>

As the second tallest building in Miami Beach in 1922, this building plays an important role in developing higher-rise buildings in the early formative years of the City. By the time of this building's construction in 1922 the City of Miami Beach was barely seven years old.

At that time this was the second tallest building in the city, after the Flamingo Hotel. Historic designation of the property and preservation of the building will ensure that the historical record remains intact.

"The city was on the edge of greatness, with much emphasis being put on becoming the country's greatest winter resort." (4)

To better understand the significance of this building, one must place the building into context with what was happening elsewhere in Miami Beach - at that time. The City's recent accomplishments by 1922 included the following:

- * In January, 1920 the first census reported the population had increased to 644 people. (2)
- * 'During the year 1920 the seams (of the City) were bursting loose. The City continued to grow greatly through the Roaring Twenties.' (2)
- * The new county causeway connecting Miami and Miami Beach opened on February 17, 1920. ...
- * The first electric trolley system opened on December 8, 1920 also connecting Miami Beach to Miami and providing local service with 13 stops within Miami Beach. (6)
- * The first automatic telephone system was installed (in 1920) and a Western Union Telegraph Office opened in the little city. (4)

- * The first religious institution which has now grown into the Miami Beach Community Church on Lincoln Road) held its first religious service in the unfinished structure on March 14, 1920. (3
- * Joe Weiss,...opened his own restaurant called Joe's in 1920 with his wife Jennie. This restaurant would become famous as Joe's Stone Crab Restaurant..(4)
 - * As 1920 had begun Miami Beach only had a few small hotel and apartment houses. (2) In 1920 the first major luxury hotel The Flamingo was constructed along Biscayne Bay. It rose to 11 stories and contained 200 rooms and was topped by an illuminated glass dome that could be viewed from way out in the Atlantic Ocean. The Flamingo opened officially on January 1, 1921. (5)
- (7) <u>Be listed in the National Register of</u> <u>Historic Places</u>

This significant historic structure is not located within any of the existing national or local historic districts in the City of Miami Beach.

Although the structure is not presently listed in the National Register of Historic Places, it does appear to have clear potential to be determined to be eligible for historic designation.

(8) Consist of a geographically definable area that possesses a significant concentration of site, buildings or structures united by historically significant past enter or aesthetically by plan or physical development, whose components may lack individual distinction.

Not applicable to an individual historic site designation.

(b) A building, structure (including the public portions of the interior improvement or landscape feature may be designated historic even if it has been altered if the alteration is reversible and the most significant architectural elements are intact and repairable.

While alterations have been made over the years to the building, these alterations are for the most part reversible, since the most significant architectural elements are intact and repairable. However there are no original interiors remaining.

Although the corner door and window surround which originally framed the main entrance to the hotel has long since been removed, it nonetheless can be re-created. However since it is difficult to determine the exact original designs of this door surround from the historic photographs, an approximation of their design will need be accommodated.

The formerly existing recessed arches above the first floor windows and doors can also be restored. However these restored arches may not exactly align with the existing retail shop windows and doors below, based upon renovations which have taken place since 1922.

The roof tiled parapet plus the higher corner roof can also be restored along with the formerly existing flagpole.

A re-interpretation of the original awnings can also be accomplished and installed utilizing more contemporary materials and code compliant awning materials and structures.

IV. GENERAL DESCRIPTION of BOUNDARIES

The property lot size is 100'-0" x 150'-0" located on the northwest corner of 17th Street and Alton Road in the City of Miami Beach.

Folio Number: 02-3234-017-0010

Legal Description: Ocean Beach Fla Sub PB-38; Lot 4 Blk 1

Owner: AC 1700 ALTON OWNER LLC c/o Adam Verner

Sub-Division: Commercial Sub 1st Addition

Lot Size: 15,000 SF

Year Built: 1922

V. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE IN CURRENT CONDITION
The Property contains a five story structure covering almost all of the
property which is located on the northwest corner of 17th Street and
Alton Road in Miami Beach. There is a secondary one-story retail
structure located to the north of the five story portion along Alton Road.
The property currently contains 68 living units plus retail and restaurant
on the first floor and is currently zoned as CD-2.

Formerly existing building decoration has been removed through renovations completed over the years. This includes the corner entrance door and window decorative surrounds plus the arches which formerly existed above the first floor windows and doors on both elevations.

The roofline is notable for the two rows of continuous spanish tile interrupted by the higher corner tower which is also topped with a spanish tile roof..

VI. PRESENT OWNERS

The present Owner of the Property is the Applicant:

AC 1700 ALTON OWNER LLC c/o Adam Verner

who have owned this property since May 20, 2015

VII. PRESENT USE

The original five story hotel building still exists in its essential original form, although some renovations over the years have removed selected historic details. The building has now been converted into 50% residential rental apartments and 50% hotel use on floors 2 through 5. The first floor has been converted for rental retail and restaurant use.

The secondary single story retail building along Alton Road continues to house retail and restaurant uses. According to the Building Card four new stores were constructed on Lot 2 in 1952 after the then existing stores were demolished - also in 1952.

The original corner hotel entrance was changed many years ago and is now located along the 17th Street elevation. The former corner entrance is now the entrance to a retail space.

VIII. PRESENT ZONING

Zoning Classification for this property is: C-PS1- City of Miami Beach

IX. HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

"...as late as 1917, Miami Beach was described as a wilderness. It was a subtropical barrier island comprising three interrelated ecosystems; a beach along the Atlantic ocean-front that merged with the dunes and the remnants of earlier coconut tree plantings; a low scrub forest in the interior; and a belt of mangroves facing Biscayne Bay on its west side." (8)

"By the time the town of Miami Beach was incorporated in 1915, there were three major developers here: the Lummus Brothers at the south end of the peninsula up to about Fifteenth Street; the Collins-Pancoast family north of Nineteenth Street; and Carl Fisher who started with the land in between." (9)

The property at 1700 Alton Road was part of this original land development of Carl Fisher, which stretched from Ocean to Bay and from 15th Street to 19th Street. Lincoln Road was situated across the middle of Fisher's land. "His Alton Beach Realty Company platted it on January 15, 1914 and Fisher laid out Lincoln Road from east to west (ocean to bay) through the center of it." (10)

Until the County Causeway (MacArthur Causeway) was opened in 1920 the only vehicular route to Miami Beach was via the Collins Bridge. The future site of 1700 Alton Road in 1922 was strategically situated at the Miami Beach entrance to the Collins Bridge.

In his development "Fisher was after the new young lions of American industry.." (11) "...Within a decade (after beginning work) Lincoln Road became the cultural and commercial center of Miami Beach.." (12) And 1700 Alton Road was superbly situated to take advantage of its closeness to Lincoln Road.

The end of World War I also spurred development since construction materials might now be more easily obtained. "By 1921 Miami Beach was experiencing a mini-boom. With each day therefore new announcements of record building permits, of new residents and distinguished visitors." (12)

"In 1922 Mlami Beach was growing rapidly. Yet for all the estates being built, as well as apartment houses, cottages and hotels, Miami Beach still retained much of its agricultural roots. In 1922 Miami Beach claimed the largest avocado and mango grove in the world." (13)

"By mid-1922 building records were being shattered. Already additions were being built to the Flamingo and Wofford Hotels." (14)

"When determining where to build his latest hotel, Fisher again chose the bay side of Miami Beach. it was his idea to build hotels in places that were unlikely

to be developed. The oceanside was seen as prime land for estates. And as part of his thinking, Fisher wanted hotels on the bay side because that was where he was conducting his huge boat races and polo matches. The Flamingo, at 15th Street, was at the southern edge of his racing courses: the Nautilus, just above 41st Street, would be on the northern leg." (15)

The location of the new Mayflower Hoel in 1922 just two blocks north of the Flamingo was certainly meant to capitalize upon this west side location which also offered easy proximity to Lincoln Road as well as being located at the western terminus of the Collins Bridge to Miami.

"The rush of progress in 1923 was just the tip of the Boom. What followed in 1924 and 1925 was overwhelming, not only in Miami Beach but throughout the southern half of the state. Miami was transformed from a sleepy little town on the edge of Biscayne Bay into a Magic City of modest skyscrapers and legendary real estate profits.." (16)

"So fast was Miami Beach developing than what was relatively new outlived its usefulness quickly." (17) True even to today.

"The Collins bridge, the link that opened Miami Beach to development, had become a relic in just a dozen years...(17) Partly due to the lack of permanence of a wooden structured bridge and partly due to the susceptibility of the wood pilings to worms and other invasive species.

"The Bay Biscayne Improvement Company, which was building the Venetian Islands, purchased the bridge from the Collins/Pancoast interests and announced plans to construct a new one in its place, a series of 12 concrete bridges linking the islands, the mainland and Miami Beach. By March (1925) Collins' wooden bridge was being dismantled. The (new) Venetian Way opened on February 28, 1926." (17)

Along with all of this construction and development was a rampant speculation in the price of land. Business and development was beginning to fall off slightly - just in advance of the hurricane of 1926 which changed everything. Following is an excerpt of a personal account from the Miami Tribune about impressions of Miami Beach after the great hurricane:

A number of factors led to the decline in the coming years of any advantages formerly attached to the location of 1700 Alton Road.

* The new Venetian Way became more of the slower, local neighborhood road as most traffic now entered Miami Beach via the newer County (MacArthur) Causeway which entered the Beach at 5th Street.

- * In the 1950's the Flamingo Hotel was demolished and replaced by Morton Towers apartment community. This reflected changes over the years to this west side community. Single family homes and estates were replaced by multi-family apartments and condominium buildings. By the 1950's the center of the hotel industry in Miami Beach had shifted to mid-beach.
- * The great hurricane of 1926 changed everything in Miami Beach and is likely the reason for the disappearance of awnings on the building. In all historic photographs ever since of 1700 Alton Road the only awnings are those on the first floor at the retail stores.
- * Today this has again become a prime location. In addition to the easy access to Lincoln Road and the Venetian Causeway, the re-development of the area is expanding to include properties on the east side of Alton Road between 15th and 17th Streets. And the new West Avenue Bridge should soon be under construction.

X. ARCHITECTURAL BACKGROUND

The structure located at 1700 Alton Road in Miami Beach was designed by the noted architect Martin Luther Hampton. It was built in 1922 and is an excellent example of early 1920's Spanish-Mediterranean hotel architecture. It is composed of two parts: a five story hotel and retail building located on the northwest corner of 17th & Alton plus a one story retail building facing Alton Road.

In 1922 this was the second tallest building in Miami Beach. This is likely the oldest surviving mid-rise hotel building designed in this style remaining in the City in its almost original condition, and as such is quite unique.

From original postcards and photographs of the building in the early 1920's - the building presents a rather typically plain facade contrasting with the original more elaborate two-story entrance corner accent surround. With its relatively simple elevations the building itself is a rather modest yet important example of the Spanish / Mediterranean style.

From approximately 1953 through 1974 the name of the building is referred to as the Variety Hotel on the Building Card.

SPANISH / MEDITERRANEAN STYLE ca. mid 1910s - early 1930 "The desire to transform Miami Beach into a Mediterranean city corresponded with the ascendancy of the Mediterranean revival style in Florida. ...It's appearance in Florida was contemporary with the Spanish Colonial style popular in the early twentieth century and evoked notably at San Diego's 1915 Panama-California exposition. "(19)

"Architects and developers working in Florida were quick to see the value of imposing the template of a stylistically unified and regionally appropriate civic art into its growing new cities. The Mediterranean Revival defined the style of the 1920's in Miami Beach, and because it also embodied new planning paradigms, set the stage for the modern city of the next decade." (18)

Spanish Mediterranean architecture was the "style of choice" for the first major boom period in Miami Beach. Its connotation of Mediterranean resort architecture, combining expressions of Italian, Moorish, North African and Southern Spanish themes, was found to be an appropriate and commercially appealing image for the new Floridian seaside resort.

During the mid-1910s through the early 1930s the style was applied to hotels, apartment buildings, commercial structures, and residences. Its architectural vocabulary was characterized by stucco walls, low pitched terra cotta and historic Cuban tile roofs, arches, scrolled or tile capped parapet walls and articulated door surrounds, sometimes utilizing Spanish Baroque decorative motifs and Classical elements. Featured detailing was occasionally executed in keystone.

Application of the architectural vocabulary in Miami Beach ranged from sparing to modestly exuberant, and building massing varied from simple rectangular form to stepped massing with recessed wall planes and tower-like comer features. Wooden casement or double hung windows of several configurations provided additional detail to the facades.

"It was intended largely, to look Spanish, but it wasn't Spanish; it was a composite of Spanish Renaissance, Andalusian Moorish, Tuscan, Venetian, and Roman architectural elements, with allusions to classical Greece, Baroque France and virtually any other place or era that seemed to fit." (3)

"Mediterranean Revival architecture flourished in Florida in a compressed time period, starting in 1917 when Pittsburgh architect Richard Kiehnel (1870-1944) began designing...Kiehnel was working on El Jardin in Miami (Coconut Grove) the architect Addison Mizner (1872-1933) was designing the Everglades Club in Palm Beach.. A decade and a half later most architects had turned their eyes to what we now call Art Deco.." (4)

XI. PLANNING CONTEXT

Cities evolve and change over time due to an array of circumstances. Historic Site designation will aid in the achievement of preserving the character and architectural integrity of historic buildings for future generations, and will help to protect historic buildings, streetscape and open space from inappropriate or undesirable alterations. The review and approval of projects for historic sites under the City's Design Guidelines and the Historic Preservation Ordinance will

ensure smart development which is sensitive to the unique aesthetic character of the sites and respectful of their early origins.

XII. ONE STORY ALTON ROAD RETAIL BUILDING on LOT 2:

From its earliest development - the 5-story 1700 Alton building also had an attached 1-story retail wing along Alton Road. This original wing - as seen in the photograph on page 29 and the historic postcard on page 30 - was originally constructed as a separately elegantly arched facade with five tall arched windows beneath an oversized horizontal building mass. This was crowned with a central raised pediment element with additional raised smaller decorative pediment elements in the postcard. However in the photo on page 28 & 29 it is difficult to ascertain whether all of these decorative elements were ever constructed. By 1963 as seen on page 40 - the one story building had been remodeled into two storefronts.

The note dated November 17, 1952 in the CMB Building Card on page 51 states: "Four new stores on Lot 2, remodeling for five new stores." This remodeling is noted as having been completed by the Architect: T. Hunter Henderson. See page 3. Henderson was a noted architect of his day and completely modernized the facade. He integrated the facade with the modernizing and 'remodeling' of the adjacent five story building - which included the elimination of the recessed arches on the first floor.

Also directly next to this note is another line which states "C.O. 1923." This seems to be the original construction date of this one story building.

In 1952 - it is noted on the Building Card - of 'Wrecking Old Stores 50' back from lot line and the construction of four new stores on Lot 2; remodeling for 5 new stores and 2 offices and new lobby in Hotel building with a new patio. The Architect for these renovations and additions was T. Hunter Henderson, a noted local architect the time. This was likely the time when the entrance to the Hotel was changed from the corner to the middle of the 17th street elevation in order o provide additional retail space fronting Alton Road..



BIBLIOGRAPHY

- (1) Mlami Beach in 1920 by Abraham D. Lavender 2002, The Making of a winter resort, page 63.
- (2) Ibid., page 14.
- (3) Ibid., page 16.
- (4) ibid., page 17.
- (5) Ibid., page 15.
- (6) Ibid., pp. 16-17)
- (7) Inventing Antiquity: The Art and Craft of Mediterranean Revival Architecture by Beth Dunlop, The Journal of Decorative and Propaganda Arts Wolfsonian Florida International University 1998
- (8) The Making of Miami Beach 1933-1942 by Allan T. Shulman and Jean Francois LeJeune, 2000 p. 8.
- (9) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014, page 92.
- (10) Ibid., page 93.
- (11) Ibid., p.92.
- (12) Ibid., pp.93-94.
- (13) Miami Beach: A History by Howard Kleinberg, 1996 p. 82
- (14) Ibid., page 87.
- (15) Ibid., page 91.
- (16) Ibid., page 93.
- (17) Ibid., page 104.
- (18) Ibid., pp. 107 108.
- (19) The Making of Mlami Beach 1933-1942 by Jean Francois LeJeune and Allan t. Shulman, p. 20.
- (20) Postcard courtesy of City of Miami Beach Planning & Zoning Department
- (21) Florida: The East Coast circa 1924 published by the Miami Herald courtesy History Miami.
- (22) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser 2014
- (23) Courtesy History Miami archives



MARLBOROUGH HOTEL PHOTOGRAPH circa 1924 (23)

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT A: HISTORIC DOCUMENTATION	23
EXHIBIT B: AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS & SURVEYS	33
EXHIBIT C: HISTORIC RENOVATION DRAWINGS	39
EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS	41
EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD	50
EXHIBIT F: MARTIN L. HAMPTON ARCHITECT REPRESENTATIVE PROJECTS	62

The Miami News - Mar 24, 1923 Browse this newspaper > Browse all newspapers >

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL MIAMI BEACH

In keeping with our plans for the Summer season, the hotel will be operated on both American and European plans, beginning Monday, March 12.

Attractive outside rooms, each with private bath. Special rates now in effect, with or without meals. Restaurant, a la carte service.

Peter M. Chamberlain

Manager

Frice \$3,500 and Up

TERMS 20% CASH

Balance equal payments—one, two, three and four years, at 7 percent interest.

\$500 Discount If a House Is Erected During 1923

These lots have black soil; under cultivation for past ten years. The most wonderful opportunity ever offered for a homesite.

Miami Beach Improvement Co.

JOHN S. COLLINS, President 207 Twenty-third Street,

THOS. J. PANCOAST, Secy.-Treas.
Phone M. B. 433

EPTIONAL MIRAMAR HOMES AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES





EXHIBIT A: MARLBOROUGH HOTEL ADVERTISEMENT from THE MIAMI NEWS MARCH 24, 1923

EXHIBIT A: COLLINS CANAL LOOKING EAST FROM ALTON ROAD 1916 (DIRECTLY BEHIND FUTURE HOTEL) (23)



293-12 1916 Collins Canal looking East from Alton Road.



EXHIBIT A: MAYFLOWER HOTEL PROMOTIONAL BROCHURE circa 1926

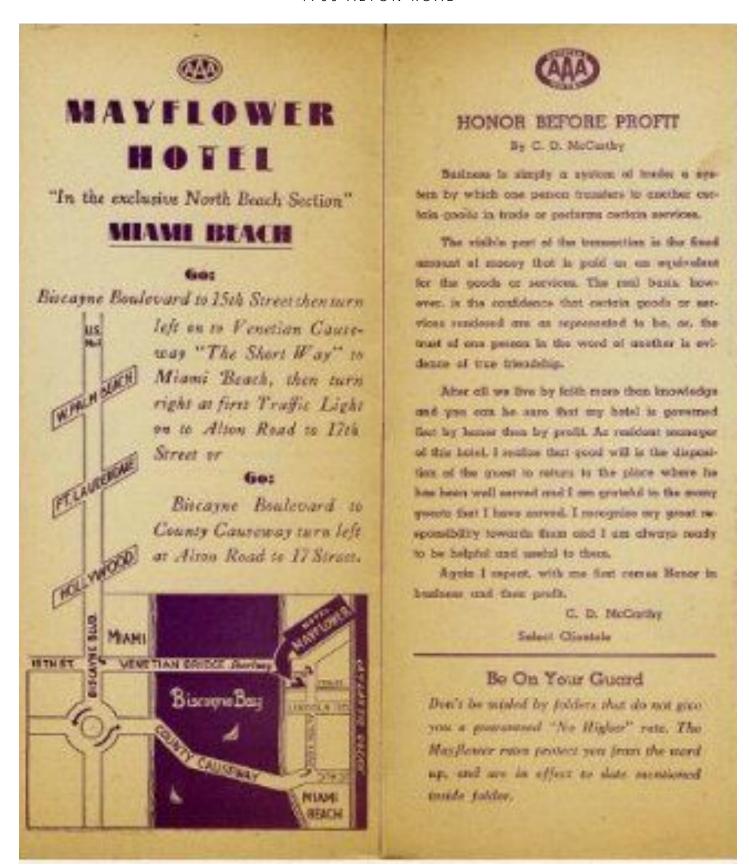


EXHIBIT A: MAYFLOWER HOTEL PROMOTIONAL BROCHURE circa 1926

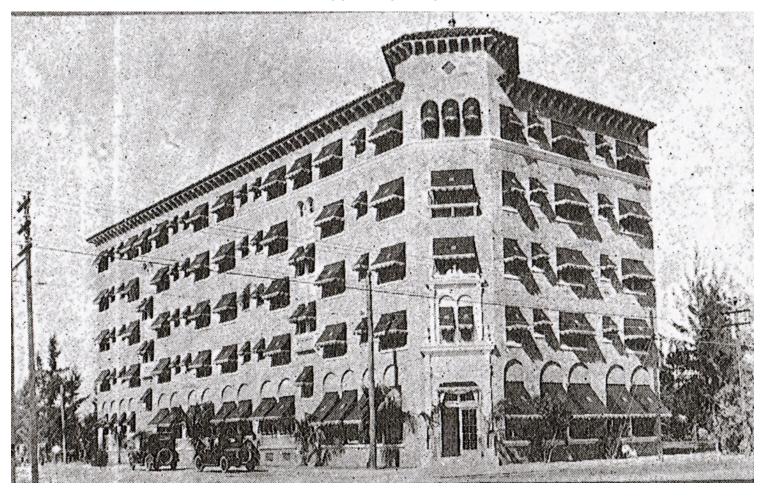


EXHIBIT A: MARLBOROUGH HOTEL PHOTOGRAPH circa 1924 (21)

EXHIBIT A: LOOKING EAST DOWN LINCOLN ROAD FROM ALTON ROAD CIRCA 1930'S W/ ALTONIA HOTEL AT RIGHT (22)





EXHIBIT A: LOOKING SOUTH ON ALTON ROAD FROM DADE BOULEVARD circa 1941 MAYFLOWER HOTEL AT RIGHT (23)



THE MAYFLOWER hotel, Alton road at 17th st., Miami Beach, has been leased to a corporation headed by Samuel G. Jamison, it was revealed by Birn, Berliner Co., Saturday. The lease is for 99 years and the total rent to be paid for the period exceeds \$2.000,000. The ground floor will be converted into store buildings. Details are given in story on this page.

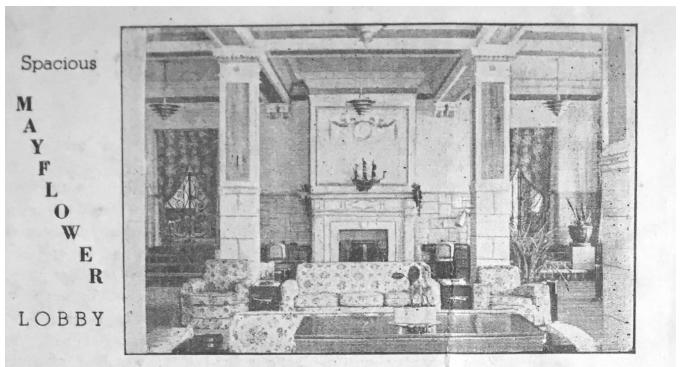
EXHIBIT A: NEWSPAPER ARTICLE FROM THE MIAMI NEWS JUNE 10, 1945: (23)

"THE MAYFLOWER hotel, Alton road at 17th St., Miami Beach has been leased to a corporation headed by Samuel G. Jamison, it was revealed by Birn, Berliner Co. Saturday. The lease is for 99 years and the total rent to be paid of the period exceeds \$2,000,000.00 The ground floor will be converted into store buildings."



EXHIBIT A: ABOVE: HOTEL MAYFLOWER POSTCARD circa 1940 (20)

BELOW: ORIGINAL MAYFLOWER HOTEL LOBBY, circa 1920's







EXHIIBIT A: HOTEL MAYFOWER PROMOTIONAL BROCHURE circa 1930's

EXHIBIT A: HOTEL VARIETY POSTCARD circa 1950's (23)

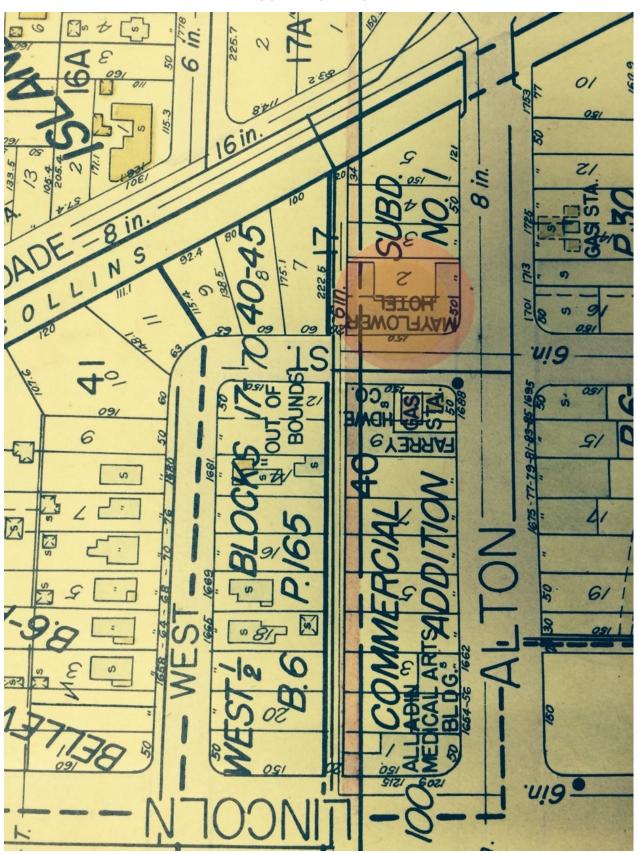


EXHIBIT B: 1935 FRANKLIN SURVEY ATLAS of MIAMI BEACH



EXHIBIT B: 1959 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH courtesy CITY OF MIAMI BEACH PUBLIC WORKS NOTE THAT 17th STREET DID NOT YET CONNECT WITH DADE BOULEVARD AND PROLIFERATION OF SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCES ALONG UPPER WEST AVENUE



EXHIBIT B: 1959 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH courtesy CITY OF MIAMI BEACH PUBLIC WORKS NOTE NEW 17th STREET CONNECTION TO DADE BOULEVARD AND THE VENETIAN WAY



EXHIBIT B: 1994 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH courtesy CITY OF MIAMI BEACH PUBLIC WORKS

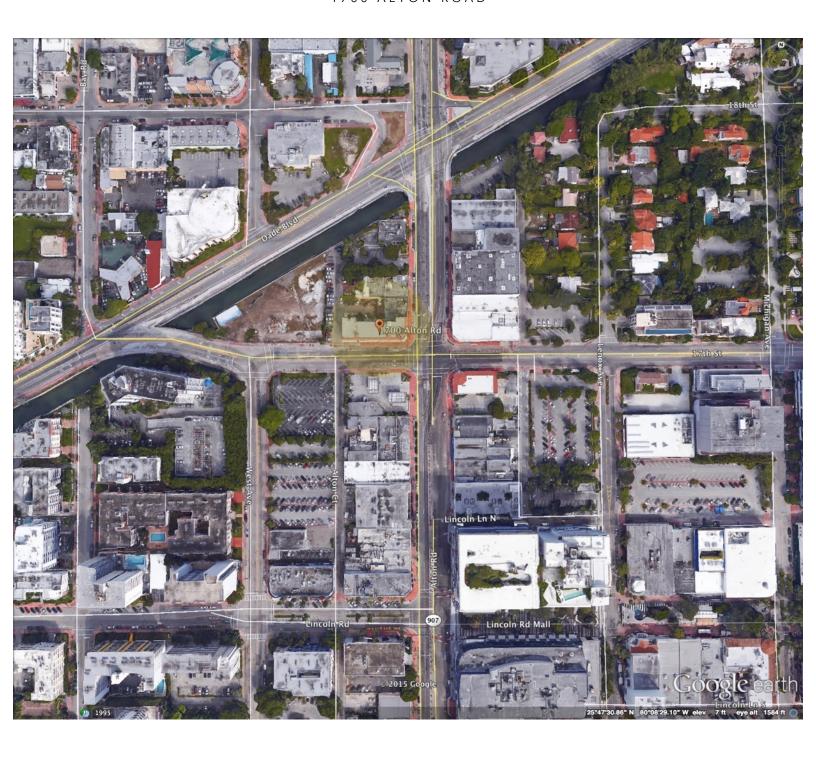


EXHIBIT B: 1994 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH courtesy GOOGLE EARTH



EXHIBIT B: CIRCA 2010 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH courtesy BENCHMARK REALTY GROUP

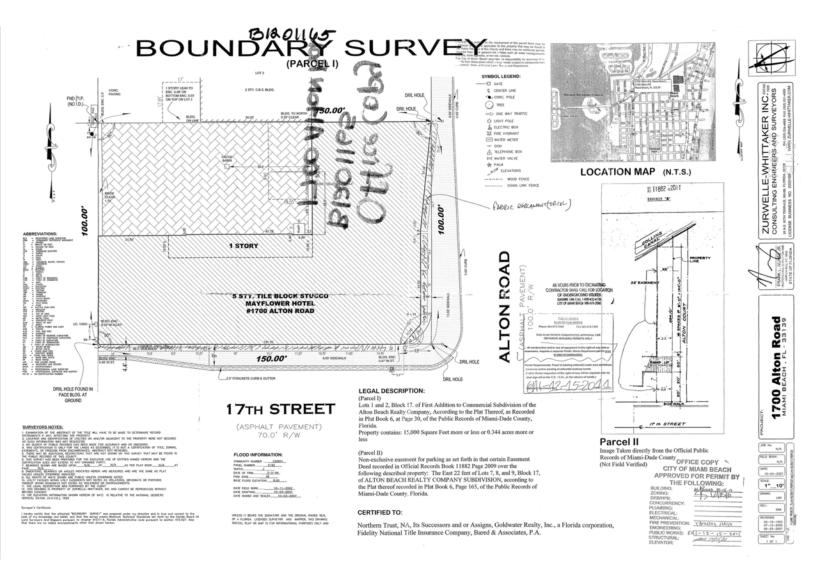


EXHIBIT C: 1952 BOUNDARY SURVEY UPDATED TO 2007

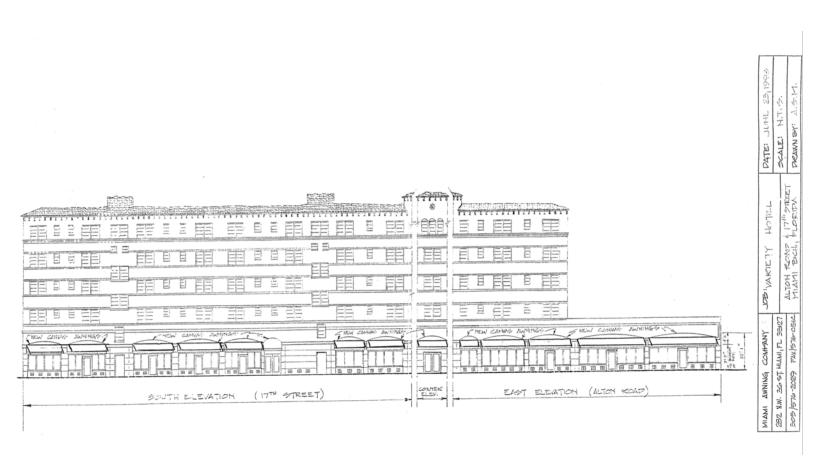


EXHIBIT C: 1993 AWNING RENOVATION DRAWINGS

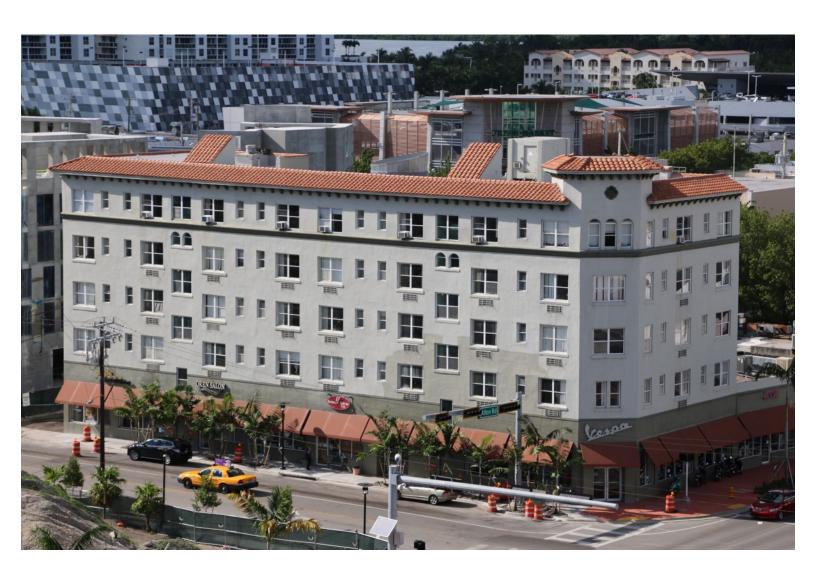


EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS VIEW FROM NEARBY PARKING GARAGE



EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS
STREET CORNER VIEW OF ENTIRE PROPERTY

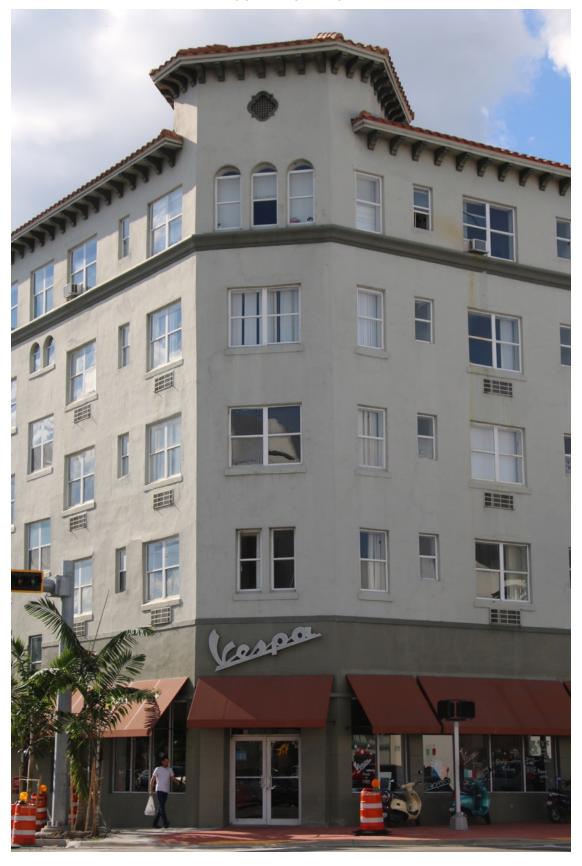


EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS CLOSE-UP STREET CORNER VIEW

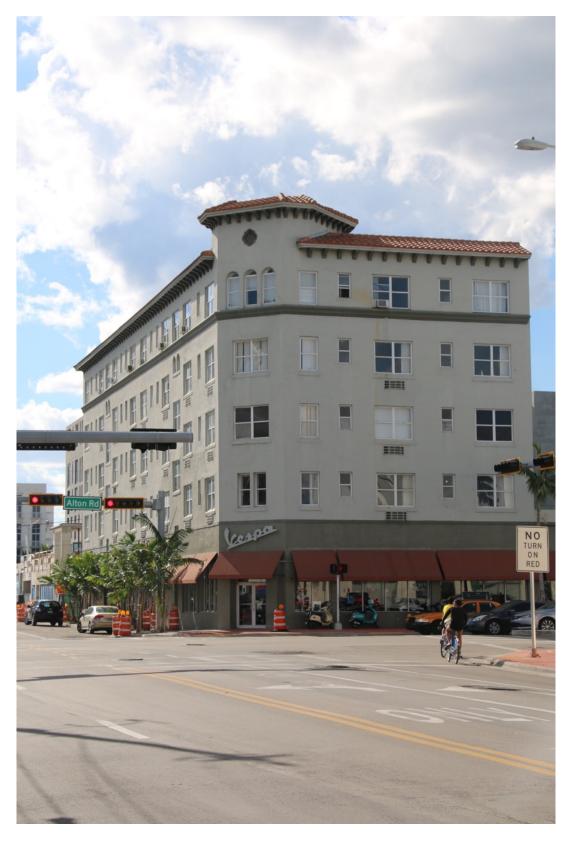


EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS

CLOSE-UP VIEW OF HOTEL BUILDING



EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS
ROOFTOP ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS





EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS

CLOSE-UP VIEW FIRST FLOOR RETAIL STORES
WITH STUCCOED PORTIONS ABOVE STOREFRONTS AT FORMER ARCH AREAS



EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS

SOUTHWEST CORNER VIEW OF HOTEL BUILDING SHOWING REAR (WEST) ALLEY ELEVATION

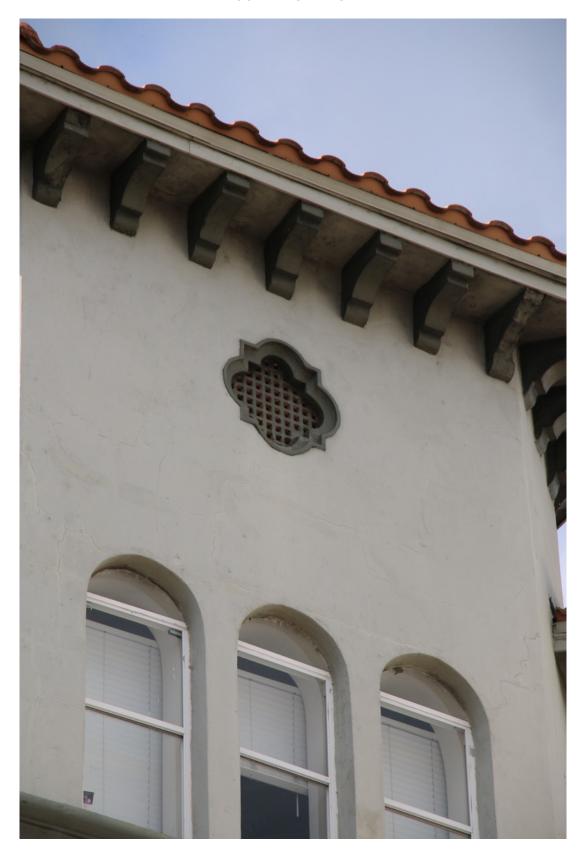


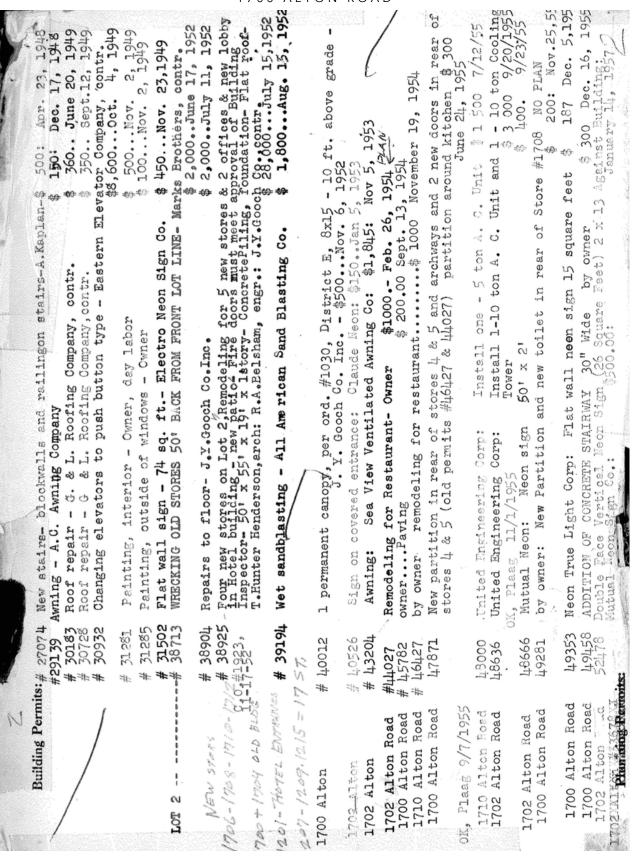
EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS

CLOSE-UP VIEW OF QUATRE-FOIL GRILL AT CORNER ROOFTOP TOWER



EXHIBIT D: CONTEMPORARY PHOTOGRAPHS

Alton Road Alton Road (7.5.7. 1 Otis Elevator 7-00 7-00 Roof Concrete Date Oct. 5, 1922	Date Jan. 27, 1925 Dec, 1925	Date" Dewings 4922	Grease Transfer CRD. #75-34 Drinking FOR CERTIFICATION DATE: 3-2/-5	Date	Date 1 c 30 1922	Date	Det Nov 19 1022	Date nov. +(*	ð , ſ	Date Jan. 2, 1923	
作りるころの	Sewer Connection 1, Temporary Closet. 1,	. 225 Fixtures -	Grease Transfer CRD. #75-34 Drinking FOR CERTIFICATION DA		red		A different	s 1 Fans Temporary Service Centers of Distribution	Sign Outlets	actor McDonald Electric Date of Service	COCCOSTOR CONTRACTOR C
Mailing Address Mailing Address Subdivision Gom Davis S33 on Area t Depth Ropur & H	Bert Gagnon . Mullins	Biscayne Plumbing Co.	Bath Tubs Showers Sinks	Gas Heater	Gas Turn On Approved or Mami Sanatar		Menorald Electric Co.		/17/1924 Refrigerators Irons	Electrical Control L. C. Davis	AL TERATIONS
Owner MAYFLOWER HOLLEL Lot 1 & & Block see over General Contractor Architect Martin L. Zoning Regulations: Building Size: Cerificate of Occupancy Type of Construction	# 150 Plumbing Contractor	Plumbing Contractor	Lavatories Urinals	В	Gas Radiators		AFT. Flectrical Contractor		McDonald Electric:1/17/1924 12 outlets -	No. FIXTURES 300 FINAL APPROVED BY	



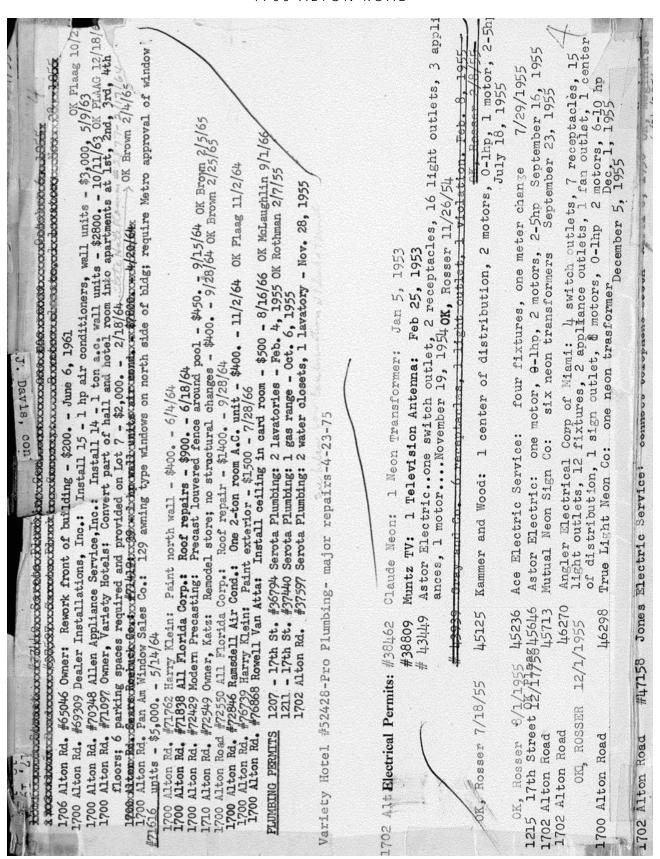


EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 3 d

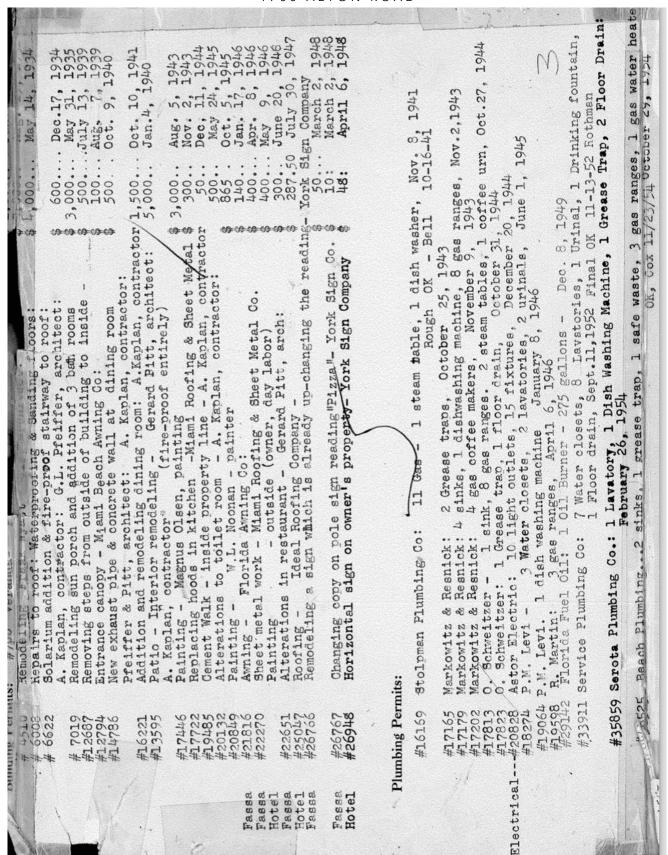
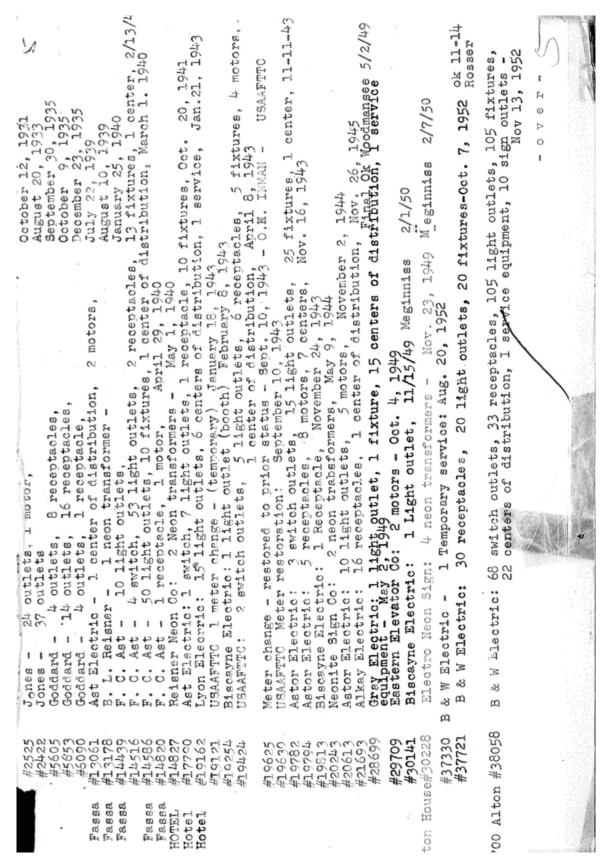


EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 4



1702 Alton Road Sum State Electric: #56/24,1 motor 2-5 HP, 5/12/64 OK Fidler 10/23/63))) 1201 - 17th St. Violation Notice to Variety Hotel - 5/14/63 - propertly whre window type a.c. units; remove extension cords.) 1201 - 17th St. Violation Notice to Variety Hotel - 5/14/63 - propertly whre window type a.c. units; remove extension cords.) 1700 Alton Road #59905 Angler Elec. Corp.: 34 motors, 0-1 hp; 1 meter change; 1 cent. of dist.; 1 serv. equip 7/22/63 1201-17th Street #60276 Angler Elec: 14 motors 0-1 HP-10/23/63 1201-17th Street #60276 Angler Elec: 14 motors 0-1 HP-10/23/63 1708 Attures (22 lamps); 20 appliance outlets; 10/8/64 #65680 Angler Elect. Corp.: 1 motors 2-5 hp 4/22/68 #72081-Miami Beach Electric- violation-r 4-10-75- Variety Hoel	BUILDING PERMITS: #80077 Albo Refrigeraton Service Co.: Install two window units (capacity 33,000) - \$1,000 - 4/12/68 ok #87137 - owner - interior painting DF 12-1-750 \$380.00 7/12/71				
--	---	--	--	--	--

EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 6

ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS

Building Permits:

1702 Alton #53678 Jack Whitman: Removing inside stairway on 1st floor only. Converting 40 hotel rooms to 20 efficiency units. Each of 4 floors will have 5 efficiencies in place of 10 hotel rooms. See plan for exact designations. Potal units after this alteration will be 40 hotel rooms & 20 efficiencies - total of 60 units - \$6000.00 - June 25, 1957 C.O. #3691 Nov. 2, 1959

1700 Alton #54033 Owner: Fartition for office & utility room to be enchored to existing columns - \$150.00

1700 Alton #55921 ABC Neon: 10x2 flat wall neon sign "HOWIES", 20 sq.ft.-\$150.00 - April 18, 1958
1700 Alton #67382 Owner, Variety Hotel: Replace windows on south and east side of building with aluminum awning type; paint
925, and south side of building - \$3,500. - 6/5/62 (Ins.cept.at.to bldg.appl.)

\$400. - 11/28/62 OK Plaag 1/3/ 2 - 1 ton air conditioners -1700 Alton #67645 Owner, Variety Hotel: Repairs to roof - \$300 1700 Alton #68506 Dealer's Installations: 2 - 1 ton air conditi See als

Plumbing Permits:

#43553 Stolpman Plumbing: 1 gas booster, T. D. - 11/21/621700 Alton #44190 Service Plumbing: 4 sinks; 4 gas ranges - 3/10/64 (Bidg. Permit #71097) 1710 Alton #44445 Stolpmann Plumbing: 4 lavatories; 1 water heater, elec. - 10/6/64 OK JENKS/ OK 10/10/58 Rownan #39736 Serota Plbg: 1 Sink, 1 Floor Daain, 1 Safe Waster Drain- Aug. 39953 Serota Plbg: 4 Sinks - Oct. 17, 1957 (Apts. 114, 214, 314, 414) #40816 Serota Plbg: 16 Sinks, 16 gas ranges - 7/29/58 #42779 Serota Plumbing: 1 urinal - Jan. 27, 1961

9-25-57 Fidler OK 1957 Electrical Permits: #50883 Astor Elec: 3 light outlets, 3 fixtures - September 18,

EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 7

748xkitsm #

ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS

\$54400 Variety Hotel 1700 Alton: painting interior and portions exterior\$1,000.00 9/9/57 #06601-A & A Glass Mirror-Plat glass replacement-\$200-12-10-74 1710 Alton Rd. A. & A Glass & Mirror: # replace plate glass - \$175 pg 12/29/67 **Building Permits:**

RESTAURANT OPEN 24 HOURS VARIETY REST. \$350,00 Pino Signs - 2 Flat Wall signs as per plan PEPSI

MORNIS HUSIERY BARN" 30 sq. ft wall, 6/22/ Total Sq. Footage 40' Council Approval 12/15/69 \$ - Nu Art - sign approved by city manager 6/8/70 - Dewey Hawkins - air cond. wind 1-2 HP 12/2/70 #1410 - Dewey Hawkins - air cond. wind 1-2 HP ##84476 - Nu Art - sign approved by

#87551 - A & S Build, Go. - repairs - clean up and patching and painting interior \$10,000.00 9/13/71

- 10 gas stoves 5/19/71 #48422 - Stolpmann Plumb - 10 rgh 10 set sink residence #48566 - Sorota - 10 rgh 10-set sink residence - 7-29-71 Plumbing Permits:

Building Permit 05254-Owner-Partition wall 12' x 13½ each side-\$200-3-25-74

Mechanical 02954-Belcher Oil- 1-560 gal, underground tank-\$300-4-22-74 lumbing-Peoples Gas-meter set(gas)7-26-76

Building Permit 2596-amber Oil Corp. - 1 70 gallons hot water boilers-\$825-5-22-73 #06033-Nu Art Sign-Sign-\$300-8-7-74

Electrical Permits:

#67461 Miami Beach Elec Co: 1 motor 2-5 HP 10/30/69 #68151 - Ocean "lect. Co. - 3 light outlets - 3 fixtures

#70396-Ocean Electric- 3 special purpose outlets-3-7-73

#71583-Tony Bujtas Electric-4 appliance outlets; 1 water heater-9-17-74

#73593-Ocean Electric- repairs-11-2-76

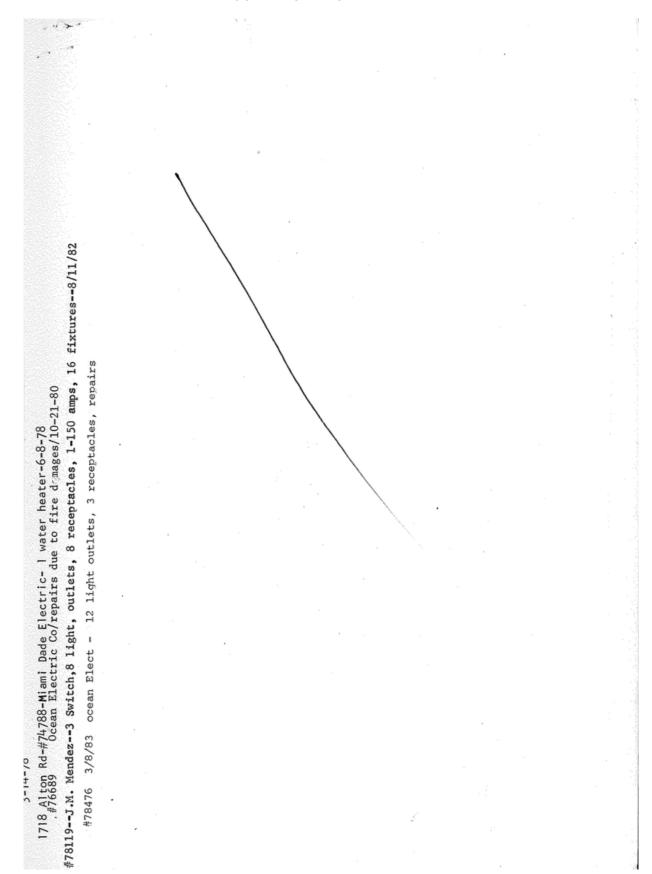


EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 9

8	10 .										
	on Sign & Service:	F. C. Ast: 1 Motor, 1 center of distribution, Sept. 16, 1943 Astor Electric: 3 Light outlets, 3 Receptacles, 3 Fixtures, 3 appliances, 1 center of distribution, August 15, 1944	Astor Electric: 4 Switch outlets, 9 11ght, outlets, 5 receptacles, 9 fixtures. 5 motors. 2 centers of distribution Oct. 14, 104	Neonite Sign Co: 1 Neon transformer, November 15, 1944 Astor Electric: 3 Switch outlets, 5 Light outlets, 2 receptacles,	Astor Electric: 2 centers, 1 temporary, October 17, 1945 Astor Electric: 2 Switch outlets, 4 Light outlets, 2 receptacles, Astor Electric: 8 Light Satistics 8, 1946 Astor Electric: 8 Light Satistics 8 fixtures. October 3, 1946	Astor Electric: 3 Switch outlets, 4 Receptacles, 22 Fixtures, May Astor Electric: 2 Centers of distribution, June 1, 1947 Palm Electric: 6 Switch outlets, 25 Light outlets, 17 receptacles		Claude Neon: 2 Neon transformers, Nov. 8, 1949 Meginniss Astor Electric: 5 Fixtures, Nov. 16, 1949: Meginniss Acme Neon Company: 4 neon transformers, 1 motor- April 26, Gray Electric: 1 switch outlet, 4 receptacles, 5 centers of	Acme Neon Sign Go: 2 neon transformers - Sept. 2, Astor Electric Service Incl: 1 receptacle - 12/12/ Kenny Electric Co: 8 Fixtures, Mar.20,1952 OK- M	Kenny Electric: 3 Switch outlets, 1 Receptacle, 4 Fixtures, Aug. 25,1952 Kenny Electric: 12 Fixtures: Aug. 29,1952 OK 9/2/52 Meginniss Kenny Electric: 5 Switch outlets. 5 light outlets. 5 fixtures: 100,000,000	Edison Neon Sign Jones Electric S Astor Electric:
rmits:	* *	19647	20554	20647	22645	24191 24275 26642	27187 27281 27700	30071 30167 50116824 118824	322 47 35719 36247	37357 37427 38284	01044 72174 0184 10849
Electrical Permits:	chimese Restaurant	George's News	Chinatown Charlie	Chinatown Charlie Chinatown Charlie	Chinatown Charlie Chinatown Charlie #1720	#1716 #1720 #1716	#1716 #1720 #1720	Chinatown Charlle hinatown Charlie Mayflower Bar h£natown Charlle	716 Alton Road 720 Alton Road " News Stand	1720 News stand 1720 Alton Rd 1716 Alton Rd	1716 Alton Road 1700 Alton Road 1720 Alton Road OK,

ADDRESS: [7/6-/790 (Uffer) My IS		
Z 4		
ALTE ALTE 7348 6/3/85 Allco 28 3/13/86 owner front door \$ decorative facia		
#MO73 BUILDING PERMITS #28128 #29038 8/21/86 owner de	PLUMBING PERMITS	ELECTRICAL PERMITS

EXHIBIT E: BUILDING CARD 11

#E8801031 - Ocean Electric - Violation repairs - 6-8-88

ELECTRICAL PERMITS:



MARTIN LUTHER HAMPTON ARCHITECT REPRESENTATIVE PROJECTS:

LEFT: OLD MIAMI BEACH CITY HALLL

RIGHT: HAMPTON COURT APARTMENTS, MIAMI BEACH

BELOW: GOOD HOTEL, MIAMI BEACH PHOTOGRAPHS by ARTHUR MARCUS





ARTHUR J. MARCUS ARCHITECT P.A.

1800 NORTH ANDREWS AVENUE #7F * FORT LAUDERDALE, FLORIDA 33311 * T: 305.467.6141 email:_marcus_a@bellsouth.net * web: www.arthurmarcus.com

AA #26000962

September 25, 2015

Deborah Tackett Preservation and Design Manager CITY of MIAMI BEACH 1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139

Re: HISTORIC RESOURCES REPORT for

1700 ALTON ROAD

Marlborough Hotel aka Mayflower Hotel aka Variety Hotel

Miami Beach, FL 33139

for the City of Miami Beach Historic Preservation Board

No original architectural plans available.

Deborah..

Per our discussions on similar historic reports for buildings designed and constructed in the 1920's in Miami Beach - I would like to document via this letter the fact that a search at the Records Desk in the City of Miami Beach Building Department for original historic plans for this building has revealed no available architectural plans or elevations. There were some plans for renovations completed over the years. However the Building Card was available.

As we have previously discussed it is not surprising that there are no records available for this building due to its age in Miami Beach.

This letter will also be attached to the Historic Resource Report.

ADDRESS ARCHITECT YEAR BUILT STYLE

1700 Alton Road. Martin Luther Hampton 1922 Spanish/Mediterranean

Yours truly,

Arthur J. Marcus Architect

cc: Adam Verner, Monika Entin Esq.