



HISTORIC RESOURCES REPORT

THE SAGAMORE HOTEL

1671 COLLINS AVENUE MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA 33139

ΒY

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FOR

SOBE SKY DEVELOPMENT, LLC 70 EAST 55 STREET - 23rd FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022 FOR THE

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH HISTORIC PRESERVATION BOARD

September 7, 2021

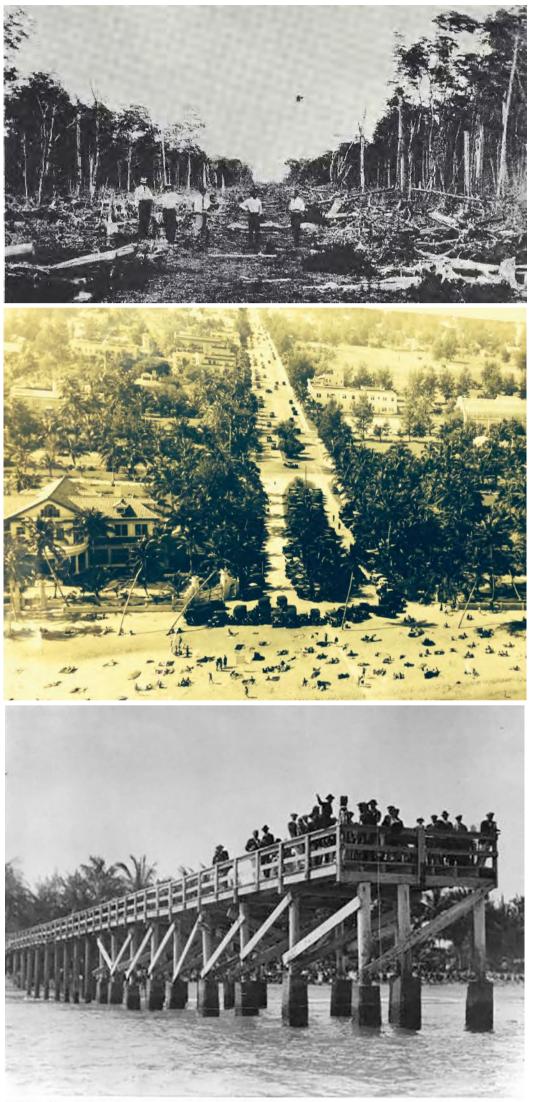


June 20, 1948 RENDERING COURTESY MIAMI HERALD

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NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT



155-23. 1921 A pier in the ocean at the foot of Lincoln Road.

Lincoln Road was the first major east-west thoroughfare to cut through the mangrove forest from ocean to bay as originally planned by Carl Fisher - who dredged and literally re-formed the islands of Miami Beach from wild undeveloped and overgrown yet prime beachfront property into the cultivated plat that is now all of Miami Beach. (6)

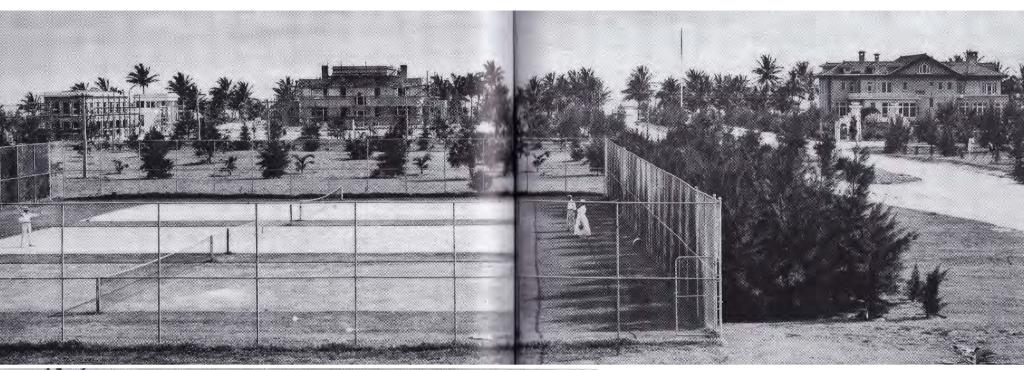
In 1914 this eastern end of Lincoln Road also gained notoriety when Carl and Jane Fisher decided to build one of the earliest homes right on the beach there named 'The Shadows.' Fisher was the consummate real estate professional and was setting the example with his wealthy friends in cultivating this prime property directly on the beach at the beginning of Lincoln Road.

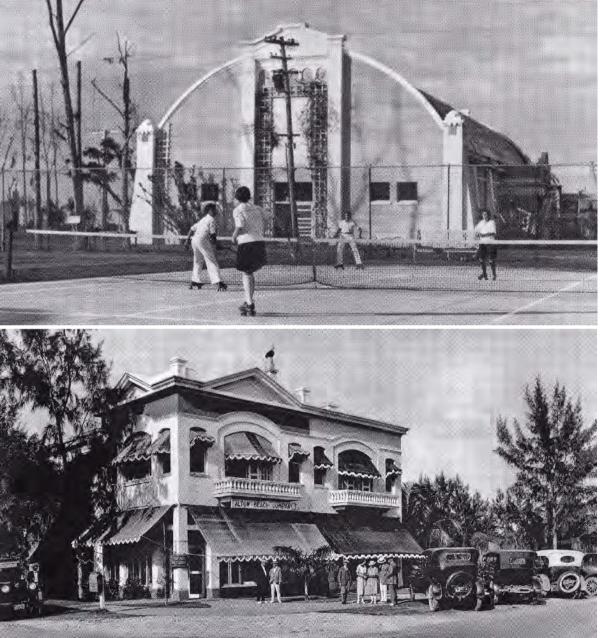
By 1915 a residence was constructed on the sites of the present day Ritz Carlton DiLido and Sagamore Hotels across Lincoln Road from the Fishers. It was originally built by and for John H. Hanan of New York. However by 1921 it had become the residence of Frank A. Seiberling, who co-founded the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio in 1898 and had been one of the investors in Fisher's Lincoln Highway project. This was a distinguished Beaux-Arts mansion with two-story Corinthian columns flanking the porch and facing the ocean with quoins at the corners and a stone balustrade around the roofline" (7)

TOP PHOTO: THE CREATION OF LINCOLN ROAD IN 1905 BEING HACKED OUT OF THE MANGROVE FOREST. (16)

MIDDLE PHOTO: THE EASTERN END OF LINCOLN ROAD IN 1921. THE FISHER RESIDENCE IS AT LEFT AND AT RIGHT BE-NEATH THE TREE CANOPY IS THE SEIBERLING RESIDENCE ON THE SITE OF THE FUTURE RITZ CARLTON DILIDO AND SAGAMORE HOTELS. THE INDOOR TENNIS COURTS CAN BE SEEN AT THE MIDDLE RIGHT EDGE OF THE PHOTO. (16)

LOWER PHOTO: 1921 VIEW OF THE PIER INTO THE OCEAN THAT ONCE STOOD AT THE EASTERN END OF LINCOLN ROAD. (CLAUDE MATLACK PHOTOGRAPHER) (16)





The 1915 view above shows the eastern end of Lincoln Road in 1915. At right is the Fisher Residence completed in 1914. At center beyond the outdoor Tennis Courts is the Hanan/Seibering estate in construction on the site of the present day Ritz Carlton DiLido and Sagamore Hotels. (3)

Fisher built the indoor and outdoor tennis courts on both sides of James Avenue just north of Lincoln Road. The enclosed courts originally stood on the site of the present day Crest Hotel. The tennis courts and the golf course were a part of Fisher's vision to attract a younger and more active visitor clientele to Miami Beach. The enclosed Tennis Courts in the middle photo (12) was designed in 1917 by the Architect August Geiger. Fisher also sponsored speedboat races in Biscayne Bay.

By 1918 the two story offices for Fisher's Alton Beach Realty Company was built on the northeast corner of Lincoln and Washington as seen in the photograph at left. (12) This was how Carl Fisher jump-started the neighborhood into one of the earliest nodes of settlement on the barrier island. He literally built an entirely new town from scratch.





The grand residential estates originally constructed along the Atlantic coast were demolished due To litigation, rezoning and greed. In 1949 the First Trust Company for the Firestone heirs who owned the mansion where the Fontainebleau would be built, sued the City Council in order to change the zoning from the estate category to permission for hotel use. ()3)

It was argued that new neighboring hotels infringed on the estate's privacy and lowered its value; also its property value as a hotel site would be quadruple that of a private home. The lawsuit; City of Miami Beach vs First Trust Company, went to the Florida Supreme Court which ruled on March 10, 1950 that the estate zoning was unfair. With this legal precedent in place, there was a rush to construction as thousands of new hotel rooms were constructed in Miami Beach in the following years. (13)

ABOVE: LINCOLN HOTEL CIRCA 1916

LEFT: 1924 VIEW LOOKING TOWARDS HOMES ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF LINCOLN ROAD BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND COLLINS AVENUES.

Originally the Miami Beach Golf Course extended all the way to the northern side of Lincoln Road along its eastern end. The attraction was that guests at Fisher's Lincoln Hotel could just walk out the door and be at the first tee. (5)

Above is the Lincoln Hotel - Carl Fisher's first hotel in Miami Beach which opened in 1917. The western portion at right was originally constructed in 1916 as the Lincoln Apartments. The hotel formerly stood until 1940 on the south side of Lincoln Road between Washington and Drexel Avenues when it was demolished to make way for the construction of the Mercantile Bank Building at 420 Lincoln Road.

Note the golfers in the photo above since the Miami Beach Golf Course then extended all the way to Lincoln Road. In order to ensure that the patrons of his Lincoln Hotel could walk across the street to the first tee - Fisher had the zoning code prohibit development on the north side of Lincoln Road until 1935.

Within three blocks of the present day Ritz Carlton DiLido, Fisher built his home on the ocean, his business offices two blocks away, the indoor and outdoor Tennis Courts and the block long Lincoln Hotel. The beginnings of a neighborhood.

The photograph at center left was taken from the roof of the Alton Beach Realty Company building and shows the single family residential neighborhood on the south side of Lincoln Road between Washington and Collins Avenues. This photograph is representative of the single family residences then being built throughout Miami Beach,



Circa 1940 (12) - It was not until after the end of World War II that the eastern end of Lincoln Road became more fully developed as the neighborhood became increasingly commercial. This also coincided with the opening of the north side of Lincoln Road to commercial development. Formerly the golf course had reached this north side of the road. Originally the Mlami Beach Golf Course extended all the way to the northern side of Lincoln Road along its eastern end. In 1935 the zoning prohibition against development of this northern side of Lincoln Road was lifted, and this eastern end of the Road became transformed with new development. This also spurred the development of adjacent portions of Collins Avenue towards larger and larger hotels.

BISCAYNE 1 BAY

SAGAMORE HOTEL



and a Band

LINCOLN ROAD IN LIFE MAGAZINE (12)

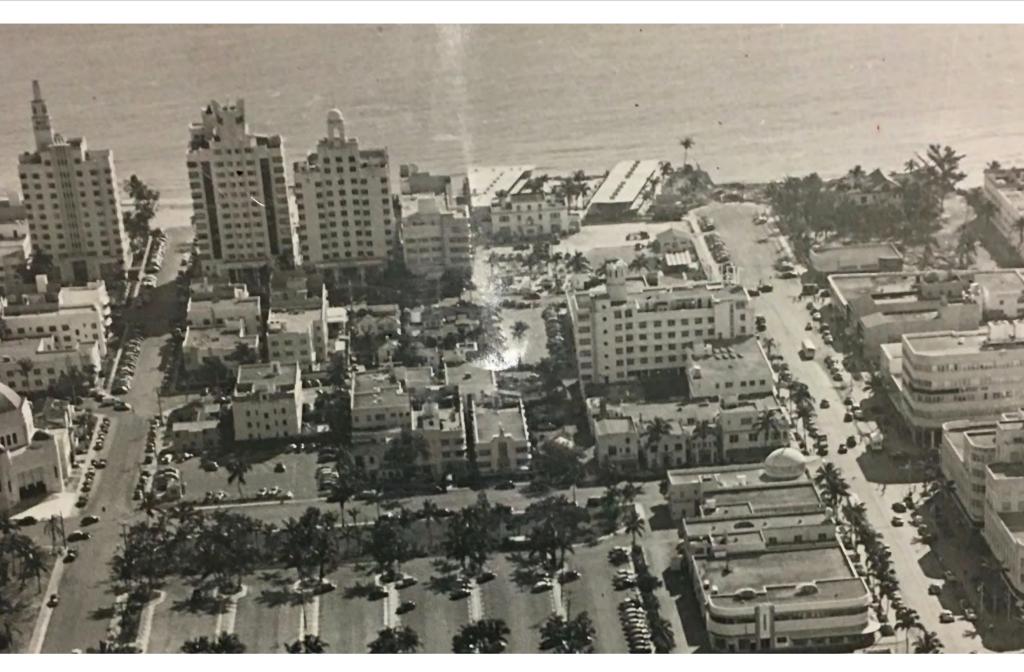
February 24, 1941

This aerial view of Lincoln Road clearly shows that the Seiberling Residence still standing with the estate including all of the property south of the National Hotel along the oceanside to Lincoln Road and to Collins Avenue. .

Across Lincoln Road the former Fisher residence is also still standing as are several other original residences throughout the neighborhood.

The Albion Hotel is visible at Lincoln and James Avenue having been built in 1939 with an unobstructed view towards the ocean.

The National Hotel on the adjacent property on Collins was built in 1940 and is visible in the photo.



The aerial photo above circa 1950 looking east towards Collins Avenue both the Fisher Residence and the Seiberling Residence are still existing at the foot of Lincoln Road along the ocean. An additional building looks to have been built on the southern portion of the Seiberling property. (12)

The circa 1950 aerial photograph above (8) shows the Hanan / Seiberling Residence still standing, with the Town and Beach Club Cabana Colony constructed in 1948 behind the residence and directly on the ocean.

The Sagamore (1948) has been constructed on part of the former Seiberling estate on Collins Avenue. The Delano Hotel (1948) and the National Hotel (1940) have previously been constructed on the same city block. The former Fisher Resideonce (1914) is also still standing on the south side of Lincoln Road at the ocean..

The grand residential estates originally constructed along the Atlantic coast were demolished due to litigation and rezoning and greed. In 1949 the First Trust Company for the Firestone heirs who owned the mansion where the Fontainebleau would be built, sued the City Council in order to change the zoning from the estate category to permission for hotel use. In order to find a legal justification for demolition, it was argued that new neighboring hotels infringed on the estate's privacy and lowered its value; also its property value as a hotel site would be quadruple that of a private home. The lawsuit; City of Miami Beach vs First Trust Company, went to the Florida Supreme Court which ruled on March 10, 1950 that the estate zoning was unfair. With this legal precedent in place, there was a rush to construction as thousands of new hotel rooms were constructed in Miami Beach in the following years.



ART DECO DISTRICT SKYLINE VIEW AS SEEN FROM THE ROOFTOP OF THE NEW WORLD SYMPHONY (14)

"This area is highly representative of a distinct period in Miami Beach's history. The area's development pattern and architecture is reflective of its physical setting, prevalent architectural styles of the 1930's (and 1940's), the aspirations of its original developers, and the changing economic conditions of the nation and the local community. The area was planned and developed as a resort destination and was constructed within a short amount of time. As a result there is a high concentration of distinct resort architecture typical of the 1930s. The hotels from this period were clearly designed to take advantage of their proximity to the beach." (1)

"Resort owners from (Jewish owned resorts in) the Catskills, whose early development pre-dated Mlami Beach, expanded south in the 1930's (and 1940's)Unfolding in Miami Beach was a cultural phenomenon of urban life in a twentieth century American city. For Jews, the resort of Miami Beach became a cultural Eden whose expression was paradoxically one of assimilation and integration into American life.(2) It was significant that Jews played all the roles in development of the city, as owners, developers, architect and patrons. In that sense Mlami Beach was itself an expression of that assimilation, and its architecture and architects were the tools of its realization." (3)

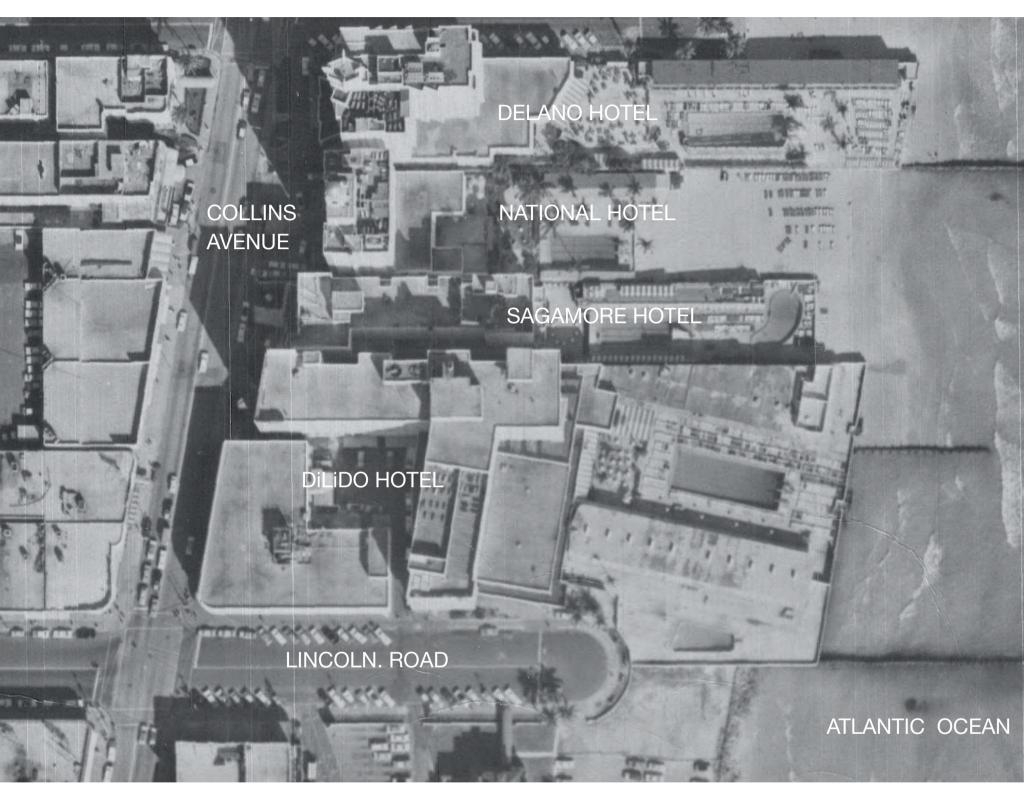
"The evolution of Miami Beach modern pivoted on an increasingly bold and plastic use of form as ornament after 1938, and a gradual abstraction of building components into volumes, surfaces, patterns and lines. Architects like Lawrence Murray Dixon, Henry Hohauser, Anton Skislewicz, (Igor Polevitzsky and Albert Anis) became bolder in elaborating buildings as component masses, highlighting precise elemental volumes that appeared timeless, universal and pure. " (4)

The overall consistency of forms and details between all the architects of the era is remarkable. (4)



ABOVE IS A PORTION OF A MAP SHOWING THE HISTORIC STATUS OF BUILDINGS IN HISTORIC DISTRICTS.. THE REAR PORTION OF THE SAGAMORE IS CLASSIFIED AS NON-CONTRIBUTING SINCE THESE WERE CON-STRUCTED IN 1998

MAP COURTESY CITY OF MIAMI BEACH PLANNING & ZONING



ABOVE IS A PORTION OF AN AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH SHOWING THE DILIDO THE REAR PORTION OF THE SAGAMORE IS CLASSIFIED AS NON-CONTRIBUTING SINCE THESE WERE CONSTRUCTED IN 1998

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH COURTESY CITY OF MIAMI BEACH PUBLIC WORKS

Sagamore, All-Cooled, Has Pool

CONSTRUCTION of a new hotel-the 117-room Saga more - on Collins ave., just north of Lincoln rd. on Miami Beach, has been started. The owner is Karland, Inc.

The hotel will be five stories high and, in addition to its 117 rooms, will have two large pent houses on the roof. Of neo-classic design, the building will be room plesign, the building will be rem pletely air-conditioned with individual controls in all rooms.

Architect for the hotel is Albert with Melvin Grossman as Annis, associate.

The first floor will be devoted to the lobby, cardroom, coffee shop and cocktail lounge.

shop and cocktail lounge. - A snack bar, is located at the lower level of the building open-ing off of the swimming pool deck. The swimming pool is to be 65 feet long and 27 feet wide, and is 10 be operated with the latest mechanical equipment insuring a supply of nure water. supply of pure water.

A cabana colony of 20 cabanas located at the pool deck level will supplement the pool. Bathers' locker room will be located in the basement.

Fred Howland Construction (has the general contract for the building.

The property consists of 75 feet on Collins ave, by 575 feet to the ocean, and is located directly south of the National Hotel and 225 feet north of Lincoln rd. The leasehold for the above property was negotiated by the office of George J. Bertman, real-tor; Joshua S. Lipkin, associate.

1671 Collins AVE



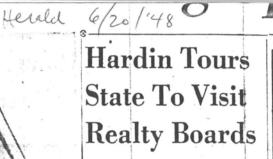
U.S. Home Owners Up To 55 Per Cent Hit Billion Dollars

Gross savings receipts of the na-tion's savings and loan associations savings and loan associa-tions exceeded \$1,000,000,000 dur-ing the first quarter of 1948, the United States Savings and Loan League reported last week.

Fifty-five per cent of all Ameri-need of repair, a third are withcans now own the home in which out private baths, and about a half they live. This compares to around do not have central heat. Nine out



40 per cent hefore Pearl Harbor; of 10 have electric lights.—(Wood 5.9 per cept of our homes are in Construction).



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By VIOLET DUNHAM Executive Secretary, Florida Bealtors President Walter Hardin of the new busine Florida Association of Realtors touring the state for visits w rs is to be oper with realtor boards in various districts. His schedule this week includes a meeting with the board at Or-lando on Thursday. and A. Ma Miami res build their N. E. 79th

starting in * * *

THERE IS NO LIMIT to real estate activity. Statistics indicate that half the population of the United States— 140,000,000 people — have moved since April, 1940. The needs, whims, or fortunes of 70,000,000 people required some change in their occupancy status in the past eight years. eight years.

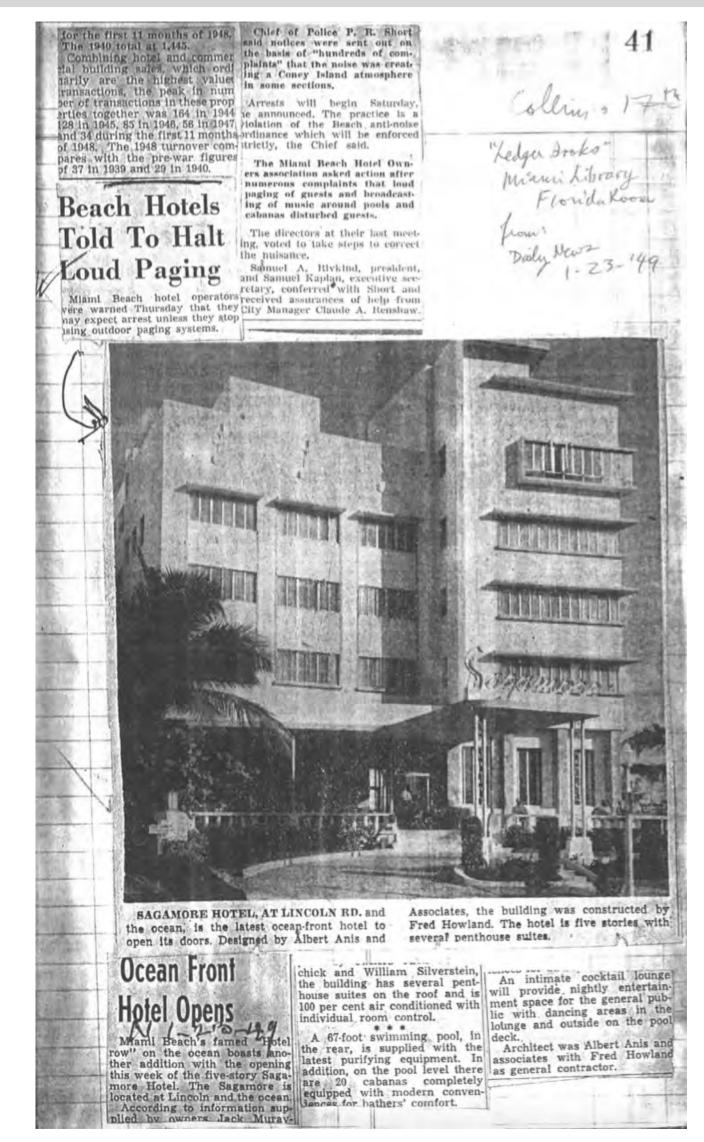
We are advised that 12,000,000 of them moved to new states; 13,000,000 moved to a new county in the same state; about 56, 000,000 moved from one location to another in the same municipality.

A survey recently made on "Pat-tern of American Life" states that about 3,000,000 people living in the north go to Florida each winter. (Florida and California top the list of places where Americans would like to live.)

CALVIN SNYDER, Secretary of the Realtors Washington Commit-tee, speaking before the House Banking and Currency Committee, said the Federal Government should not attempt to assume the responsibility of slum elimination or low-rent housing until there is substantial evidence to show that the communities and states have assumed a greater portion of the

burden. Snyder cited the U. S. Census Bureau report on the government debt issued last month showing that the Federal per capita in-debtedness has risen from \$326

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE SAGAMORE HOTEL in the MIAMI HERALD June 20, 1948



ANOUNCEMENT OF THE OPENING OF THE SAGAMORE HOTEL IN THE MIAMI DAILY NEWS JANUARY 23, 1949. NOTE THE ORIGINAL MULTI-LEVEL ROOFTOP PARAPET WHICH HAS SINCE BEEN REMOVED. THIS IS IMPORTANT PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION TO SHOW THE ORIGINAL ROOFTOP PARAPET CONDITIONS.

Sagamore Hotel

ADDRESS:	1671 COLLINS AVENUE
YEAR BUILT:	1948
ORIGINAL BUILDING ARCHITECT:	ALBERT ANIS ARCHITECT
ADDITIONS + RENOVATIONS ARCH	JAMES SILVERS ITECT, 1998
LOBBY, PUBLIC SPACES +	ALLAN T. SHULMAN
ROOFTOP PENTHOUSE:	ARCHITECT, 1998
HISTORIC STATUS:	CONTRIBUTING
FOLIO NUMBER:	02-3234-019-0530

The Sagamore Hotel is located in the Collins Avenue / Ocean Drive Local Historic District and the National Register Historic District in the City of Miami Beach.

The Miami Beach Architectural District, a National Register District, was established in 1979 through the efforts of the Miami Design Preservation League. The district is commonly referred to as the Art Deco Historic District. Four of the local Miami Beach Historic Districts (Espanola Way, Ocean Drive / Collins Avenue, Museum, and Flamingo Park) together comprise the National Register District.

"The subject structure (Sagamore) is an excellent example of the evolution of the City's resort architecture from the fashionable Art Deco styles of the pre-World War II era Art Deco to the Modern style(s) following the war (sometimes referred to collectively as the International style)." (10)

The Sagamore Hotel was built in 1948 on the northern portion of the former Seiberling estate property, as can be seen in photos in this report. The Sagamore was originally constructed with 113 hotel rooms and one apartment suite according to the City of Miami Beach Building Card.

The Sagamore is located in the 'Fisher's First Subdivision' as platted by Miami Beach in 1915. This was the first platted subdivision of the lands owned by Carl Fisher.

TOP RENDERING: FROM THE MIAMI HERALD, 6.20.1948 MIDDLE PHOTO: 9.29.1985 CURTESY CITY OF MIAMI BEACH LOWER PHOTO: 1949 VIEW LOOKING NORTH ON COLLINS AVENUE FROM A VANTAGE POINT JUST SOUTH OF LINCOLN ROAD. (12). THE ORIGINAL MULTI-LEVEL ROOF PARAPET IS VISIBLE FAC-ING COLLINS AVENUE.







FRONT ELEVATION at COLLINS AVENUE

It is interesting to note that the original building as designed in 1948 by the Architect Albert Anis can be seen in the photos at top and middle left. This original building contained 3 floors at the north massing element and 4 floors at the southern massing element plus a very large signboard wall equal at least to one additional floor.

In 1953 the Building Card noted that Architect Melvin Grossman was likely designing the infill of the remainder of the fifth floor along the west (front) elevation.floor at the front of the hotel. I must say 'likely' since through the years I have noticed that the Building Cards never just come right out and state that an additional floor is being added or that the historic facade style is being changed. Instead the Card usually states in a very ambiguous manner, as follows:

ADDITION: 1 apt. unit & 1 hotel room on 5th floor; 8 hotel rooms & bath on 1st floor; remodeling for cocktail lounge..: M. Grossman, architect: \$25,000.00 Oct., 21, 1953

It seems that Grossman became quite the specialist in adding onto these older and not so much older hotels along Collins Avenue, and transform them into the then new MiMo architecture while enlarging their properties. Grossman also transformed and added onto the Richmond and South Seas Hotels, in the next block north on Collins.

At the middle-left of this page is a photograph from the Miami Herald on 1.03.1949 which shows the facade as originally designed and built - with three guest-room floors at the front-north portion of the acade. The front-south portion of the facade was originally built with four guest-room floors. There was also originally designed a staggered parapet at the front-south massing which contains shortened window banding at the 5th floor.

The original design intention - as shown in the rendering appearing in the Miami Herald on 6.20.1948 on page 12 which - placed the hotel signage on this south massing element with a shortened upper window band to provide additional space for the 'S' of Sagamore. There was also hotel signage at both the North and South elevations plus signage on the front (West) elevation in two different locations.

The top left photograph dated 1949 shows these same original conditions with the staggered parapet walls at the front facade.

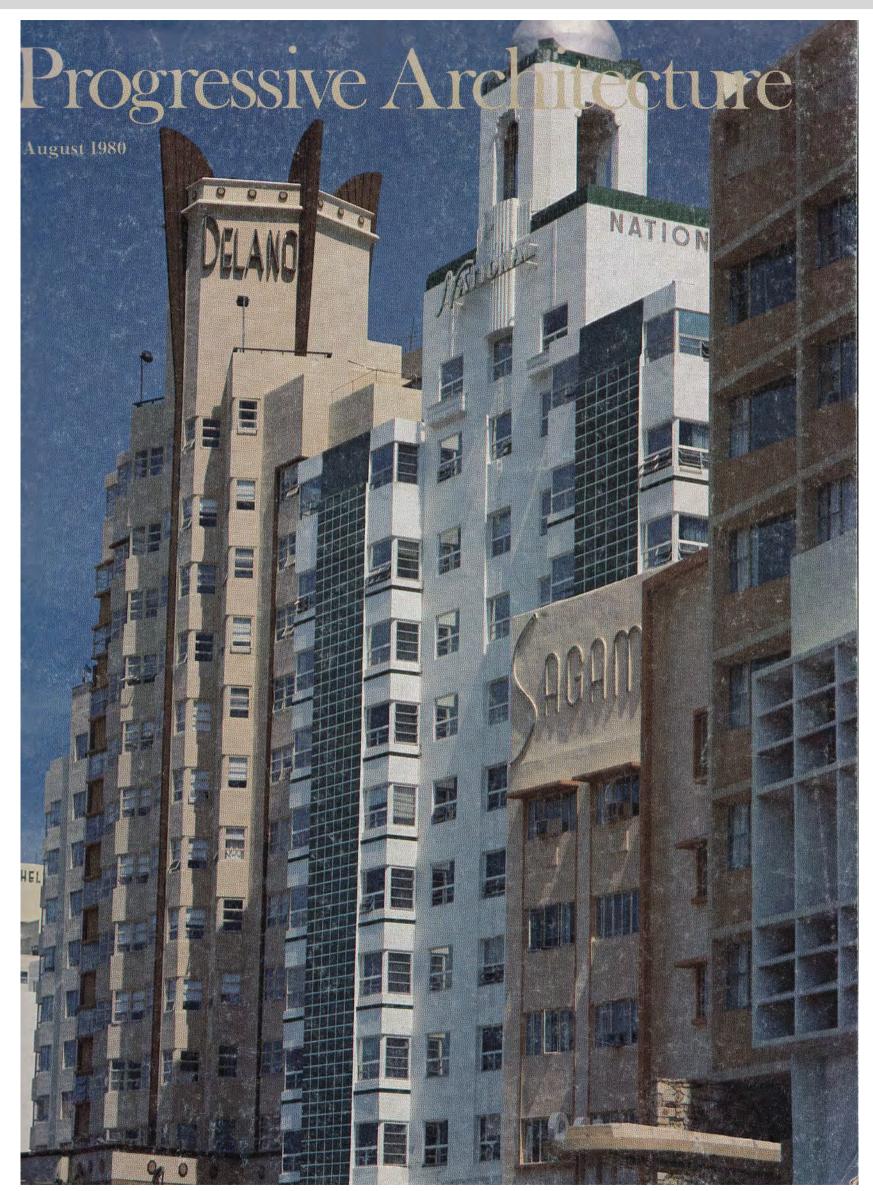
The City of Miami Beach Planning Department Staff report for the application of the Sagamore in 1998 states the following:

"As the architectural movement changed gears during this period, asymmetry in the principle facades, as well as the introduction of major architectural corner bays, sometimes projecting, became common in the design vocabulary of this ...style." (15)

TOP PHOTO: 1949 PHOTOGRAPH LOOKING NORTH ON COLLINS AVENUE FROM A VANTAGE POINT SOUTH OF LINCOLN ROAD. (12):

MIDDLE PHOTO: PHOTO COURTESY MIAMI HERALD JUNE 20, 1949

LOWER PHOTO: 2015 PHOTO of FRONT (WEST) ELEVATION



AUGUST, 1980 COVER OF PROGRESSIVE ARCHITECTURE MAGAZINE (14) WITH ARTICLE ON THE REVITALIZATION OF SOUTH BEACH. PHOTOGRAPH BY TIM STREET-PORTER PHOTOGRAPHER. 15



"It rose only five stories, had modest amenities including a generous front porch and a facade that mixed concrete eyebrows, quarry keystone cladding and colored terrazzo. Yet the Sagamore also illustrates the evolution of hotel architecture immediately after the war." (12)

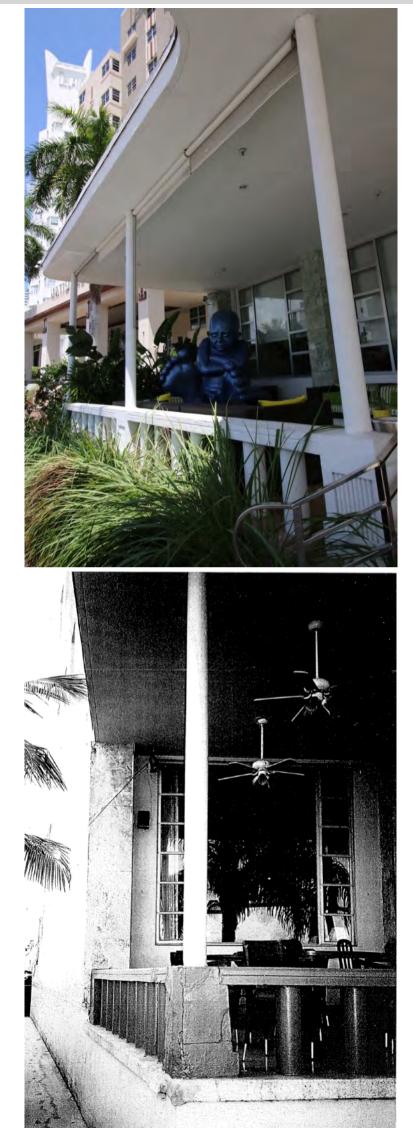
"The building's asymmetrically composed, angled facade planes and projecting corner windows create a boldly dynamic play whose graphic effects include sky signage on the parapet." (12)

"A thin concrete porte-cochere projects from the facade to welcome cars. In the lobby smooth, coved ceilings and wall planes highlighted with indirect tube lighting and round columns enhance an austerely Modern space." (12)

PHOTO LEFT: 2015 PHOTOGRAPH OF MAIN ENTRANCE CANOPY AND COLLINS AVENUE (FRONT) FACADE (5)

PHOTO BELOW: 1980 VIEW OF COLLINS AVENUE HOTEL SKYLINE by TIM STREET-PORTER PHOTOGRAPHER FOR PROGRESSIVE ARCHITECTURE MAGAZINE, AUGUST 1980.





LOWER LEFT PHOTO: FRONT PORCH 2003 (2)

"Developer Martin Taplin bought the ...Sagamore in 1997... What Taplin (and his wife Crickett) did with the Sagamore was to make it a canvas upon which he not only created not only a 93-suite hotel that fit most definitions of 'boutique', but a contemporary art gallery to rival that of many museums. (7)

As Ocean Drive Magazine writer Tom Austin wrote of the Sagamore: "Contemporary art is the engine driving the property, and it's everywhere at once, an engagement of the senses that's endlessly diverting." (7)

"The hotel's extensive suite of public rooms provides a backdrop for the Sagamore Collection, whose rotating contemporary artwork includes paintings, works on paper, photography, mixed media, sculpture and video art by emerging recognized artists....The abundant artwork amplifies the character of this hotel as a stagey, theatric space that celebrates modern transience." (8)

"The Sagamore' Hotel's expansion and transformation into an "art hotel" have blurred the lines between hospitality and art patronage, a synthesis now nearly institutionalized by Miami Beach's yearly Art Basel festival." (9)

"When the building was redeveloped in 1998 the former dining room was converted to a lounge, and a card room and a bar. The public interiors were extended eastward to create a gallery joining the street-front lobby with the beach. Beyond the lobby the sequence continued in a new video garden and pool area framed by a new five story cabana wing." (10)

"Although basically of simple post and beam construction the Sagamore Hotel contains interior architectural details in its main public lobby area that are of such design and craftmanship they would be both difficult and costly to reproduce. These include but may not be limited to (pending further exploratory investigation) the terrazzo floors and special ceiling features of the main Lobby, inclusive of lighting cove, the reception desk ensemble with soffit, and the original south wall design elements, inclusive of the stylized"Modern" fireplace and complimentary projecting wall sculpture above." (11)

In 1998 a new five story hotel wing was added to the north (oceanfront) facade to replace the formerly existing cabana building to the south of the property - which was demolished at that time.

"The subject structure (Sagamore) is an excellent example of the evolution of the City's resort architecture from the fashionable Art Deco styles of the pre-World War II era Art Deco the Modern style(s) following the war (sometimes referred to collectively as the International style)." (10)

The Sagamore was originally constructed with 113 hotel rooms and one apartment suite according to the City of Miami Beach Building Card.

"The Sagamore' Hotel's expansion and transformation into an "art hotel" have blurred the lines between hospitality and art patronage, a synthesis now nearly institutionalized by Miami Beach's yearly Art Basel festival." (11) City of Miami Beach Historic Preservation File 1050A, March 4, 1997



TOP PHOTO: MAIN LOBBY 1997 PRIOR TO RENOVATIONS (2)

RIGHT PHOTO: MAIN LOBBY 2003 AFTER RENOVATIONS (2) THE TAPLIN COLLECTION

LOWER PHOTO: MAIN LOBBY 2016 (5)



TOP PHOTO: POOL BAR 2003 (2) LOWER PHOTO: POOL BAR 2016 (5)









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SAGAMORE HOTEL



VIEWS OF FRONT (WEST(FACADE (14)



VIEWS OF NON-CONTRIBUTING BUILDING ADDITIONS AT EASTERN ELEVATIONS (14) LEFT: LOOKING EAST TOWARDS OCEAN RIGHT: LOOKING WEST TOWARDS MAIN PARTS OF HOTEL

2016 photo of the rear building. The building with the green painted balconies was built in 1998.

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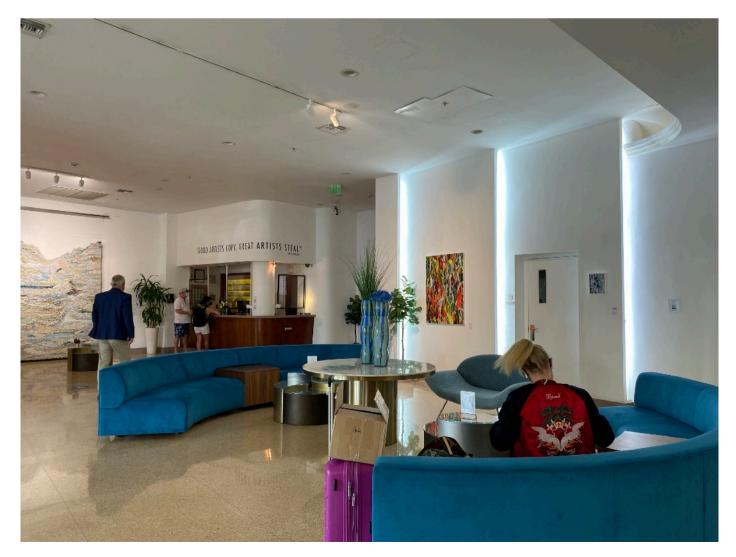
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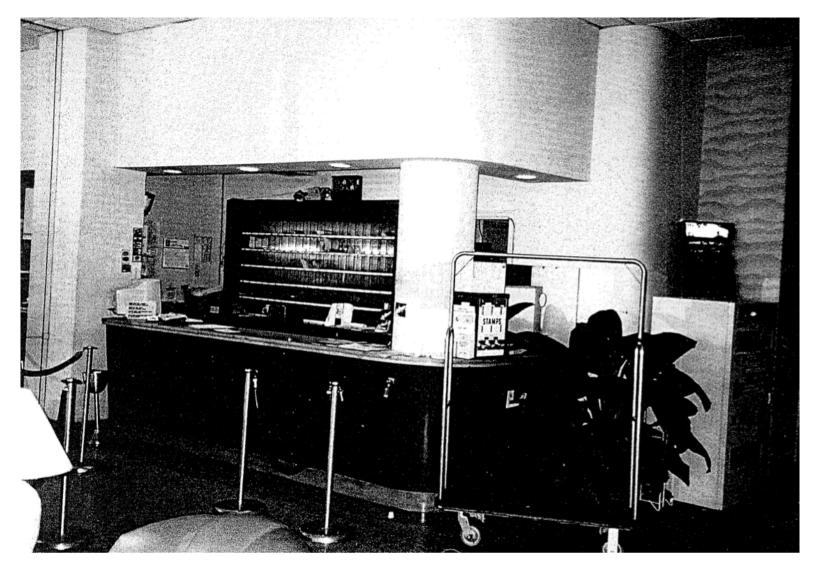
INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS



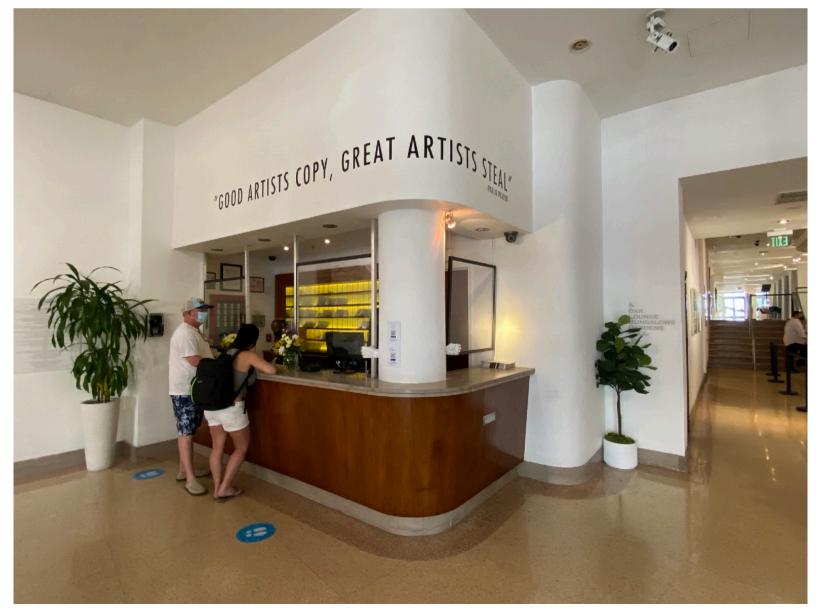
LOBBY: TOP PHOTO CIRCA 2002. LOWER (14)PHOTO 2021

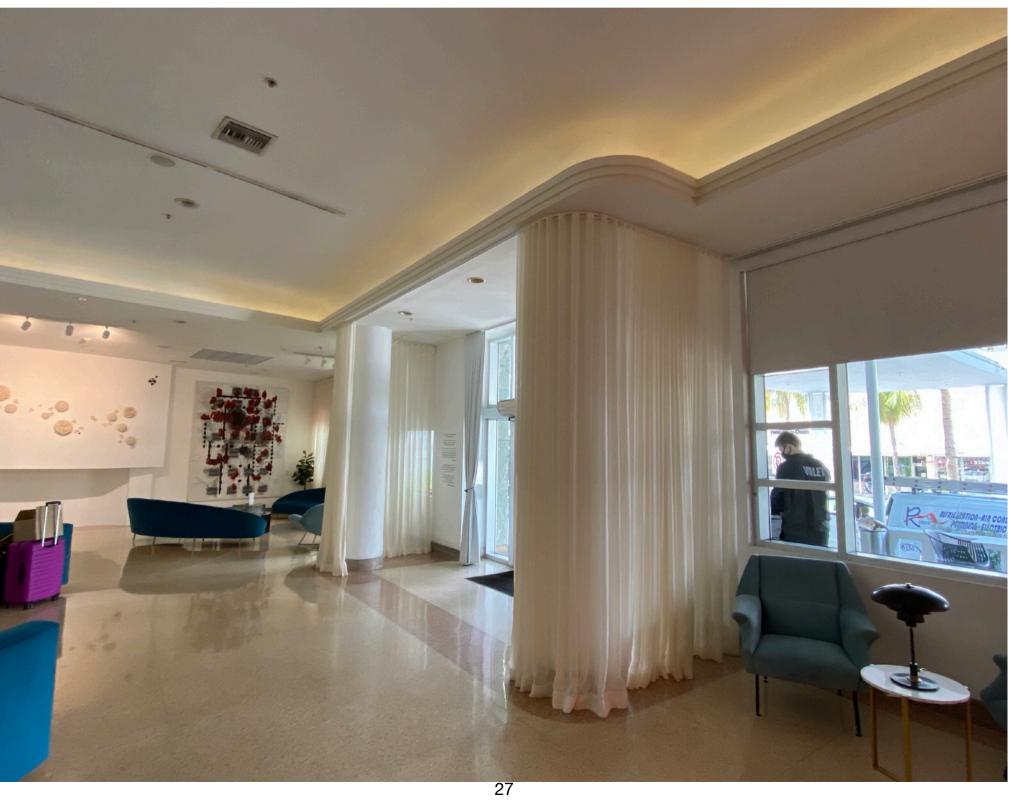






LOBBY RECEPTION DESK: TOP PHOTO CIRCA 2002. LOWER PHOTO 2021 (14)







LOBBY: TOP PHOTO CIRCA 2002. LOWER PHOTO 2021 (14)



LOBBY: TOP PHOTO CIRCA 2002. LOWER PHOTO 2016 (14)

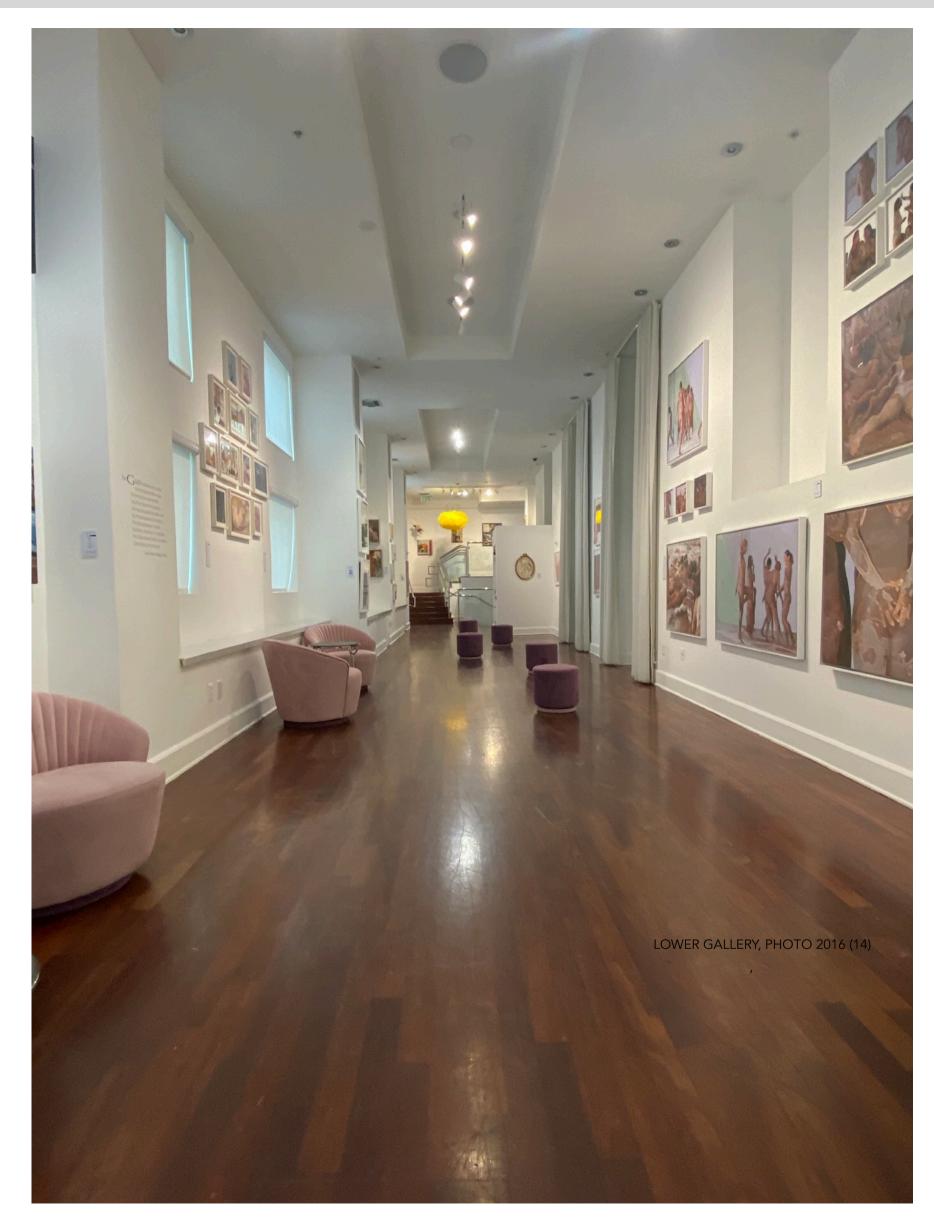




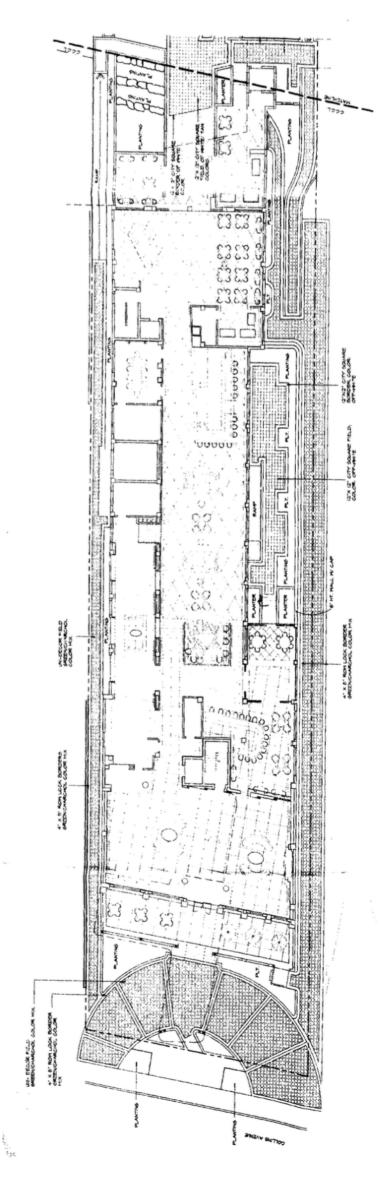


GALLERY: TOP LEFT PHOTO CIRCA 2002 TOP RIGHT PHOTO: CIRCA 2002 LOWER PHOTO 2016 (14)



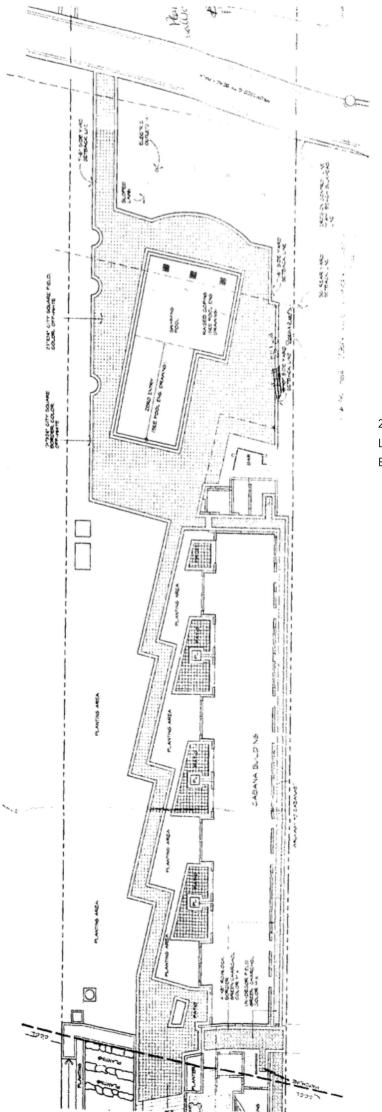


DRAWINGS

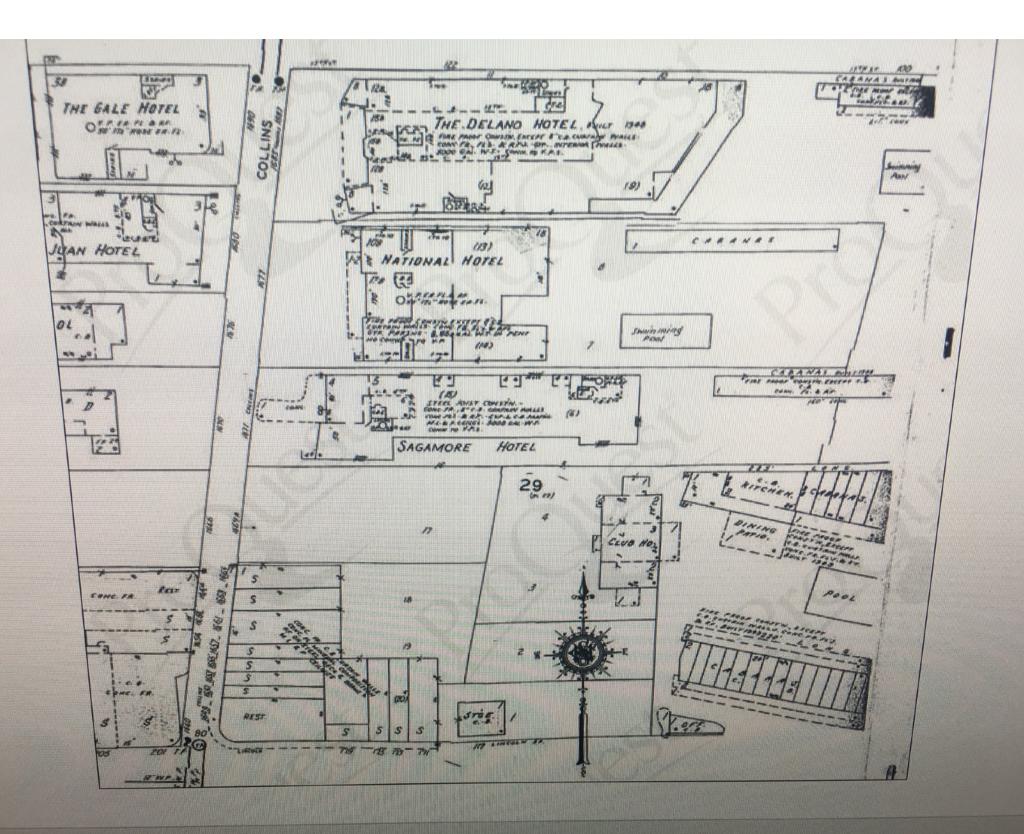


2000 MAIN BUILDING LANDSCAPE PLAN BY BRADSHAW GILL ASSOCIATES

NOTE: THERE WERE NO HISTORIC ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS AVAILABLE IN A SEARCH AT THE RECORDS DESK OF THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF MIAMI BEACH. THE ONLY DRAWINGS AVAILABLE WERE FROM SELECTED RENOVATIONS FROM THE 1990'S AND 2000'S.



2000 CABANA BUILDING LANDSCAPE PLAN BY BRADSHAW GILL ASSOCIATES



SANBORN MIAMI BEACH INSURANCE MAP 1921 - UPDATED TO 1941 COURTESY MIAMI DADE PUBLIC LIBRARY

This map shows a moment in time in 1941. The former Seiberling Residence has become the 'Club No'. T

The Town and Country Cabana Club has just been completed.

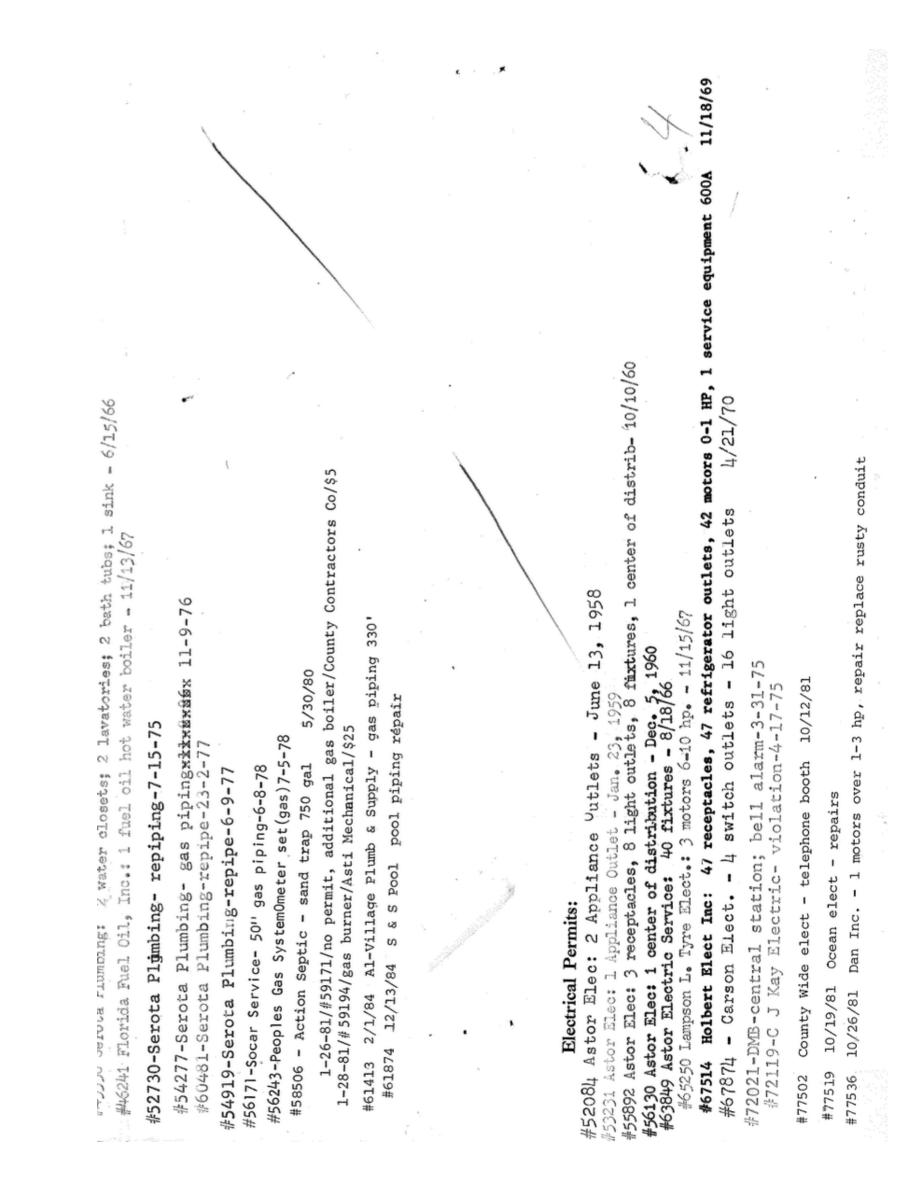
And the corner consists of the one story retail and restaurant building which pre-dated One Lincoln Road

BUILDING CARD

Cost \$ 510,000.00	ue	3234-19-053	· · · · · · · · ·	10 K, 2014	Stories 5 + "	113 Rooms & 1 Apt Unit	Date June 2, 1948	Date July 14,1948		Date July 26,1940	•			Date Dec.3,1948	6	Date	Date Dec.22,1948		Date Aug. 2, 1948	ce #26585:6/21/1948 ts #27853:12/8/1948		and the little in the little is the little i	Date / Date	11/187 (24)	······································
Permit No 27427 (all plans) Cost \$ 510.000.00	Address 1671 Collins Avenue		EngineerR. A. Belsham	Lot Size 76 x 395	-/-	Use HOTEL 113 Rooms &	ng Roof Flat	Sewer Connection 1	Temporary Closet 2		Floor Drains 25	Grease Traps	Drinking Fountains 5	Rough Approved T.A.O'Neill	eill January 18, 1949	line	Size 1000 gals	-		Temporary Service Ferguson & Roberts	Centers of Distribution 31, Service Equipment 1,	Sign Outlets		METRO ORD. #75-34 1/ 17/87 (2)	ALTERATIONS OR REPAIREMENT AND
Permit				12 & 15	h 211' Height 72'	Use	Foundation Spread footing	Sewer	Tempo		- Floor]	Grease	(slop) Drinki	Rough	proved T. A. O'Neill	Tank Sire	any 1-Tank Size		s Address	Motors Fans ater	•	Sign O		Date of Service	TIONS OR REPAIR
Mailing Address	Subdivision FISHER'S FIRST	land 5057	3	Area	67' Depth	•	Α	lexander Orr		Alexander Orr	Bath Tubs 118	Showers 6	Sinks 5 (Gas Heater	Gas Turn On Approved		Oil Burner Contractor #27670 Belcher 011 Company		Ferguson & Roberts	Range Mot HEATERS Water	9	· Irons	Electrical Contr	<u>ă</u>	ALTERAT
SACAMORE HOTEL KARLAND, INC.	Block 29	ractor Fred Howland	bert Anis	ations: Use RE	Front	Cerificate of Occupancy No.	truction # 1 CBS	Plumbing Contractor #26930 Alexander Orr		Plumbing Contractor 26983 Ale	s 128	131	N		50	Contractor	contractor #27670 E	tem	#26885	Switch 271 Light 454	Receptacles 555 & Roberts: 7/14/1	,4 Fixto	UES ?	ROVED BY	
owner	N 25' of Lot 5 & 15 Block		Architect Albert	Zoning Regulations:	Building Size:	Cerificate of (Type of Construction	Plumbing Cor		Plumbing Cor	Water Closets	Lavatories	O Urinals	Cass Stoves	Gas Radiators	Septic Tank Contractor	P Oil Burner C	Sprinkler System	Electrical Contractor	S OUTLETS I	#26508 Ferguson & Roberts:	Light out	⁺ No. FIXTURES	FINAL APPROVED BY	

Building Permits: #43120 BULKHEAD: (steel) h5.5 east of the east 10t 11ne of Block 20 -
Starting point set by Engineering Dept. Application was made Oct. 23rd & bulkhead started Oct. 26, 1953 (approved by city council Oct. 7,1953)
the council authorized the issuance otel to construct a bulkhead easterl ot 6. Block 29. Fisher's First St
no encroachment beyond the mean high water work is commenced: M.R. Gannies environ
Ludwig Bros, contr: \$ 8,4
SWIMMING POOL 20'x 55': Alex Kononoff, engr: Ludwig Bros, contr: \$17.000: November 3
. 31, 1957
nversion of hotel rooms 225 & 226 into one apartment Roofing & Sheet Metal Works:Roof repairs. \$3
- 000
75 - 20/21/
Hill York Service Co., Inc.: Replacement of one 150 ton cooling tower
#02104 VICHOT FAINTING CO: EXTERION PAINTING \$4000 4/14/69 #3847-Hill York Sales and Service-1 cooling towers-\$6000-13-77
<pre>#l0883-Eddys Painting- Exterior painting and pressure cleaning-\$6000-3-7-77 * #4050-Amber Boiler-steam boiler-9-29-77</pre>
#13529-Sego Ind-dba Security Windows-Replace 50 windows-\$4000-7028078
<pre>#15716-Paris Industries-Replace damaged hand railing-new front entrance way-\$200-9-25-79 #18940 G&M Construction Inc/replace windows/\$6,000/9-23-80 #19087 Eddy's Painting/paint exterior front only/\$4,000/10-17-80</pre>
<pre>#19220 Gordon Roofing & Sheet Metal/install 4-ply builtup roof & tile roof/\$2,500/11-7-80 1-28-81/#M05039/flue pipe for gas boiler, no permit/ASTI Mechanical/\$25</pre>
#MO6011 12/17/82 Alltemp Inc 1-150 ton cooling towers
Plumbing Permits: #1205 Service Plbg: 1 Sink - Dec. 24, 1958 #15044 Joe Pitch Pluthing Co.: 2 water closets, 2 lavatories, 2 hath tubs, 12/1/65

30; \$ 1,000: Aug.20,194	<pre>* \$ 20,787: Sept.1, '4 \$ 70,000: Jan.5,'49 \$ 1,200: Jan.18,1949 \$ 500:0ct.24,1949 \$ 500:July 1,'52 \$ 5,000:July 1,'52 rooms & bath on 1st flr; Grossman, architect: \$ 25,000:0ct,21,1953</pre>		15, 1949 16, 1949 pt. 17,1951 s, 1 shower, cox, 12-28-53 -9-54 arch 14, 1955	\sim
1: Howland Construction Co; IS (one story & pool deck) contractor:	<pre>sach: Otis Elevator Co: pany, contractor: ll6' x l6': contractor: nter: nter: nf 5th floor; 8 hotel r flat roof): M. Turchin, contractor:</pre>		Floor drains, March 1 or) re-locate December gals) underground: Sep atories., 11 Bath tubs in, Nov.10,1953 OK, E. 1953 9, 1954 OK, Rosser 11- daced: 275 gallons Mar	
Kitchen & Snack Bar: Albert Anis, arch: Swimming Pool 65' x 27' and 20 CABANAS Fred Howland,	<pre>(2) Passenger Elevators: 1,200 1 Conditioning: 150-tons Fixzit TION of sun deck & concrete stai Albert Anis, arch: Fred Howla Inting (interior) Rudolf Hahn, at wall sign: Acolite Sign Co: niteing: R.J. Walters Co: Inting: Thomas Goddard, painte Inting: 1 apt. unit & 1 hotel ro remodeling for cocktail lounge: Oboler & Clarke, engineer: Rob</pre>		<pre>ider Orr: 3 Lavatories, 2 Sinks iy Flumbing Co: 3 Sinks, (Beauty 1 la Fuel Oil Co: 1 Oil Burner (4, Orr, Inc. 12 Water closets, 12 Orr, Inc. 12 Water closets, 12 Flumbing Co: Pool December Flumbing Co: Pool December fer & Woodtwo appHancesNoven cher Oil Company: one oil burner, S.& Flumbing 1 pool piping</pre>	
#28067 K #28082 S	#28140 Two #29224 Air #29306 ADDJ #31181 Pai #31646 F14 #38822 GH #438954 Pai #4,3014 AD		Plumbing Permits: #27964 Alexar #29192 Econom #2333 Florid #35605 C & E # 4,3367 Kamm # 36904 Bel 7/7/80 #58267	
POOL	ELEVATORS	د ۲ ه <u>م</u> ۲	Hun , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	



managagi ng pangang mangang ng pangang ng pan	L07	BLOCK	SUBDIVISION	resultation is the state of the
			ALTERATIONS & ADDITIONS	
,				×.,
#M-052	Building Permits: 4/22/81 - #20136 281Airco A/CRel	Building Permits: 4/22/81 - #20136 - Linares Sign's Co 2 wall signs (3' #M-05281Airco A/CReplacing (1) 20 ton package unit with (2)	wall signs $(3' \ge 2')$, flat wall - \$400 unit with (2) ton units6/25/81	
#20904	9/17/81 Druable	9/17/81 Druable Industry Inc - canopy for entrance	c entrance to underground room (as per plans) \$600.	
#M05454 #21242	10/7/81 11/20/81	Airko Air Cond - package unit change Se-Go Security Windows furnish and	out install single hung windows on 73 openings	\$8,500.
#22724 # #2542	2724 9/3/82 owner 1 #25423 6/8/84 owner	free standing sign \$400. r paint rooms, hallways,doors,lobby,	repair doors (close openings w/5/8"	sheet rocka/p/f/ dept \$3,000.
	Plumbing Permits:	#61062 6/2/83 S & F	R Plumb - repairs	
•				
				ALL CALL AND ALL AND A
	Electrical Permits:	#79356 4/26/84 Ocean E1	Elect - repair fire damage	
		-1		

			-80 asphalt,					BUILDING PERMIT NO. 3,458
	ADDRESS		existing system/11-21-80 ary repairs, apply as			- -		COMMENTS
And a second		ADDITIONS	replace			an Electric Co/\$16 transformers - \$17.50	ZONE N OF PERMITS ISSUED	APPRAISED BLDG.
	SUBDIVISION	ALTERATIONS & A	<pre>'100 wmind air conditioning/11-21-80 Air Conditioning Co/install 2-2½ ton A/C systems to painting \$200.</pre>	Fred		cial purposes, repairs/Ocean 11 Corp - sign tubes, sign tr - telephone booth	CUMULATIVE COST OF CONSTRUCTION	WORK CUMULATIVE COST WORK COST VA
	BLOCK		mer/ irko WER/ -87 87		ermits:	'C windows, 2 spe A to Z Electrica ounty Wide Elect	CUMUL	RODF REPAIR
	LOT		Building Permits: #M04937 Ov #M04940 A: #25743 8/13/84 - ON #31458 - 12-8- primer and alu		Plumbing Permits:	Electrical Permits: 1-16-81/#76870/1 A/ 4/22/81 - #77135 - 4/15/81 #77117 Co		DATE PROCESS ISSUED NO.

BUILDING	ERMIT'NO.	AL 118885	BS841475		. 5.			20 20 2			
	COMMENTS		<u>42</u>	-			2.				
-	%		, ,							-	
APPRAISED BLDG.	VALUE BEFORE REMODEL					•		•			
CUMULATIVE									•		
WORK		\$10,000.010	00.000/2 \$			•	• •			ł	
DESCRIPTION		BUSER PAINTING	REDIACE 211 X	>			1				
PROCESS	. ON						-				
DATE	6		6-15-89			£.,			-		

COASTAL CONTROL ZONE

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SAGAMORE HOTEL

#BS891475 - 6-15-89 - Southeast Enviroments1 - Replace 211 existing doors-\$2,000.0 BUILDING PERMITS: #SB881179 - 7-5-88 - Alex & Lloyd Painting - Exterior painting - \$10,000.00 #E8801430 - K&R Electric - New electrical repairs - 9-9-88∛√ ELECTRICAL PERMITS: ۱

ALBERT ANIS ARCHITECT

Albert Anis (1889–1964) was one of the most famous architects practicing before and after World War II in Miami Beach. His noted architectural style morphed from pre-war Art Deco and Modern to post-war MiMo.

He was one of a group of American-born architects working in Mlami Beach who synthesized the austere architectural principles of theInternational style of architecture coming from Europe in the 1920's - with their own brand of modernism and art deco while at the same time incorporating tropical ornamentation and themes.

Miami Beach hotels and apartment buildings of the 1930's...frequently aspired to monumental effects, appearing like miniaturized grand hotels. Sculpted with a precision as if by industrial designers, they evinced a maximum of thematic economy while eschewing "pretensions to infinity, sublimity and the artistic." (2)

Other important buildings of 1939 included the Clevelander, the Winterhaven and the Bancroft Hotels, all by Albert Anis. (3)

"Dixon, Hohauser, Anis, France, Skislewicz, Kiehnel & Elliott, Polevitzsky & Russell, and so many others, formed an ensemble cast of actors, at work designing and building a new city. As in a theater, they exchanged roles and tirades, and they tried to outshine each other, but they shared and read the same text; the language and the 'architecture of the city." (4)



TOP: DEZERLAND HOTEL, MIAMI BEACH (DEMOLISHED)(5) RIGHT BELOW: BANCROFT HOTEL, MIAMI BEACH (5) LEFT BELOW: TEMPLE EMANU EL, MIAMI BEACH (5)









ALBERT ANIS ARCHITECT

REPRESENTATIVE PROJECTS:

Abbey Hotel 300 21st Street Miami Beach FL 1940) American Savings 341 Lincoln Road Miami Beach (1945) Avalon Hotel 700 Ocean Drive Miami Beach (1941) Bancroft Hotel aka Ocean Steps Miami Beach, FL (1939) Berkeley Shore Hotel 1610 Collins Avenue Miami Beach 1940 Cadet Hotel 1701 James Avenue Miami Beach (1941) Chesterfield Hotel, Miami Beach FL (1938) Miami Beach FL Claremont Hotel 1700 Collins Avenue Miami Beach (1947) Clevelander Hotel 1020 Ocean Drive Miami Beach (1938) Colonnade Apartments (1946) 2365 Pinetree Drive, Miami Beach Dezerland Hotel Miami Beach, FL (1951)(demolished) Don-Bar Apartments 1565 Pennsylvania Avenue Mlami Beach 1939

Flamingo Theater 318 Lincoln Road Miami Beach (1945) Gaylord Hotel 2700 Collins avenue Mlami Beach (1939) Gamshire Apartments 2035 Washington Ave. Miami Beach, FL (1953) Leslie Hotel (1937) 1244 Ocean Drive Miami Beach FL Lord Charles Apartments Miami Beach, FL (1953) Majestic Hotel 660 Ocean Drive Miami Beach (1940) Mantell Plaza 255 24th Street Miami Beach, FL (1942) Nassau Apartments 1414 Collins Ave. Miami Beach (1936) Pineview Apartments (1947) 2351 Pinetree Drive, Miami Beach currently called Tradewinds Apartment Hotel Paramount Plaza 455 Ocean Drive Miami Beach (1941) Poinciana Hotel 1555 Collins Avenue Miami Beach (1939) Sagamore Hotel 1671 Collins Avenue Miami Beach 1948) Shirley Apartments 1424 Collins Ave. Miami Beach (1935) Shore Club Hotel 1901 Collins Avenue Miami Beach, FL (1949) Tarleton Hotel 2469 Collins Avenue Miami Beach (1948) Tyler Hotel 430 21st Street Miami Beach, FL (1940) Temple Emanu El Miami Beach, FL (1947) Viscay Hotel Miami Beach, FL (1941) Whitelaw Hotel 808 Collins Avenue (1936) Miami Beach FL Waldorf Towers Hotel (1937) 860 Ocean Drive Miami Beach Winterhaven Hotel 1400 Ocean Drive (1939) Miami Beach

PHOTO ABOVE: SHORE CLUB HOTEL, MIAMI BEACH 2015 (5) PHOTO BELOW: WINTERHAVEN HOTEL. MIAMI BEACH, 2012 (5)



BIBLIOGRAPHY

(1) Miami Design Preservation League / Ruskin.ARC Historic District Building Survey

(2) The Making of Mlami Beach 1933-1942 by Allan Shulman and Jean Francois Lejeune, 2000 p.33.

(3) Ibid., p.57.

(4) Ibid., p. 36.

(5) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014, p. 102.

(6) Images of America: Miami Beach by Seth Bramson, p.48

- (4) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014 p.95
- (5) The Making of Mlami Beach 1933-1942 by Allan Shulman and Jean Francois Lejeune, 2000 p.33.
- (6) Ibid., p.57.
- (7) Woggles and` Cheese Holes: The History of Miami Beach's Hotels by Howard Kleinberg, 2005, p.114.
- (8) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014 p.95
- (9) Miami Architecture: Allan T. Shulman / Randall Robinson Jr. / Jeffrey Donnelly, 2010 pp. 274-275.
- (10) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014 p.95
- (11) City of Miami Beach Historic Preservation File 1050A, March 4, 1997
- (12) Photograph Courtesy History Miami
- (13) Lost Miami Beach by Carolyn Klepser, 2014 p.75
- (14) Photograph by Arthur Marcus Photographer
- (15) City of Mimi Beach Planning Department Staff Report for the application of the Sagamore Hotel, October 13, 1998 Historic Preservation File No. 1050.

(16)

(17)