MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a nonprofit organization)
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(With Supplementary Information)
September 30, 2019 and 2018

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization) CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1 – 2
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	3
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES	4
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	5
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	6
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7 – 27
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	28 – 29
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	30 – 32
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	33
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	34 – 35
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	36 – 47
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN	48 – 49





6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200 Miami, Florida 33126-6025 Ph: (305) 373-0123 • (800) 330-4728 Fax: (305) 374-4415 www.glsccpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Organization"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of activities, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Directors

Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 7, 2020, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2, the Organization adopted ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profits Entities*, effective October 1, 2018. The Organization has adjusted the presentation of the financial statements accordingly and the required additional disclosures have been provided. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida August 7, 2020



MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,

ASSETS

		2019		2018
Cash	\$	851,503	\$	84,689
Restricted cash		885,052		713,687
Accounts receivable		74,904		82,601
Prepaid and other assets		212,152		229,915
Rental property, net		37,226,024	_	40,358,784
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	39,249,635	\$	41,469,676
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	422,602	\$	272,293
Accrued expenses		134,806		161,042
Tenants' security deposits		128,155		132,777
Lines of credit		399,506		452,114
Loans payable		8,511,484		10,137,526
Total liabilities		9,596,553		11,155,752
NET ASSETS				
Net assets (deficit) without donor restrictions		(2,183,451)		(3,608,276)
Net assets with donor restrictions		31,836,533		33,922,200
Total net assets		29,653,082	_	30,313,924
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	39,249,635	\$	41,469,676

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

		2019		2018
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS:				
REVENUES				
Rental revenue	\$	2,741,636	\$	2,910,016
Grant revenue		1,112		142,803
Other income	_	30,909		67,099
Total unrestricted revenues		2,773,657		3,119,918
Net assets released from restrictions		2,085,667	_	1,114,557
Total revenues without donor restrictions	_	4,859,324		4,234,475
EXPENSES				
Administrative		752,869		25,241
Repairs and maintenance		426,990		438,398
Utilities		400,468		497,006
Payroll		316,732		869,762
Taxes and insurance		499,331		437,861
Interest expense		251,276		497,541
Depreciation		1,676,912		1,824,767
Professional services		237,798		214,532
Bad debt		6,405		8,602
Loss on impairment of rental property, net	_	-		233,168
Total Expenses	_	4,568,781		5,046,878
GAINS AND LOSSES				
Gain on sale of rental property, net		1,134,282		120,930
Gain on settlement of HUD penalty		-		40,000
Total Gains		1,134,282		160,930
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	_	1,424,825	_	(651,473)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS:				
Net assets released from restrictions		(2,085,667)		(1,114,557)
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	_	(2,085,667)	_	(1,114,557)
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS	\$	(660,842)	\$	(1,766,030)

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	(de	Net assets ficit) without donor estrictions	t assets with donor estrictions	Tota	al Net Assets
Net assets (deficit), September 30, 2017 (as restated)	\$	(2,956,803)	\$ 35,036,757	\$	32,079,954
Decrease in net assets		(651,473)	 (1,114,557)		(1,766,030)
Net assets (deficit), September 30, 2018		(3,608,276)	33,922,200		30,313,924
Increase (decrease) in net assets		1,424,825	 (2,085,667)		(660,842)
Net assets (deficit), September 30, 2019	\$	(2,183,451)	\$ 31,836,533	\$	29,653,082

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease in net assets	\$	(660,842)	\$	(1,766,030)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets to net cash				
provided by operating activities:		C 40E		9 600
Provisions for bad debt		6,405 1,676,912		8,602 1,824,767
Depreciation Loss on impairment of rental property, net		1,070,912		233,168
Gain on sale of rental property, net		(1,134,282)		(120,930)
(Increase) Decrease in operating assets:		(1,154,202)		(120,930)
Accounts receivable		1,292		(19,757)
Prepaid and other assets		17,763		14,184
Increase (Decrease) in operating liabilities:		,		, , , , , ,
Accounts payable		150,309		(32,280)
Accrued expenses		(26, 236)		(68,574)
Accrued interest on loan payable		59,145		251,611
Security deposits payable		(4,622)		1,804
Total adjustments		746,686		2,092,595
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		85,844		326,565
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of property and equipment		(213,863)		(56,402)
Change in restricted cash		(171, 365)		(100,805)
Proceeds from sale of rental property, net		2,034,950		-
Proceeds from sale of condominium units				160,000
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		1,649,722		2,793
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payments on line of credit		(52,760)		(84,301)
Borrowings on line of credit		152		47,449
Borrowings on loans payable		429,268		-
Payment of loans payable	_	(1,345,412)		(298,346)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities		(968,752)		(335,198)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		766,814		(5,840)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		84,689	_	90,529
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	851,503	\$	84,689
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES				
Interest paid	\$	184,631	\$	219,619

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (a nonprofit organization) NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 and 2018

1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries ("MBCDC" or the "Organization") is a nonprofit organization founded in 1981. The purpose of MBCDC is to manage or direct entities which are organized for the purpose of creating stable, vibrant and healthy communities by developing, financing and operating affordable, program-enriched housing for families, seniors and people with special needs who lack the economic resources to access quality, safe housing opportunities. These activities are considered to comprise the major programs of the Organization. MBCDC and its subsidiaries receive significant funding from federal, state, and local government subsidies in various forms, including low-interest rate loans, grants, and rent subsidies for qualifying very-low, low and moderate-income tenants.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MBCDC and the accounts of other affiliated nonprofit entities and limited liability companies in which MBCDC has a controlling interest. These entities are included in the consolidation according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) which require that accounts be consolidated for all nonprofit entities, limited partnerships or limited liability companies which are deemed to be controlled by the Organization. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The following entities are included in the consolidated financial statements of MBCDC:

The Shelbourne Apartment Building, Inc. ("Shelbourne"), is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], organized in 1993 by MBCDC and People With AIDS Coalition of Dade County, Inc. for the purpose of providing disabled persons living with AIDS, with housing facilities and services designed to meet their needs.

MBCDC: Crespi Park Apartments, Inc. ("Crespi") is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], incorporated in 1999, for the purpose of providing low-income housing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: Fernwood Apartments, Inc. ("Fernwood") is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], incorporated in 1998, for the purpose of providing disabled persons living with AIDS, with housing facilities and services designed to meet their needs.

MBCDC: Jefferson Inc. ("Jefferson") is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], incorporated in 1997, for the purpose of providing low-income housing to elderly persons in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: Seymour Hotel, Inc. ("Seymour") is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], incorporated in 1998 for the purpose of operating a preservation and revitalization community center in the Miami Beach area. During 2019, MBCDC sold the Seymour building. See Note 7, Sale of Rental Property, Net.

MBCDC: 1551 Pennsylvania Apartments, LLC. ("Pennsylvania") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2000 to provide low-income housing to low-income persons of Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: Scattered Sites Apartments, LLC ("Scattered Sites") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2000 to provide low-income housing to low income Miami Beach workers so they can live in the area in which they work. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Organization sold the last remaining condominium unit owned by Scattered Sites.

Principles of consolidation (continued)

MBCDC: 532 Michigan Avenue, LLC. ("532 Michigan") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2001 to provide housing for low income elderly persons 62 years and older residing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: Westchester Apartments, LLC ("Westchester") is a limited liability company, incorporated in 2003 for providing low-income housing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC Meridian Place, LLC ("Meridian") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2006 to provide low-income housing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: The Allen, LLC ("Allen") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2007 to provide low-income housing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC: Villa Maria, LLC ("Villa Maria") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2005 to provide housing for low-income persons residing in the Miami Beach area.

MBCDC Villa Matti, Inc. ("Villa Matti") is a non-profit corporation under IRC 501 [c] [3], incorporated in 2007 to provide housing for low-income persons residing in the Miami Beach area.

RUDG – MBCDC I, LLC. ("Edificio Camacho") is a limited liability company incorporated in 2010 for the acquisition and rehabilitation of 24 low income multifamily rental units.

M.B. Apartments, Ltd., formerly known as The Madison, LLC ("Madison") was formed in the State of Florida on July 25, 1996, as a limited partnership to develop, construct, renovate, and operate 17 multifamily apartment units for rental to low income families. Effective October 1, 2018, Miami-Dade County took control of the Madison property as part of a loan settlement agreement. See Note 8, Conveyance of Title.

Financial Statement Presentation

GAAP requires the Organization to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions are those that have no external restrictions. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and the board of directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are those net assets for which use is limited by donors to a specific time period and/or purpose or for which use is restricted in perpetuity by donors.

Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities.

Revenue recognition

Rental income from short-term leases on apartment units is recognized as the rentals become due. MBCDC recognizes gifts of cash and other assets as net assets without donor restrictions unless they are received with donor restrictions. Gifts with restrictions are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Consolidated Statements of Activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Unconditional promises to give are recorded as revenue at estimated net realizable value. Conditional promises to give are not included as revenue until the conditions are substantially met or unless the possibility that the condition will not be met is remote. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as unrestricted revenue in the period of receipt. Unconditional promises to give with payments due in future periods are discounted to present value and reported as restricted revenue.

Measure of Operations

The statement of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of the Organization's rental operation of low-income projects for the elderly, disabled and low-income persons. Nonoperating activities are activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature.

Tenant subsidy payments

A portion of the rental revenue is in the form of subsidy payments from HUD under Section 8 of the National Housing Act. Tenants are subsidized based upon their level of income. Rent increases require HUD approval.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits. All highly liquid instruments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The Organization had no cash equivalents at September 30, 2019 or 2018. Cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Restricted cash

The Organization is subject to restrictions on certain funds received by MBCDC and its subsidiaries. These funds are included in the restricted cash balance.

Many of the MBCDC subsidiaries are required to make monthly deposits for replacement of project assets, which are controlled by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or other financing authorities. These subsidiaries are also required to make yearly deposits of surplus cash, if any, to residual receipts accounts. Use of residual receipt funds is contingent upon the prior written approval of HUD. In addition, many of the MBCDC subsidiaries are required to make monthly escrow deposits for insurance in a separate account held by the project. The mortgagor for the subsidiary controls these escrow deposits. These funds are included in the restricted cash balance.

In addition, the MBCDC subsidiaries hold tenant security deposits as security under the terms of the tenants' leases, which are held in a separate bank account whose use is restricted. Therefore, balances held for tenants' security deposits are included in restricted cash on the accompanying statements of position. The balance held in trust for security deposits was \$141,033 and \$135,935 as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Accounts receivable and bad debts

Tenant receivables are charged to bad debt expense when they are determined to be uncollectible based upon a periodic review of the accounts by management. GAAP requires that the allowance method be used to recognize bad debts; however, the effect of using the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would have been obtained under the allowance method. Nontenant receivables are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$6,516 as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Rental Property consists of building, building improvements, appliances, equipment, furniture and fixtures and is recorded at cost. Purchased or donated items in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized. Renewal and betterments that materially extend the asset lives are capitalized. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of the related assets. Buildings and improvements are depreciated over 30 years. Equipment, appliances, furniture and fixtures are depreciated over 5 to 7 years. Repairs and maintenance expenditures are currently expensed.

Impairment of long-lived assets

In accordance with GAAP, management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances, which could indicate that the carrying value of real estate may not be recoverable. If events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the recoverability of real estate by determining whether the carrying value will be recovered through the undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated from its uses and eventual disposition. If the carrying amount of the real estate exceeds its estimated undiscounted cash flows, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount that the carrying value of the real estate exceeds its fair value. MBCDC recognized an impairment loss of \$0 and \$233,168 for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. See Note 8, Conveyance of Title.

Income taxes

MBCDC and its subsidiaries are exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable state statutes. Accordingly, these financial statements do not reflect a provision for income taxes. MBCDC did not have any unrelated business income for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. All nonprofit corporations are required to file tax returns with the IRS and other taxing authorities. For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Organization did not identify any uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

The limited liability companies in which MBCDC has a partnership interest have elected to be treated as a pass-through entity for income tax purposes and, as such, are not subject to income taxes. Rather, all items of taxable income, deductions and tax credits are passed through to and are reported by its owners on their respective income tax returns. The partnerships' federal tax statutes are based on their legal status as a partnership. Accordingly, the partnerships are not required to take any tax positions in order to qualify as a pass-through entity. The partnerships are required to file and do file tax returns with the Internal Revenue Service and other taxing authorities. Accordingly, these financial statements do not reflect a provision for income taxes and the partnerships have no other tax positions which must be considered for disclosure. Management believes that MBCDC is no longer subject to income tax examination by federal and state tax authorities for fiscal years before September 30, 2016.

Fair value

The carrying amounts of the Organization's receivables, payables and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the Organization's long-term debt is impracticable to estimate.

Reclassifications

Reclassifications have been made to the prior year balances to conform to the current year presentation.

Adoption of ASU 2016-14

On August 18, 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profits Entities. The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. The Organization has adjusted the presentation of these statements accordingly. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented.

Date of Management Review

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through August 7, 2020, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. RENTAL PROPERTY, NET

Rental property, net consists of building and improvements with an estimated useful life of 30 years, and of appliances, equipment, furniture and fixtures with an estimated useful life of 5-7 years. The rental property, net balances at September 30, consisted of the following:

	2019	2018
Land	4,055,274	4,405,274
Building and improvements	49,904,250	54,008,056
Furniture and equipment	170,191	236,394
	54,129,715	58,649,724
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(16,903,691)	(18,290,940)
Total rental property, net	\$ 37,226,024	\$ 40,358,784

Depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$1,676,912 and \$1,824,767, respectively.

0040

4. LINES OF CREDIT

	2019	2018
MBCDC		
The Organization entered into a line of credit agreement with HSBC Bank which provides for borrowings up to \$500,000. The line of credit required monthly payments of \$1,400 plus interest at a rate of 2.75% per annum with final payment due on June 30, 2016. On July 6, 2016, the Organization amended the payment terms to monthly payments of \$1,600 plus interest with one final payment equal to the then outstanding principal balance plus all unpaid interest and charges due on December 30, 2017. On December 30, 2017, the Organization renewed the line of credit for an additional three years extending the maturity date to December 30, 2020. The amended terms require 35 monthly installments each in the amount of \$1,700 commencing January 30, 2018 and one final installment on December 30, 2020 in an amount equal to the then unpaid principal and interest balance. The note bears interest equal to the lender's prime rate. In May 2018, interest on the loan was suspended and on April 10, 2020, HSBC forgave the entire outstanding principal balance of the loan. The loan is secured by the Organization's deposits and cash held by the bank and all rental properties.	\$399,506	\$419,906
The Organization entered into two line of credit agreements with Sabadell United Bank, N.A. with an aggregate borrowing up to \$100,000. The lines of credit require combined monthly payments of \$1,442 with an interest rate of 5.50% per annum and a final payment due one on December 5, 2019 and one on July 15, 2021. The loan is secured by the Organization's rental properties. During 2019, the Organization paid the remaining balance.	\$399,506	32,208 \$452,114

5. LOANS PAYABLE

LOANS PAYABLE		
	2019	2018
The Allen: Non-interest bearing surtax loan in the amount of \$500,000 from Miami-Dade County, Florida. The term of the note is 30 (thirty) years commencing August 1, 2011. During the first 24 months, and ending August 1, 2013, no payment of principal was due and payable. Commencing on August 1, 2013, the Allen is required to make annual payments of principal in the amount of \$16,667 until August 31, 2041 (the "maturity date"). Any remaining principal will become due and payable on the maturity date. The loan is collateralized by the Allen's building.		
The Allen is out of compliance with non-monetary financial reporting covenants set forth in the loan agreement. Such noncompliance may constitute an event of default, if, upon written notice from the lender, the Allen fails to cure the condition within 30 days. An event of default may cause the loan to become immediately due and payable and award further remedies to the lender including foreclosure of the property. The Allen has not received written notice from the lender that the Allen is in default. The Allen has a loan payable to Florida Community Bank with interest at a rate of 6.125% per annum, payable in monthly installments of principal and interest of \$1,905. The Principal and	\$463,888	\$480,555
accrued interest are due and payable October 15, 2021 (the "maturity date"). The loan is collateralized by the Allen building. The Allen has a construction loan payable to Florida Housing Finance Corporation ("FHFC") in the amount of \$750,000. The loan bears interest at a rate of 1% per annum on the outstanding principal balance and is secured by the Company's building. Under the terms of the loan, payments of principal and interest are deferred until November 10, 2039 (the "maturity date") at which point 25% of the loan, or \$187,500, will be forgiven provided the units for which the loan was awarded are targeted to low-income persons, as defined in the loan agreement.	196,896	210,038
The loan has a sinking fund requirement whereby excess cash flow, as calculated by the lender, may be required to be deposited into a sinking fund if the Company fails to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of 1.50 to 1.00. Amounts deposited to the sinking fund shall be applied to amounts due under the Loan at the maturity date thereof. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, there was no sinking fund required.	750,000	750,000

\$ 1,410,784 \$ 1,440,593

LOANS FATABLE (CONTINUED)	2019	2018
Meridian: The Organization entered into a construction loan payable to the National Housing Trust Community Development Fund (NHTCDF) in the amount of \$335,012 with interest at a rate of 6.5% per annum with a 10-year amortization schedule. An additional loan in the amount of \$300,000 with interest at a rate of 6.0% per annum and a 30-year amortization schedule was secured. The loans require combined monthly payments of principal and interest of approximately \$5,600, are secured by the Meridian building, and are due June 29, 2020. Management is working with the lender to secure a 5-year extension of the maturity date.	\$498,101	\$527,555
Non-interest bearing loan through the Florida Housing Financing Corporation, secured by Meridian building, due and payable on April 4, 2021. Management is working with lender to secure a 5-year extension on the maturity date.	1,000,000_ \$1,498,101	1,000,000_ \$ 1,527,555
The Jefferson: The Organization has a first mortgage loan payable to SunTrust Bank secured by the Jefferson Apartment building with monthly payments of interest and principal in the amount of \$2,703 with interest at a rate of 4.23% per annum and a 30-year amortization schedule with a balloon payment of principal in the amount of \$198,871 due on November 3, 2017. On June 5, 2018, the Organization entered into a fourth renewal on the loan, which changed the interest rate to 6.38% and extended the maturity date of the loan to June 3, 2023. Commencing July 3, 2018, the Organization is required to make equal monthly payments in the amount of \$2,107 for principal and interest and all remaining principal is due at maturity. MBCDC is a guarantor of the loan.	\$1,498,101	\$179,655
On December 9, 2003, the Organization entered into a Miami-Dade County Surtax Loan secured by the Jefferson Apartments building. For years 1 through 9, the loan bore zero interest and required monthly payments of approximately \$695. For years 10 through 30, interest is calculated at an annual interest rate of 1% per annum with monthly payments of principal and interest of approximately \$805 maturing on December 1, 2033.	121,530_ \$287,059	129,865 \$ 309,520
Michigan: Florida Community Loan Fund secured by the Michigan building with monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,362 with interest at a rate of 5.5% based on a 20-year amortization schedule and maturing on September 1, 2020. Management is working with the lender to secure a 5-year extension of the maturity date.	\$171,781	\$180,739
Miami-Dade County Surtax Loan secured by the Michigan building with monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,608 with interest at a rate of 1% per annum and maturing on April 12, 2035.	335,782	348,359
	\$507,563	\$ 529,098
	+30.,000	

LOANS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)		
	2019	2018
1551 Pennsylvania: Loan payable to JP Morgan Chase Bank secured by the Pennsylvania building with monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,934 at a variable interest rate ranging from 3.82% to 4.17% per annum. Unpaid principal and accrued interest are due and payable November 1, 2019. The loan balance was fully paid during fiscal year 2019.	\$ -	\$27,290
Miami-Dade County Surtax Loan secured by the Pennsylvania building with monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$2,203 with interest at a rate of 2% per annum and maturing on August 31, 2032.	350,742 \$350,742	376,275 \$ 403,565
Seymour: Non-interest bearing note payable to State of Florida Department of Community Affairs with monthly principal payments of \$2,208 matured on November 2018. The loan was paid in full upon the sale of the Seymour property on March 6, 2019.	\$ -	\$ 103,751
The Organization entered into a loan with Raza Development Fund, Inc. secured by the Seymour Hotel with monthly payments of interest and principal in the amount of \$4,639 with interest at a rate of 5.75% per annum and maturing on June 19, 2020. The loan was paid in full upon the sale of the Seymour property on March 6, 2019.	-	731,438
	\$ -	\$ 835,189

Villa Maria

Villa Maria and MBCDC entered into a joint and several loan with International Finance Bank which bears interest at a rate of 6.25% per annum with principal and interest payments in the amount of \$5,595 for the first five years, after which the interest rate shall be adjusted to the prevailing five year U.S. Treasury Note rate plus three and one-half (3.50%). The interest rate, however, shall never be less than 6.25%. Monthly principal and interest payments shall be adjusted based on the then outstanding principal balance and adjusted interest rate at the time the adjustment is made on a 25-year amortization schedule with a final payment sufficient to discharge any remaining interest and principal outstanding at the maturity date (June 22, 2022). The loan is collateralized by the Organization's deposit account and all real and personal property.

Villa Maria is out of compliance with non-monetary financial reporting covenants set forth in the loan agreement. Such noncompliance may constitute an event of default, if, upon written notice from the lender, Villa Maria fails to cure the condition within 30 days. An event of default may cause the loan to become immediately due and payable and award further remedies to the lender including foreclosure of the property. Villa Maria has not received written notice from the lender that Villa Maria is in default.

\$806,369 \$822,946

	2019	2018
Villa Maria (continued): Villa Maria received HOME Loan funds from Miami Dade County to finance a portion of the construction costs of the Villa Maria project. The loan accrues interest at 3.67% per annum. However, interest will not be collected unless the project fails to comply with the affordability requirements and restrictions set forth in the rental regulatory agreement through December 31, 2059, the maturity date. Upon maturity of the loan, the entire principal together with all unpaid interest will be due and payable. The deferred interest is included in the outstanding loan balance and the deferred interest balance was \$455,712 and \$396,567 as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The loan is collateralized by the building and all revenue and other benefits derived from the Villa Maria project.	\$ 1,670,712	\$ 1,611,567
Villa Maria entered into a non-interest bearing loan with Miami-Dade County (Surtax Loan) with payments of principal only in the amount of \$2,778 due monthly beginning February 28, 2011 until February 1, 2039, at which point any unpaid remaining principal shall be due and payable. The loan is collateralized by the building and all revenue and other benefits derived from the Villa Maria project. Villa Maria is out of compliance with non-monetary financial reporting covenants set forth in the loan agreement. Such noncompliance may constitute an event of default, if, upon written notice from the lender, Villa Maria fails to cure the condition within 30 days. An event of default may cause the loan to become immediately due and payable and award further remedies to the lender including foreclosure of the property. Villa Maria has not received written notice from the lender that Villa Maria is in default.	780,555	813,889
received written notice from the lender that villa Iviaria is in default.	\$ 3,257,636	\$ 3,248,402
Crespi:		
The Organization entered into a Surtax loan with Miami-Dade County Housing Agency payable in monthly installments of \$807 with an interest rate of 1% per annum maturing on August 7, 2032. The loan was secured by the Crespi Apartments building and assignment of leases contracts.		
On April 27, 2018, the Organization received a notice of default from Miami-Dade County for violating certain terms of the Rental Regulatory Agreement. As a result, Miami-Dade County declared the whole indebtedness under the loan immediately due and payable with the intent to proceed with foreclosure of the property. On October 31, 2018, the Organization paid off this loan with the proceeds of the new Crespi Raza loan.	\$ -	\$135,290
Non-interest bearing note payable to the State of Florida Department of Community Affairs with monthly payments of \$992, matured on July 2014. On October 31, 2018, the Organization paid off this loan with the proceeds of the new Crespi Raza loan.	¥	122,928

Crespi (continued):

On October 31, 2018, the Organization entered into a new loan with Raza Development Group, Inc. with a principal amount of \$480,000 for the purpose of refinancing and rehabilitating the Crespi property. The Organization used a portion of the new loan proceeds to pay off the existing Crespi loans payable to Miami-Dade County and Florida Department of Economic Affairs for \$146,382 and 122,928, respectively, and incurred settlement charges of \$21,557 in connection with this transaction. The Crespi Raza loan matures on October 31, 2028 and bears interest at a rate of 6.58% for the first twelve-month period. At the first anniversary of the loan, the interest rate will be recalculated, based on the formula of 350 basis points over the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield for the remaining nine-year term. The loan requires an interest reserve of \$23,000. For the first full twelve months, interest-only payments will be due and advanced from the Interest Reserve. On November 1, 2019, the loan converted to an amortizing loan of level principal and interest payments with the first amortizing payment due on December 1, 2019. The loan contains certain financial covenants, including maintenance of a debt service coverage ratio of 1.25x, as defined, and other nonfinancial covenants. The loan is secured by the Crespi property and MBCDC is a guarantor of the loan.

423,597	Α.
\$423,597	\$ 258,218

\$803,000

2019

2018

Westchester:

Miami-Dade County Surtax Loan secured by the Westchester building. During the construction period, only interest at a rate of 1% per annum accrued on the outstanding principal disbursed. Commencing January 30, 2008, monthly principal payments in the amount of \$3,333 are due with the loan maturing on December 31, 2036.

SunTrust Bank loan secured by the Westchester building with
monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,505
with interest at a rate of 7.85% per annum and maturing on
December 1, 2017. On June 5, 2018, the Organization entered
into a third renewal of the loan, which changed the interest rate to
6.38% and extended the maturity date of the loan to June 1, 2023.
Commencing July 1, 2018, the Organization is required to make
equal monthly payments in the amount of \$1,217 for principal and
interest and remaining principal is due at maturity. MBCDC is a
guarantor of the loan.

105,372
\$ 908,372

\$766,334

5. LOANS PATABLE (CONTINUED)		
,	2019	2018
Madison: Miami-Dade County (the "County") Home Investment Partnership Program Ioan (HOME) from HUD secured by the Madison building. Principal and accrued unpaid interest at a rate of 2.14% per annum which matured on December 27, 2017.		
By letter dated March 27, 2018, the County alleged that the maturity date of the loan had occurred on December 28, 2017 and that \$519,662 was due for principal and interest at the default rate from December 28, 2017. The letter afforded the Organization 30 days to cure the default and if not cured, the County would foreclose on the property. See Note 8, Conveyance of Title.	\$ -	\$558,729
Non-interest bearing Miami-Dade County Surtax loan secured by Madison building with monthly principal payments in the amount of \$1,042 and maturing on December 1, 2030. See Note 8, Conveyance of Title.	<u>-</u> _	210,314
	\$ -	\$ 769,043
Total	\$ 8,999,311	\$10,229,555
Less: Deferred financing costs, net _	(88,321)	(92,029)
Loans Payable _	\$ 8,910,990	\$10,137,526

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Year ending September 30,		Amount
2020	\$	1,262,863
2021		1,203,567
2022		1,122,528
2023		339,162
2024		152,726
Thereafter		4,918,465
Total		8,999,311
Less: Deferred financing costs, net		(88,321)
Lines of Credit and Loans Payable	5	8,910,990

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

	2019	2018
Fernwood: Fernwood: Fernwood was partially financed by a loan with the City of Miami dated August 16, 1999. The loan was used for the acquisition and rehabilitation of the Project and is not required to be repaid so long as the housing remains available to low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS for a period of 20 years from the date of full occupancy (approximately October 1, 2000). Failure to comply with the terms of the loan is considered an event of default and the entire principal amount of the loan plus accrued interest, as calculated from the original date of the loan at a rate of 6% per annum, will become due and payable.	\$500,000	\$500,000
Fernwood received a capital advance from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under Section 811 of the National Affordable Housing Act, as amended, dated November 14, 2000. The capital advance agreement is secured by a mortgage on the land, buildings and improvements. The mortgage is non-interest bearing and is not required to be repaid so long as the housing remains available to eligible very low-income elderly or disabled persons for a period of not less than 40 years, in accordance with Section 811 of the Housing Act, the Regulatory Agreements and Regulations. Failure to keep the housing available for disabled persons would result in HUD's billing the Organization for the entire capital advance outstanding plus interest since the date of the first advance. The Organization cannot transfer, dispose or encumber any of the mortgaged property without the approval of HUD.		
Failure to comply with the terms of the agreement or the regulations is considered an event of default, at which point HUD may take possession of the Project, and operate it in accordance with the terms of the Regulatory agreement. At HUD's discretion, it may return the property back to the Organization if it is in a position to operate the Project in accordance with the Regulatory Agreement.	1,278,200 \$1,778,200	1,278,200 \$1,778,200
Westchester: Non-interest bearing HOME loan through the City of Miami Beach, Florida, secured by the Westchester building in Miami Beach, Florida. MBCDC is not required to make payments on the mortgage unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the 15 year affordability period which expires starting July 2, 2018 until August 23, 2021. On July 2, 2018, Westchester met the affordability period requirement on one of the loans and released that loan balance, \$1,007,473, from restriction during the year ended September 30, 2018.		
	\$1,288,324	\$1,288,324

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (CONTINUED)

	2019	2018
Villa Maria: The Organization received HOME Loan funds from City of Miami Beach to finance a portion of the construction costs of the Project. The loan is non-interest bearing and is not required to be repaid so long as the housing remains available to eligible low income, elderly person households for a period of 20 years from the date of initial occupancy, in accordance with the HOME contract with the City of Miami Beach. Failure to keep the housing available for low-income persons would result in the whole indebtedness due and payable upon default.	\$3,385,273	\$3,385,273
The Organization received a non-interest bearing construction loan under the Special Housing Assistance and Development Program. The principal balance matured on July 27, 2019. Upon maturity of the loan, the loan balance was forgiven. The property remains subject to a land use restriction agreement with Florida Housing Finance Corporation where the property must continue to set aside the units as affordable housing units for a period of 50 years as specified in the terms of the agreement.	-	2,000,000
The Organization received a SHIP grant through the City. The loan has the same terms and conditions of the HOME loan from the City of Miami Beach as described above. The funds shall be repaid in their entirety to the City, in accordance with the provisions of the HOME Program in the event the housing is transferred or sold for any purpose other than settling the estate of one of the owners.	333,179 \$3,718,452	333,179 \$5,718,452

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (CONTINUED)

	2019	2018
Shelbourne: The Shelbourne was financed by a note (capital advance) with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under Section 811 of the National Affordable Housing Act.		
The capital advance agreement is secured by a mortgage on the land, buildings and improvements. The mortgage is non-interest bearing and is not required to be repaid so long as the housing remains available to eligible low income, disabled persons for a period of 40 years (ends April 1, 2036) in accordance with Section 811 of the Housing Act, the Regulatory Agreements and Regulations. Failure to keep the housing available for disabled persons would result in HUD billing the Organization for the entire capital advance outstanding plus interest since the date of the first advance. The Organization cannot transfer, dispose or encumber any of the mortgaged property without the approval of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.		
Failure to comply with the terms of the note, mortgage, regulatory agreement or the regulations is considered an event of default and the entire principal amount of the note (capital advance) will become due and payable and HUD will have the right to immediately foreclose the mortgage.	\$1,564,702	\$1,564,702
Michigan: The Organization received two non-interest bearing HOME loans from HUD through the City of Miami Beach in the amount of \$1,517,008 on September 10, 2003 and \$709,470 on July 7, 2004. The Organization is not required to make payments on the loan unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the twenty (20) year affordability period which expires starting August 23, 2021 until July 7, 2024.	\$2,226,478	\$2,226,478
Miami-Dade County Housing Agency Surtax Loan secured by the Michigan building with interest at a rate of 2% per annum until May 12, 2008 and zero percent (0%) thereafter. The loan requires annual payments of interest only in the amount of \$10,000 until May 12, 2008 and no interest payments thereafter. The outstanding balance will be forgiven in 20% increments starting May 20, 2018 until May 12, 2022 if the Organization complies with the terms of the loan. During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Organization released \$85,667 and \$107,084, respectively, of this net asset balance from restriction.	342,668	428,335
-	\$2,569,146	\$2,654,813
Meridian: Non-interest bearing Redevelopment Agency (RDA) loan through the City of Miami Beach, Florida that is secured by the Meridian apartment building. The Organization is not required to make payments on the mortgage unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the 30 year affordability period which expires December 21, 2041.	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000

6. **NET ASSETS WITH RESTRICTIONS** (CONTINUED)

	2019	2018
Meridian: (Continued) Non-interest bearing HOME loans from HUD through the City of Miami Beach, Florida. Meridian is not required to make payments on the mortgage unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the affordability period ranging from 15 to 30 years starting June 8, 2023 until December 31, 2041.	2,131,791	2,131,791
Pursuant to resolution No. R51-10, the Board of County Commissioners for Miami-Dade County approved a District 5 grant allocation of \$434,431 "County Grant" from project No. 249 "Preservation of Affordable Housing Units and Expansion of Home Ownership" Building Better Communities General Obligation Bond Program "BBC GOB Program" to Meridian. There is no payment on the mortgage unless Meridian fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the 30 year affordability period, which expires January 29, 2043.	434,431	434,431
Non-interest bearing Miami-Dade County Surtax Loan secured by the Meridian in Miami Beach, Florida. Meridian is not required to make payments on the mortgage unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the 30 year affordability period. Loan will be forgivable at maturity on August 2, 2037.	1,379,370	1,379,370
Non-interest bearing Miami-Dade County HOME Loan secured by Meridian Apartments building in Miami Beach, Florida. Meridian is not required to make payments on the mortgage unless it fails to adhere to the provisions of the agreement during the 20 year affordability period. If the provisions of the agreement are met, the loan will be forgivable at maturity on June 8, 2023.	115,088 \$5,560,680	115,088 \$5,560,680
The Allen: The Organization has a non-interest bearing note payable to the City of Miami Beach secured by a mortgage on the property. The note is due 30 (thirty) years from July 5, 2011 (the "Affordability Period") and contains restrictive covenants requiring the property to be used as affordable housing for a period of 30 years under the rules and regulations of the United States Department of Housing (HUD). At the conclusion of the Affordability Period, the mortgagee has the option to extend the Mortgage Security Agreement and Affordability Period for additional terms, or require the Mortgagor on written demand to execute and deliver a Special Warranty Deed conveying title in the Premises to the Mortgagee.	\$1,024,708	\$1,024,708

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (CONTINUED)

	2019	2018
The Allen: (Continued) The Organization has a non-interest bearing loan from the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency ("RDA") to restore and preserve its premises and with the purpose of providing affordable rental housing for low to moderate income individuals and families. No principal or interest payments are required as long as the premises are used as an affordable rental property for 30 (thirty) years commencing on April 30, 2007, the date of issuance of a Final Certificate of Completion for the renovation (the "affordability period"). At the conclusion of the Affordability Period, the mortgagee has the option to extend the Mortgage Security Agreement and Affordability Period for additional terms, or require the Mortgagor on written demand to execute and deliver a Special Warranty Deed conveying title in the Premises to the Mortgagee. The loan is collateralized by the Organization's building.		
	3,469,348 \$4,494,056	3,469,348 \$4,494,056
Camacho: On August 10, 2010, the Organization obtained financing of \$930,850 and an additional \$21,249 in 2012 from the City of Miami for the acquisition and rehabilitation of the Camacho project. The note is secured by a mortgage on the property. No interest is accrued before the Project completion date, as defined. Subsequent to the Project completion date, interest on the outstanding principal balance is accrued at 3% per annum for a period of 30 years. No payments of principal and interest are due during the 30-year period. If, at the end of the 30 years (February 28, 2043), the Organization has complied with all of the terms of the agreement, the loan will be forgiven.	\$952,099	\$952,099
On February 7, 2012, the Organization obtained a noninterest-bearing loan in the amount of \$3,704,147 from Miami-Dade County under the General Obligation Bond Program. The loan proceeds were used for the payment of construction costs and the developer fee on the Camacho project. The loan is subordinated to the City of Miami loan, matures in 30 years and will be forgiven if the Organization complies with the terms of the loan agreement		
during the 30 year compliance period ending on January 21, 2040.	3,155,422	3,155,422
	\$4,107,521	\$4,107,521

6. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS (CONTINUED)

	2019	2018
Villa Matti:		
The Project was financed by a mortgage note (capital advance) with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended. The capital advance agreement is secured by a mortgage on the land, building and improvements. The mortgage is non-interest bearing and is not required to be repaid so long as the housing remains available to eligible low-income, elderly person households for a period of 40 years, in accordance with Section 202 of the Housing Act, the Regulatory Agreements and Regulations. The Organization cannot transfer, dispose or encumber any of the mortgaged property without the approval of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.		
Failure to comply with the terms of the note, mortgage, Regulatory Agreement or the Regulations is considered an event of default and the entire principal amount of the note (capital advance) may become due and payable.	\$5,255,452	\$5,255,452
The Organization received Home Loan funds from Miami Dade County to finance a portion of the construction costs of the Project. The loan is non-interest bearing and is not required to be repaid as long as the housing remains available to eligible low-income, elderly person households for a period of 40 years from the date of initial occupancy, in accordance with Home contract with Miami		
Dade County.	1,500,000	1,500,000
	\$6,755,452	\$6,755,452
	\$31,836,533	\$33,922,200

7. SALE OF RENTAL PROPERTY, NET

During the year ended September 30, 2015, MBCDC entered into a Release of Rental Regulatory Restrictions and Affordability Period Agreement (the "Agreement") with Miami-Dade County to sell the nine condominium units owned by Scattered Sites. Under the terms of the Agreement, a portion of the net proceeds received from the sale of the units is applied to the outstanding balance of the Scattered Sites Miami Dade County Surtax Ioan and to the Jefferson Miami Dade County Surtax Loan arrearage. In addition, Miami Dade County will charge MBCDC a penalty equal to 10% of the sale price of each unit. In exchange, Miami-Dade County will release its interest in the Scattered Sites building from the affordability period of the building.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Organization sold the last remaining condominium unit owned by Scattered Sites for a sale price of \$160,000. The difference between the sale price and the net book value of the condominium unit at the sale date is reported as gain on sale of assets on the accompanying statement of activities.

On March 6, 2019, the Organization sold the Seymour building for a sale price of \$2,210,000 less settlement costs of \$134,100. A portion of the sale proceeds was used to payoff the existing loans on the Seymour building, the Raza Development loan and the loan from the Florida Department of Financial Services for \$733,394 and \$103,750, respectively. The Organization recognized a gain on sale of property of \$1,134,282 during the year ended September 30, 2019.

8. CONVEYANCE OF TITLE

The Organization entered into a settlement agreement with Miami-Dade County whereby the County agreed to release the Madison property from all indebtedness and liability pertaining to the loans held with the County in exchange for the conveyance of title of the Madison property to Miami-Dade County. The settlement was reached after the Organization defaulted under the terms of its loan agreement. In response to the default, Miami-Dade County charged additional interest on the loan at the default rate of 18%, which amounted to \$194,560 of additional interest expense for the year ended September 30, 2018, which is included in interest expense in the accompanying statement of activities and in loans payable on the accompanying statement of financial position. The outstanding value of the loans to be exchanged for the conveyance of title is \$768,593. As of September 30, 2018, the net book value of the Madison property, excluding any working capital balances, was \$1,001,761. Accordingly, the Organization recorded an impairment loss in the amount of \$233,168 for the year ended September 30, 2018 in order to state the value of the property at the stipulated loan value. Effective October 1, 2018, Miami-Dade County took control of the property. As of the date of this report, the conveyance of title has not been completed.

9. GUARANTEES

MBCDC provides guarantees to certain lenders who provide financing for the acquisition and construction of low-income housing projects developed by its controlled limited liability companies. Under these guarantees, MBCDC provides assurance of project completion and provides repayment guarantees for the associated loans.

10. PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, MBCDC served under contract as the management agent for its subsidiaries and affiliates. Property management fees and janitorial services earned under the terms of the contract have been eliminated in consolidation. During 2019, management contracts with MBCDC were terminated and MBCDC was replaced by a third-party management company.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Organization hired a new management company for its property management and accounting services. The property management agreement is in effect for a period of one year and was automatically renewed at the end of the term. The rental properties are required to pay a management fee which ranges from 4.35% to 7% of gross collections received in the preceding month or a fixed amount per unit, whichever is greater. The agreement may be terminated by either party when written notice is given to the other party. Management fees incurred under this agreement totaled \$122,750 and \$0 for all the rental properties for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Prior to the termination of its employees during fiscal year 2019, MBCDC employees earned vacation at varied rates depending upon employee classification and length of service. As of March 31, 2019, MBCDC no longer had employees. The liability for compensated absences was \$30,585 and \$0 as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant and property use restrictions

The properties owned by MBCDC were developed using monies provided by grants and restrictive, low interest rate loans. The terms of these loans restrict the use of the property and generally require it be rented to low-income qualified tenants for the period of the grant or related loan term. MBCDC and its subsidiaries also receive grants with restrictions other than property use. Failure to comply with the terms of the grant or the loans could result in a requirement to repay a portion or all of the proceeds received or deed the title of the property to the grantor or creditor.

Rental assistance contracts

Many of the properties affiliated with the Organization have entered into rental assistance contracts with HUD. These contracts have various terms and require the affiliate projects to operate as low-income housing properties and to obtain HUD approval for all rent increases.

Surplus cash and residual receipts

Certain properties owned by MBCDC and its subsidiaries are subject to HUD regulatory agreements, which restrict the use of the property and limit the use of project cash. Under these regulatory agreements, the subsidiaries are precluded from receiving any distributions of operating cash. A surplus cash calculation is required to be prepared annually and any surplus cash, as defined, is required to be deposited in a residual receipts account controlled by HUD.

Legal Proceedings

The Organization may be subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. Management believes that any liability that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Organization.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Other

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Organization reached a final settlement with HUD related to a penalty assessed in a prior period. The assessed penalty was originally \$42,500, but the Organization reached a final settlement with HUD in the amount of \$2,500. Thus, the Organization realized a gain on settlement of \$40,000, which is recorded as gain on settlement of HUD penalty on the accompanying statement of activities.

13. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

MBCDC obtains and employs substantial capital from various federal, state and local governmental agencies, including HUD. In addition, MBCDC obtains funding from private equity groups including national, state and local banks and financial institutions. Failure to comply with covenants and conditions imposed by the agreements governing the Organization's indebtedness could restrict future borrowing or cause debt to become immediately due and payable.

14. AVAILABILITY AND LIQUIDITY

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position for general expenditures are as follows:

Cash	\$ 851,503
Accounts receivable	74,904
Cash in replacement reserve account	 733,928
Total financial assets	\$ 1,660,335

Funds from the replacement reserve may be used for the Project only after written consent from HUD, creditors or other parties. The Organization maintains a policy of structuring its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to September 30, 2019, the rental properties entered into an Intercompany Services agreement with MBCDC for administrative, sales and marketing, and technical services. The fee payable by the Organization is equal to the surplus revenue generated from the operations of the Project after payment of any applicable costs, fees and payments to other sources, including management fees to third parties and funding of reserve requirements by applicable funding sources. The term of the agreement shall be one year and the agreement will renew automatically for successive terms of one year unless MBCDC gives written notice to the Organization.

Subsequent to fiscal year end 2019, HSBC forgave the outstanding balance on the line of credit. The outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$399,506 as of September 30, 2019.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. Unemployment claims filed since the start of the pandemic due to business closures have had a detrimental impact on the economy, which has been pronounced on hourly employees in the hospitality, travel and retail service sectors, who are typically lower-income and whose inability to pay rent has a direct destabilizing effect on Affordable Housing. As a result, the Affordable Housing industry has seen a decline in rent collections. Measures have been taken by the government under the CARES Act in an effort to protect residents, including suspension of late fees and evictions. Management is following government and regulatory guidelines, which include accommodations for safe collection of rent payments. The impact that COVID-19 will have on the Organization is uncertain.



6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200 Miami, Florida 33126-6025 Ph: (305) 373-0123 • (800) 330-4728 Fax: (305) 374-4415 www.glsccpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors

Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Organization"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of September 30, 2019, and the related consolidated statements of activities, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003 and 2019-004 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

To the Board of Directors Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003 and 2019-004.

Organization's Response to Findings

The Organization's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Organization's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida August 7, 2020





6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200 Miami, Florida 33126-6025 Ph: (305) 373-0123 • (800) 330-4728 Fax: (305) 374-4415 www.glsccpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc.'s, a nonprofit organization, ("MBCDC") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of MBCDC's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019. MBCDC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of MBCDC's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about MBCDC's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the MBCDC's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, MBCDC complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019.



To the Board of Directors Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc.

Emphasis-of-Matter

MBCDC's consolidated financial statements include the operations of MBCDC: Fernwood Apartments, Inc., The Shelbourne Apartment Building, Inc., MBCDC: Villa Maria, LLC and MBCDC Villa Matti, Inc., collectively, the "HUD Projects", whose federal awards totaled \$15,998,012 and are not included in Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc.'s schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended September 30, 2019. Our audit, described below, did not include the federal awards of the HUD Projects because a Single Audit was performed individually for each HUD Project and the federal awards were reported by each entity in its respective schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001, 2019-002, and 2019-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

MBCDC's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. MBCDC's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of MBCDC is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the MBCDC's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the MBCDC's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identity certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001, 2019-002, and 2019-004, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.



The Organization's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Organization's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida August 7, 2020



MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(a nonprofit organization)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

FEDERAL GRANTOR	CFDA	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Pass-Through City of Miami		
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 952,099
Pass-Through Miami-Dade County Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	115,088
Pass-Through City of Miami Beach Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	7,879,444
Total Home Investment Partnerships Program		7,994,532
Pass-Through City of Miami Beach Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	296,491
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 9,243,122

MIAMI BEACH COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INC. NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc., a nonprofit organization, ("MBCDC"), under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of MBCDC, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of MBCDC.

The Schedule includes only the awards of MBCDC that are required to be audited under Uniform Guidance. The federal awards of the consolidated subsidiaries MBCDC: Fernwood Apartments, Inc., The Shelbourne Apartment Building, Inc., MBCDC: Villa Maria, LLC and MBCDC Villa Matti, Inc. were reported by the subsidiaries on each entity's respective schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, "Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations" and the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

MBCDC has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

The Single Audit was performed in accordance with the provisions of the OMB Compliance Supplement (Revised August 2019, the Compliance Supplement). Compliance testing of all requirements, as described in the Compliance Supplement, was performed for the grant programs noted on the Schedule. MBCDC does not qualify as a low risk auditee, based on the guidelines listed in the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, the programs listed on the Schedule represent all Federal award programs tested to ensure coverage of at least forty percent of federally granted funds. Actual coverage is approximately 97% of total federal award program expenditures.

4. FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAMS

MBCDC has received grant advances under multiple federal programs as listed below. The loan balances outstanding at the beginning of the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. MBCDC did not receive additional grant advances during the year. The balance of the grant advances outstanding at September 30, 2019 consists of:

PROGRAM NAME	CFDA <u>NUMBER</u>	OUTSTANDING BALANCE
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	952,099
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	7,994,532
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	296,491

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. and Subsidiaries, a nonprofit organization (the "Organization").
- There were no material weaknesses identified in the audit and there were significant deficiencies reported in the internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements prepared in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. There were instances of noncompliance or other matters that were disclosed in the audit.
- 4. There were instances of noncompliance relating to the audit of major federal awards program reported in the report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- Significant deficiencies relating to the audit of major federal awards program were reported in the report on compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- 6. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal awards programs of MBCDC expressed an unmodified opinion.
- Audit findings related to the major federal awards programs for MBCDC are reported in Section III of this schedule.
- 8. The programs tested as major programs include:

Home Investment Partnerships Program CFDA # 14.239
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants CFDA # 14.218

- 9. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 10. The Organization was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2019-003 (previously 2017-002)

B. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2019-001 (previously 2018-003) 2019-002 (previously 2018-005) 2019-004 (previously 2017-003)

SECTION III – STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

See Section II 2019-003.

B. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

See Section II 2019-001, 2019-002, and 2019-004.

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2019-001 Tenant Eligibility Records (previously 2018-003)

Condition:

We selected 13 files for testing in the current year. Out of the 13 files selected, we identified seven tenants for whom an annual recertification was not performed within one year of the previous lease start date.

Criteria:

Eligibility criteria is set forth in the August 2019 Compliance Supplement.

Cause:

Management failed to exercise effective oversight over the processing

and maintenance of records related to tenant information.

Effect:

Failure to perform the required re-certification may result in an event of default under the terms of the corresponding loan.

Recommendation:

Management should perform monthly reviews of the rent rolls, which include verifying that an annual re-certification has been performed for any tenant who has reached the anniversary date of their lease during

that month.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: During fiscal year 2019, the Organization transitioned its property management and affordable housing compliance to a reputable third-party management company with robust internal controls over compliance. However, given the timing of the transition and the volume of tenant records involved in the overall transfer of the MBCDC affordable housing projects to the new management company, there were some delays in processing the annual reexaminations of tenant eligibility. Management does not expect to encounter these delays moving forward as all tenant files have been uploaded to the management system where internal controls are in place to ensure timeliness of reexaminations, including automated system reminders at

least 60 days prior to the tenant's annual renewal date.

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2019-002 Tenant Rent Overcharge (previously 2018-005)

Condition: One HOME-assisted unit was found to have been charged a rental that

exceeded the allowed rent limit.

Criteria: In accordance with the compliance supplement, HOME-assisted units in

a rental housing project must be occupied only by households that are eligible as low-income families and must meet certain limits on the rents

that can be charged.

Cause: Management's controls over ensuring tenants are being charged the

correct rent amount did not operate effectively during the period.

Effect: Failure to charge tenants within the appropriate guidelines could result in

an event of default under the terms of the corresponding loan.

Recommendation: Management should perform in-depth reviews of the rent rolls and

corresponding guidelines to ensure rents charged to tenants do not

exceed the allowed rent limit.

View of Responsible

Officials and Planned Corrective

Actions:

During fiscal year 2019, the Organization transitioned its property management and affordable housing compliance to a reputable third-party management company with robust internal controls over compliance. However, given the timing of the transition and the volume of tenant records involved in the overall transfer of the MBCDC affordable housing projects to the new management company, there were some delays in processing the annual reexaminations of tenant eligibility. Management does not expect to encounter these delays moving forward as all tenant files have been uploaded to the management system where internal controls are in place to ensure timeliness of reexaminations, including automated system reminders at least 60 days prior to the tenant's annual renewal date.

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2019-003 Financial Reporting (previously 2017-002)

Condition: The Organization has not complied with the financial reporting covenant

set forth in certain of its loan agreements.

Criteria: The Organization is required to submit audited financial statements within

90 days of its balance sheet date, as specified, under the terms of the

Miami-Dade County surtax loan.

Cause: Management has taken measures to remediate deficiencies in internal

control over financial reporting that existed under the former management team, including a recent implementation of a new accounting system. However, due to the timing of the transition, and the fact that this reporting deadline does not coincide with the Organization's other regulatory reporting requirements, the audit of the Organization was not completed

within 90 days of fiscal year end.

Effect: Violation of loan covenants may result in an event of default under the

terms of the loans, which if not cured within a specified time period after written notice from the lender, may cause the principal and unpaid interest balance of the loan to become immediately due and payable as well as provide other remedies to the lender, including, but not limited to, taking

possession of the building.

Recommendation: The Organization should communicate with the loan's counterparty to

modify/waive this reporting requirement or reach an agreement that aligns with the Organization's other regulatory reporting requirements, which

requires audited financial statements within nine months of fiscal year-end.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The Organization will contact the lender and associated parties in order to try to reach an agreement to make audited financial statements available after nine months after fiscal year end instead of three months as this

would coincide with its regulatory reporting requirements.

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2019-004 Annual Re-Certification (previously 2017-003)

A selected tenant file submitted for review was missing evidence of a

current annual recertification.

Criteria: Per the Rental Regulatory Agreement, tenant income for NSP-assisted

units shall be certified by the Owner annually on the anniversary of each

tenant's lease and maintained in the tenant file.

Cause: Management's controls over ensuring annual re-certifications are

completed and kept in the tenant file did not operate effectively during the

period.

Effect: Failure to perform the required re-certification may result in an event of

default under the terms of the corresponding loan.

Recommendation: Management should perform monthly reviews of the rent rolls, which

include verifying that an annual re-certification has been performed for any tenant who has reached the anniversary date of their lease during that month. Management should also employ sufficiently competent personnel to remediate conditions existing in the tenant files and exercise more effective oversight over the tenant eligibility process for re-examination of

existing tenants.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

Condition:

During fiscal year 2019, the Organization transitioned its property management and affordable housing compliance to a reputable third-party management company with robust internal controls over compliance. However, given the timing of the transition and the volume of tenant records involved in the overall transfer of the MBCDC affordable housing projects to the new management company, there were some delays in processing the annual reexaminations of tenant eligibility. Management does not expect to encounter these delays moving forward as all tenant files have been uploaded to the management system where internal controls are in place to ensure timeliness of reexaminations, including automated system reminders at least 60 days prior to the tenant's annual

renewal date.

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2018 - 001 Financial Statement Year-End Closing Process and Review of Journal Entries

Condition: During our audit, we identified that management did not perform a proper

financial statement close as certain year-end adjustments, including adjustments for insurance and depreciation expense, had not been recorded in the property's general ledger. In addition, during our audit, there was no evidence of review of journal entries recorded during the

year.

Criteria: The financial statements must be in conformity with accounting principles

generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Cause: Change in management personnel and staff at and near the

Organization's fiscal year-end resulted in failure to record year-end closing adjustments for the GAAP financial statements. Further, a lack of segregation of duties resulted in recording of journal entries without

secondary review or approval.

Effect: Failure to record the year-end closing adjustments and/or potentially

inaccurate or unauthorized journal entries recorded during the year may

result in a material misstatement of the financial statements.

Recommendation: The Organization should implement internal controls over financial

reporting to ensure all year-end adjustments are recorded in a timely manner, including, but not limited to, implementation of a financial close checklist and management review of financial statements. In addition, the Organization should have a clearly defined review and approval process

for journal entries recorded during the year.

Current year status: During fiscal year 2019, the Organization outsourced its property

management and accounting services to a reputable third-party property management company. In addition, the Organization hired a reputable third-party accounting firm, to perform the year-end close for the Organization. Management now receives more detailed and timely financial information on a monthly basis by which to evaluate and review the financial statements for material errors or inconsistencies, including detailed analysis of budget to actual comparisons by account line item. With these changes, management has effectively implemented internal controls over financial reporting that reduce the risk of material

misstatement of the financial statements. Comment will not be repeated.

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2018 - 002 Missing Records

Condition: In connection with audit procedures performed to test accounts payable

and cash disbursements, management was unable to provide copies of

invoices for selections chosen for examination.

Criteria: The Organization should maintain adequate records to support the

transactions recorded during the year.

Cause: It appears that turnover in management and staff near the end of the fiscal

year resulted in misplacement of records.

Effect: Validity of transactions may be questioned without proper supporting

documentation.

Recommendation: The Organization should implement an effective system of internal controls

over financial reporting that includes proper oversight and organization of

the Organization's records.

Current year

During fiscal year 2019, the Organization transitioned its property status: management and accounting services to a reputable third-party property

management company with robust procedures and internal controls over financial reporting including proper maintenance of records. Management was able to provide requested support for all disbursement selections.

Comment will not be repeated.

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2018 - 004 Error in HUD Subsidy Billing and Revenue Recognition

Condition: During our audit, we identified that the Organization used the incorrect

contract rental rate in the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) vouchers that were submitted to HUD on a monthly basis at one of its rental properties. The error in the HAP vouchers resulted in errors in the HUD subsidy payments. This error resulted in HUD being under billed by approximately \$10,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018, which also impacts the financial statements as revenue is misstated as a result of the

error. The tenants' portion of the rent was not impacted by this error.

Criteria: HUD assistance payments should match the terms of the corresponding

contract and the financial statements shall reflect the contractual revenue earned under the terms of the contract in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Cause: The Organization's internal controls over monitoring of HUD monthly

billings did not operate effectively during the year.

Effect: Rental subsidy payments and potentially tenant rental payments may be

materially incorrect, and the financial statements may be materially

misstated as a result of the error.

Recommendation: The Organization should implement effective controls to ensure rent

adjustments are captured in a timely manner and amounts billed to HUD

are accurate.

Current year The Organization hired a third-party property management company with a status:

The Organization hired a third-party property management company with a robust compliance department which submits HAP vouchers to HUD

robust compliance department which submits HAP vouchers to HUD monthly. The vouchers are reviewed each month to ensure the Organization is inputting the correct information in the HAP vouchers including the correct amount of contract rent. We did not identify instances of differences between the actual contract rent and the HAP vouchers. We also noticed that when the contract rent changed, appropriate adjustments

were made to the HAP vouchers. Comment will not be repeated.

SECTION III - STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2017 - 001 Prior Period Adjustment

Condition: The Organization did not accrue interest on one of its loans resulting

in a material misstatement of the prior year financial statements.

Criteria: In accordance with the provisions of the Miami-Dade County HOME

loan agreement, interest on the loan shall be due and payable upon

maturity of the loan.

Cause: Management treated the loan as a non-interest bearing loan as the

loan does not require interest payments during the term of the loan as long as the Organization remains in compliance with the rental regulatory requirements of the loan. However, although there is a deferment period on the loan in which interest is not required to be paid, the interest is due at maturity, and therefore should have been

accrued.

Effect: The prior year financial statements (September 30, 2016) were

misstated.

Recommendation: Management should engage the appropriate personnel, including

legal counsel, to review the terms of significant agreements in order to ascertain the amounts due in connection with such agreements and implement a financial close checklist that includes accrual of

interest on applicable loans.

Current Year Status: During fiscal year 2019, the Organization outsourced its property

management and accounting services to a reputable third-party property management company. In addition, the Organization hired a reputable third-party accounting firm to perform the year-end close for the Organization. Management now receives more detailed and timely financial information on a monthly basis by which to evaluate and review the financial statements for material errors or inconsistencies, including proper review of accrued interest balances. With these changes, management has effectively implemented internal controls over financial reporting that reduce the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements. Comment will not

be repeated.

SECTION III - STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2016 - 002 Due to / Due From account reconciliation

Condition: Due to/from affiliate accounts are not reconciled on a regular basis.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining accurate accounting records

for Due to/from affiliate accounts to ensure maintenance of proper books

and records.

Cause: The Organization does not have effective internal controls over financial

reporting to ensure timely preparation and reviews of account

reconciliations.

Effect: Transactions between affiliate entities may not be captured completely and

accurately in the books and records of the Organization resulting in a

material misstatement of the financial statements.

Recommendation: The Organization should implement effective financial reporting policies

and procedures and internal controls to oversee the implementation of such policies and procedures that will enable management to prepare and

review account reconciliations on a monthly basis.

Current year status: During fiscal year 2019, management hired a third-party consulting/CPA

firm to review and reconcile all due to/due from accounts. During the fiscal year 2019 audit, we observed the due to/due from accounts were properly reconciled and internal controls were in place to ensure account balances

were accurate and complete. Comment will not be repeated.

SECTION III - STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

2015 - 003 Data Collection

Condition: The Organization did not submit the data collection form or reporting

package to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within the required timeline.

Criteria: In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, the audit package and the data

collection form shall be submitted 30 days after receipt of the auditors' report(s), or 9 months after the end of the fiscal year —whichever comes first, unless a longer period is agreed to in advance by the cognizant or oversight agency for audit. Consistent with this requirement, the Organization must also file audited financial statement data with HUD no

later than 9 months after the Organization's fiscal year end.

Cause: Due to change in personnel at the end of the Organization's fiscal year

end, there were delays in the financial close and reporting process that prevented the Organization from complying with the financial reporting

requirements.

Effect: The Organization is out of compliance with the requirements of the

Uniform Guidance.

Recommendation: The Organization should implement a sound financial close and reporting

process to ensure compliance with its various reporting requirements.

Current year status: The Organization will submit the data collection form and reporting

package on a timely basis. Comment will not be repeated.



Building and Sustaining Community - Unique, Vibrant, Diverse CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

August 7, 2020

Federal Audit Clearinghouse

Miami Beach Community Development Corporation, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Auditor:

GLSC & Company, PLLC

6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200

Miami, Florida 33126

The findings from the September 30, 2019 schedule of findings and questioned costs related to federal award programs are discussed below.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

OTHER MATTER

2019-003

Financial Reporting

(previously 2017-

002)

Recommendation: The Organization should communicate with the loan's counterparty to modify/waive this reporting requirement or reach an agreement that

aligns with the Organization's other regulatory reporting requirements, which

requires audited financial statements within nine months of fiscal year-end.

Action Taken: We concur with the recommendation.

FINDINGS—FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDITS

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2019-001

Tenant Files

(previously 2018 -

003)

Recommendation: Management should perform monthly reviews of the rent rolls, which include verifying that an annual re-certification has been performed for any

tenant who has reached the anniversary date of their lease during that month.

Action Taken: We concur with the recommendation, and we have hired a third-party property management company with a robust compliance department that will help

ensure proper compliance with eligibility requirements is maintained.



Building and Sustaining Community – Unique, Vibrant, Diverse

FINDINGS—FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDITS (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES (CONTINUED)

2019-002

Tenant Rent Overcharge

(previously 2018 –

005)

Recommendation: Management should perform in-depth reviews of the rent rolls and corresponding guidelines to ensure rents charged to tenants do not exceed the

allowed rent limit.

Action Taken: We concur with the recommendation, and we have hired a third-party property management company with a robust compliance department that will help ensure proper compliance with eligibility requirements is maintained.

2019-004

(previously 2017 –

Sincerely yours,

003)

Annual Re-certification

Recommendation: Management should perform monthly reviews of the rent rolls, which include verifying that an annual re-certification has been performed for any tenant who has reached the anniversary date of their lease during that month.

Action Taken: We concur with the recommendation, and we have hired a third-party property management company with a robust compliance department that will help ensure proper compliance with eliqibility requirements is maintained.

If the Federal Audit Clearinghouse has questions regarding this plan, please call Ahmed Martin at (305) 538-0090.

Alamand Martin	
Ahmed Martin	
Executive Director	

