



April 28, 2020

Mr. David Martin
Alton Mixed Use Investments, LLC
2665 South Bayshore Drive, Suite 1020
Coconut Grove, Florida 33133

**Re: 300 Alton Road
Miami Beach, Florida
Trip Generation Analysis**

Dear Mr. Martin:

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. has performed a trip generation analysis for the proposed redevelopment located at 300 Alton Road in Miami Beach Florida. Currently, the site proposed for redevelopment is occupied by 26,296 square feet of retail space, 950 total restaurant seats, and a 400-berth marina. The proposed redevelopment consists of approximately 20,000 square feet of retail space, 250 restaurant seats, 15,000 square feet of office, 60 multifamily residential units, and a 400-berth marina. Please note that the 400-berth marina is existing to remain as part of the proposed redevelopment. A location map and conceptual site plan are provided in Attachment A.

TRIP GENERATION ANALYSIS

A trip generation analysis was conducted using the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th Edition for the existing and proposed redevelopment plans. The trip generation for the existing development was determined utilizing ITE Land Use Code (LUC) 820 (Shopping Center), 931 (Quality Restaurant), and 420 (Marina). The trip generation for the proposed redevelopment was determined utilizing ITE LUC 820 (Shopping Center), 931 (Quality Restaurant), 710 (General Office Building), 420 (Marina), and 222 (Multifamily Housing [High-Rise]).

A multimodal (public transit, bicycle, and pedestrian) factor based on US Census *Means of Transportation to Work* data was reviewed for the census tract in which the project is located. The US Census data indicated that there is a 21.8 percent (21.8%) multimodal factor based on the project's location. However, to provide a conservative analysis, a multimodal factor of 20.0 percent (20.0%) was applied to the trip generation calculations to account for the urban environment in which the project is located. It is expected that a portion of residents, employees, guests, and patrons will choose to walk, bike, or use public transit to and from the site.

Internal capture is expected between complementary land uses within the project. Internal capture trips for the project were determined based upon methodology contained in the ITE's *Trip Generation Handbook*, 3rd Edition. An internal capture rate of 6.9 percent (6.9%) for the A.M. peak hour trip generation and an internal capture rate of 31.2 percent (31.2%) for the P.M. peak hour trip generation are expected for the existing development. An internal capture rate of 7.6 percent (7.6%) for the A.M. peak hour trip generation and an internal capture rate of 32.0 percent (32.0%) for the P.M. peak hour trip generation are expected for the proposed redevelopment.

Pass-by capture rates were determined based on average rates provided in the ITE's *Trip Generation Handbook*, 3rd Edition. The pass-by rate for the retail land use is 34.0 percent (34.0%) and pass-by rate for the restaurant land use is 44.0 percent (44.0%) during the P.M. peak hour.

As Table 1 indicates, the proposed redevelopment is expected to result in an increase of 19 net new A.M. peak hour trips and a reduction of 48 net new P.M. peak hour trips. Detailed trip generation calculations are contained in Attachment B.

Table 1: Net New Trip Generation Summary						
Development Plan	A.M. Peak Hour Trip Generation			P.M. Peak Hour Trip Generation		
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Existing Development	26	28	54	125	78	203
Proposed Redevelopment	34	39	73	85	70	155
Net New Redevelopment	8	11	19	-40	-8	-48

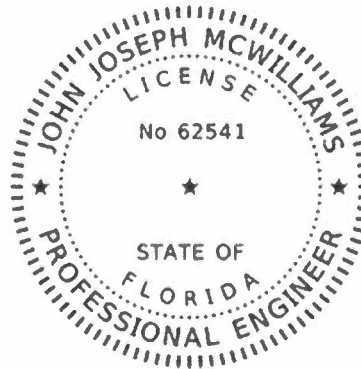
Based on the trip generation analysis, the proposed redevelopment is not expected to result in a significant impact to the external roadway network. If you have any questions regarding this analysis, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.



John J. McWilliams, P.E.
Attachments



This document has been digitally signed and sealed by John Joseph McWilliams, P.E. on the date adjacent to the seal.

John J
McWilliams

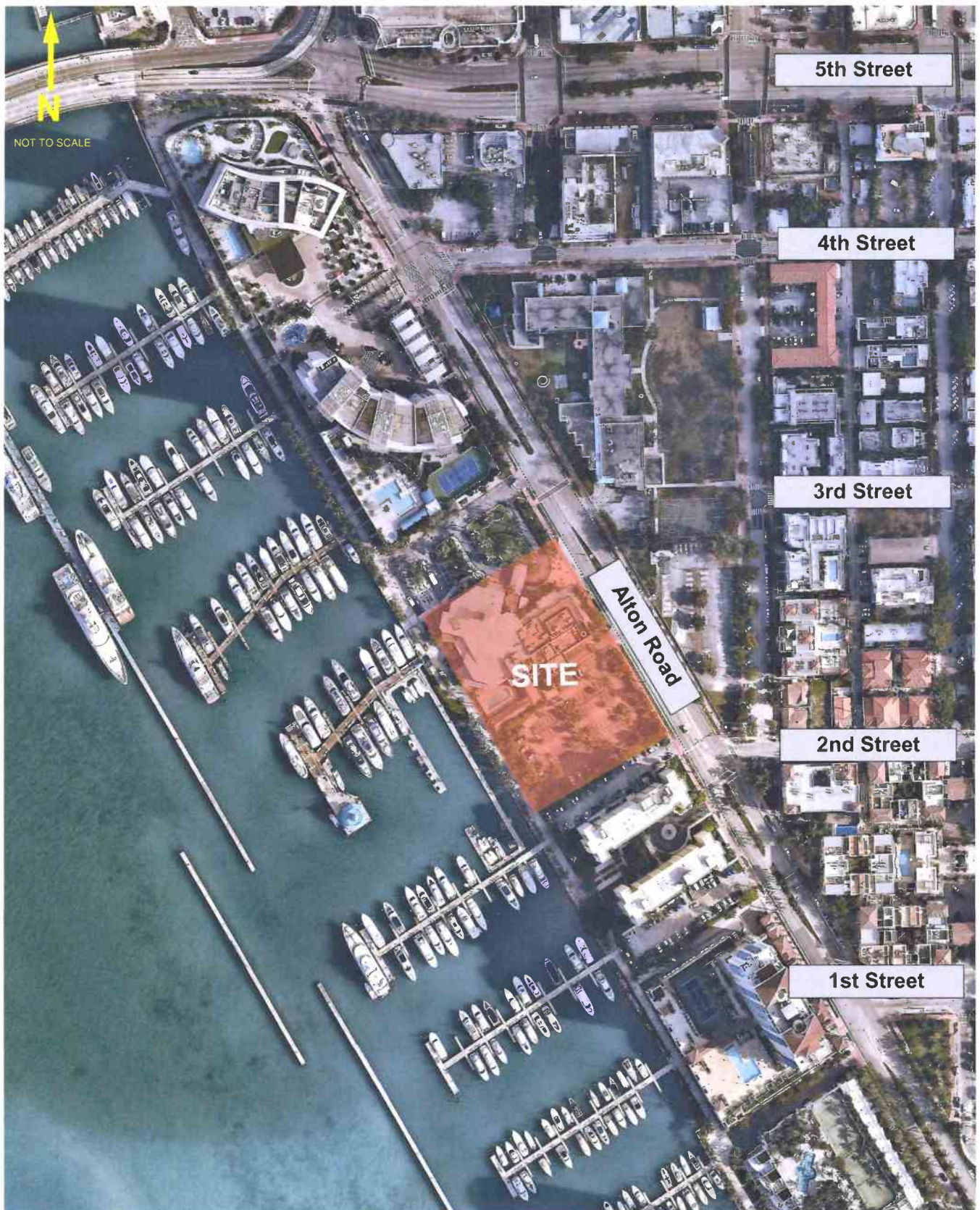
Digitally signed by
John J McWilliams
Date: 2020.04.28
16:33:00 -04'00'

Printed copies of this document are not considered signed and sealed and the signature must be verified on any electronic copies.

John J. McWilliams, P.E.
Florida Registration Number 62541
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.
600 North Pine Island Road, Suite 450
Plantation, Florida 33324
CA # 00000696

[https://kimleyhorn-my.sharepoint.com/personal/cory_dorman_kimley-horn_com/Documents/Project Folders/043923005-300 Alton Road/correspondence/Itr/04 24 2020 Trip Gen Letter.docx](https://kimleyhorn-my.sharepoint.com/personal/cory_dorman_kimley-horn_com/Documents/Project%20Folders/043923005-300%20Alton%20Road/correspondence/Itr/04%2024%202020%20Trip%20Gen%20Letter.docx)

Attachment A



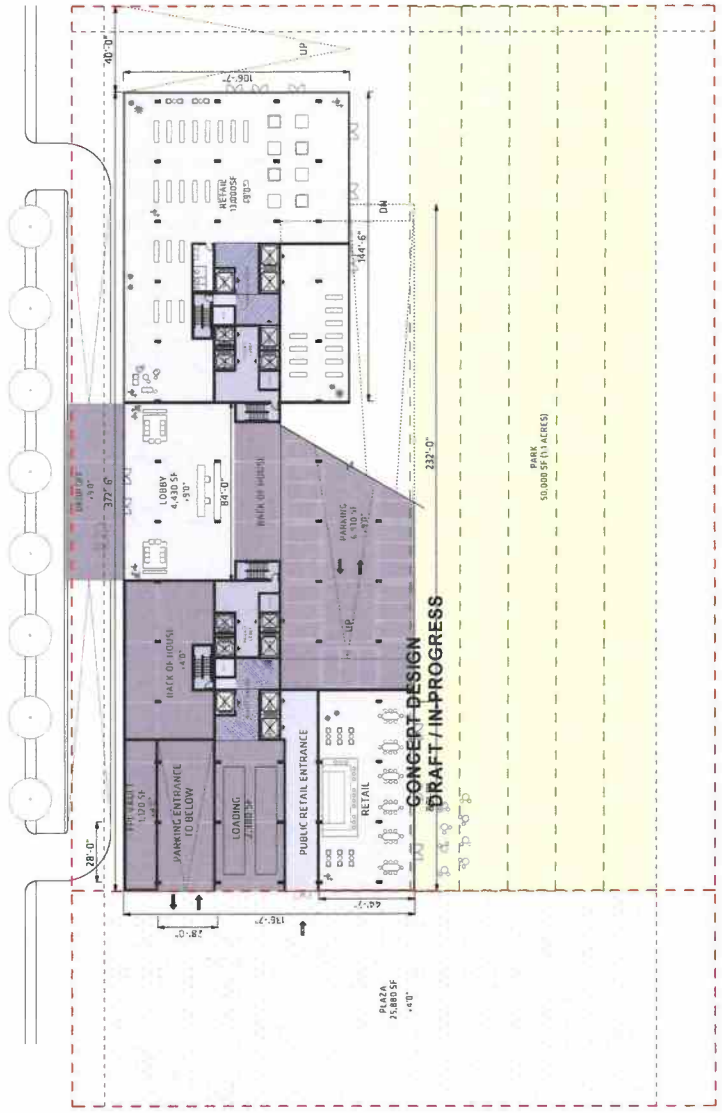


MARINA PARK SITE PLAN

CONCEPT DESIGN
DRAFT / IN PROGRESS

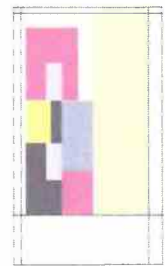
PROGRAM	ORIGINAL SF	TOTAL SF
OFFICE	8,100	8,100
RETAIL	8,100	8,100
MANAGEMENT	1,100	1,100
LOBBY	1,100	1,100
LOBBY	4,100	4,100

TOTAL	"AS-BUILT"	"AS-DESIGN"
TOTAL PROGRAM AREA	14,500 SF	14,500 SF



CONCEPT DESIGN
DRAFT / IN PROGRESS

GROUND FLOOR (+9'4")



Attachment B

AM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION COMPARISON

EXISTING WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION

	ITE TRIP GENERATION CHARACTERISTICS					DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION		GROSS VOLUMES			MULTIMODAL REDUCTION		EXTERNAL TRIPS			INTERNAL CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS			PASS-BY CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS							
	Land Use	ITE Edition	ITE Code	Scale	ITE Units	Percent		In	Out	Total	Percent	MR Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	IC Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	PB Trips	In	Out	Total					
						In	Out																							
G R O U P 1	1	Shopping Center	10	820	26,296	ksf	62%	38%	15	10	25	20.0%	5	12	8	20	10.0%	2	11	7	18	0.0%	0	11	7	18				
	2	Quality Restaurant	10	931	950	seat	50%	50%	10	9	19	20.0%	4	8	7	15	13.3%	2	7	6	13	0.0%	0	7	6	13				
	3	Marina	10	420	400	brth	33%	67%	9	19	28	20.0%	5	8	15	23	0.0%	0	8	15	23	0.0%	0	8	15	23				
	4																													
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	11																													
	12																													
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	14																													
	15																													
ITE Land Use Code							Rate or Equation		Total:		34	38	72	20.0%	14	28	30	58	6.9%	4	26	28	54	0.0%	0	26	28	54		
820							Y=0.94(X)																							
931							Y=0.02(X)																							
420							Y=0.07(X)																							

PROPOSED WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION

	ITE TRIP GENERATION CHARACTERISTICS					DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION		GROSS VOLUMES			MULTIMODAL REDUCTION		EXTERNAL TRIPS			INTERNAL CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS			PASS-BY CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS							
	Land Use	ITE Edition	ITE Code	Scale	ITE Units	Percent		In	Out	Total	Percent	MR Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	IC Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	PB Trips	In	Out	Total					
						In	Out																							
G R O U P 2	1	Shopping Center	10	820	20	ksf	62%	38%	12	7	19	20.0%	4	10	5	15	13.3%	2	9	4	13	0.0%	0	9	4	13				
	2	Quality Restaurant	10	931	250	seat	50%	50%	3	2	5	20.0%	1	2	2	4	50.0%	2	1	1	2	0.0%	0	1	1	2				
	3	General Office Building	10	710	15	ksf	86%	14%	15	2	17	20.0%	3	12	2	14	14.3%	2	11	1	12	0.0%	0	11	1	12				
	4	Marina	10	420	400	brth	33%	67%	9	19	28	20.0%	6	7	15	22	0.0%	0	7	15	22	0.0%	0	7	15	22				
	5	Multi-family Housing (High-Rise)	10	222	60	du	24%	76%	7	23	30	20.0%	6	6	18	24	0.0%	0	6	18	24	0.0%	0	6	18	24				
	6																													
	7																													
	8																													
	9																													
	10																													
	11																													
	12																													
	13																													
	14																													
	15																													
ITE Land Use Code							Rate or Equation		Total:		46	53	99	20.0%	20	37	42	79	7.6%	6	34	39	73	0.0%	0	34	39	73		
820							Y=0.94(X)																							
931							Y=0.02(X)																							
710							Y=1.16(X)																							
420							Y=0.07(X)																							
222							Y=0.28*(X)+12.86																							

NET NEW TRIPS	IN	OUT	TOTAL
	8	11	19

PM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION COMPARISON

EXISTING WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION

G R O U P 1	ITE TRIP GENERATION CHARACTERISTICS					DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION		GROSS VOLUMES			MULTIMODAL REDUCTION		EXTERNAL TRIPS			INTERNAL CAPTURE			NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS			PASS-BY CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS				
	Land Use	ITE Edition	ITE Code	Scale	ITE Units	Percent		In	Out	Total	Percent	MR Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	IC Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	PB Trips	In	Out	Total			
						In	Out																					
1	Shopping Center	10	820	26,296	ksf	48%	52%	97	105	202	20.0%	40	78	84	162	36.4%	59	46	57	103	34.0%	35	30	38	68			
2	Quality Restaurant	10	931	950	seat	67%	33%	178	88	266	20.0%	53	143	70	213	29.6%	63	115	35	150	44.0%	66	64	20	84			
3	Marina	10	420	400	brth	60%	40%	50	34	84	20.0%	17	40	27	67	23.9%	16	31	20	51	0.0%	0	31	20	51			
4																												
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10																												
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12																												
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14																												
15																												
ITE Land Use Code								Rate or Equation		Total:	325	227	552	20.0%	110	261	181	442	31.2%	138	182	112	304	33.2%	101	125	78	203
820								LN(Y) = 0.74*LN(X)+2.89																				
931								Y=0.28(X)																				
420								Y=0.21(X)																				

PROPOSED WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR TRIP GENERATION

G R O U P 2	ITE TRIP GENERATION CHARACTERISTICS					DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION		GROSS VOLUMES			MULTIMODAL REDUCTION		EXTERNAL TRIPS			INTERNAL CAPTURE			NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS			PASS-BY CAPTURE		NET NEW EXTERNAL TRIPS				
	Land Use	ITE Edition	ITE Code	Scale	ITE Units	Percent		In	Out	Total	Percent	MR Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	IC Trips	In	Out	Total	Percent	PB Trips	In	Out	Total			
						In	Out																					
1	Shopping Center	10	820	20	ksf	48%	52%	79	86	165	20.0%	33	63	69	132	28.8%	38	46	48	94	34.0%	32	30	32	62			
2	Quality Restaurant	10	931	250	seat	67%	33%	47	23	70	20.0%	14	38	18	56	46.4%	26	23	7	30	44.0%	13	13	4	17			
3	General Office Building	10	710	15	ksf	16%	84%	3	16	19	20.0%	4	2	13	15	40.0%	6	0	9	9	0.0%	0	0	9	9			
4	Marina	10	420	400	brth	60%	40%	50	34	84	20.0%	16	41	27	68	13.2%	9	37	22	59	0.0%	0	37	22	59			
5	Multifamily Housing (High-Rise)	10	222	60	du	61%	39%	18	11	29	20.0%	6	14	9	23	65.2%	15	5	3	8	0.0%	0	5	3	8			
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12																												
13																												
14																												
15																												
ITE Land Use Code								Rate or Equation		Total:	197	170	367	20.0%	73	158	136	294	32.0%	94	111	89	200	22.5%	45	85	70	155
820								LN(Y) = 0.74*LN(X)+2.89																				
931								Y=0.28(X)																				
710								LN(Y) = 0.95*LN(X)+0.36																				
420								Y=0.21(X)																				
222								Y=0.34*(X)+8.56																				

	IN	OUT	TOTAL
NET NEW TRIPS	-40	-8	-48

Internal Capture Reduction Calculations

Methodology for A.M. Peak Hour and P.M. Peak Hour
based on the *Trip Generation Handbook*, 3rd Edition, published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers

Methodology for Daily
based on the average of the Unconstrained Rates for the A.M. Peak Hour and P.M. Peak Hour

SUMMARY (EXISTING)

GROSS TRIP GENERATION					
INPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	0	0	0	0
	Retail	12	8	78	84
	Restaurant	8	7	143	70
	Cinema/Entertainment	8	15	40	27
	Residential	0	0	0	0
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		28	30	261	181
INTERNAL TRIPS					
OUTPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	0	0	0	0
	Retail	1	1	32	27
	Restaurant	1	1	28	35
	Cinema/Entertainment	0	0	9	7
	Residential	0	0	0	0
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		2	2	69	69
OUTPUT	Total % Reduction	6.9%		31.2%	
	Office				
	Retail	10.0%		36.4%	
	Restaurant	13.3%		29.6%	
	Cinema/Entertainment	0.0%		23.9%	
	Residential				
	Hotel				
EXTERNAL TRIPS					
OUTPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	0	0	0	0
	Retail	11	7	46	57
	Restaurant	7	6	115	35
	Cinema/Entertainment	8	15	31	20
	Residential	0	0	0	0
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		26	28	192	112

Internal Capture Reduction Calculations

Methodology for A.M. Peak Hour and P.M. Peak Hour
based on the *Trip Generation Handbook*, 3rd Edition, published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers

Methodology for Daily
based on the average of the Unconstrained Rates for the A.M. Peak Hour and P.M. Peak Hour

SUMMARY (PROPOSED)

GROSS TRIP GENERATION					
INPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	12	2	2	13
	Retail	10	5	63	69
	Restaurant	2	2	38	18
	Cinema/Entertainment	7	15	41	27
	Residential	6	18	14	9
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		37	42	158	136
INTERNAL TRIPS					
OUTPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	1	1	2	4
	Retail	1	1	17	21
	Restaurant	1	1	15	11
	Cinema/Entertainment	0	0	4	5
	Residential	0	0	9	6
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		3	3	47	47
OUTPUT	Total % Reduction	7.6%		32.0%	
	Office	14.3%		40.0%	
	Retail	13.3%		28.8%	
	Restaurant	50.0%		46.4%	
	Cinema/Entertainment	0.0%		13.2%	
	Residential	0.0%		65.2%	
Hotel					
EXTERNAL TRIPS					
OUTPUT	Land Use	A.M. Peak Hour		P.M. Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
	Office	11	1	0	9
	Retail	9	4	46	48
	Restaurant	1	1	23	7
	Cinema/Entertainment	7	15	37	22
	Residential	6	18	5	3
	Hotel	0	0	0	0
		34	39	111	89



Note: This is a modified view of the original table produced by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Note: This download or printed version may have missing information from the original table.

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

Survey/Program:

American Community Survey

Universe:

Workers 16 years and over

Year:

2018

Estimates:

5-Year

Table ID:

B08301

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

$$(244+19+153)/(1,905) = 21.8\%$$

Census Tract 45, Miami-Dade C

Estimate

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drove alone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carpooled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In 2-person carpool In 3-person carpool In 4-person carpool In 5- or 6-person carpool In 7-or-more-person carpool Public transportation (excluding taxicab): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bus or trolley bus Streetcar or trolley car (carro publico in Puerto Rico) Subway or elevated Railroad Ferryboat Taxicab Motorcycle Bicycle Walked Other means Worked at home 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1,905 1,070 973 97 97 0 0 0 0 244 176 0 33 35 0 0 0 19 153 31 388
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